

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

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The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is issued every Saturday morning by the publishers of Hunt's Merchants' Magazine, with the latest news by mail and telegraph up to midnight of Friday. A DAILY BULLETIN is issued every morning with all the Commercial and Financial news of the previous day up to the hour of publication.

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THE CHRONICLE.

In closing our second volume, we cannot refrain from offering our best thanks to the numerous friends who, in various ways, have contributed to our realizing in the CHRONICLE a measure of success far more extensive, as well as more rapid, than a year ago we could have ventured to expect. Although there is scarcely a city in the United States, or scarcely a country connected therewith in either hemisphere which is not represented in our subscription list, yet that list is every day receiving large additions; a very gratifying indication of the position this journal has already attained, and the favor with which it is every where received.

The objects at which we aim are two. First, we wish to give weekly to our readers a classified, accurate, trustworthy report of all the movements in commercial and financial affairs

which are worthy of being remembered, and preserved in a permanent form for reference hereafter. This record we strive to make more valuable to the man of business; more complete, more minute, and more extensive in its details than has ever been attempted before by any journal in this country. Secondly, our business is to examine the newest leading facts of our financial history and legislation, in the light of the approved principles of political economy and practical monetary science. Every department of this journal is placed in the care of experienced and well informed men, and we have only to say that nothing shall be left undone to render the CHRONICLE still more useful, and more worthy of the appreciative reception it has already received.

THE PENDING TREASURY NEGOTIATIONS.

Mr. McCulloch's announcement, which we publish elsewhere, that after 15th July, all the outstanding Certificates of Indebtedness will cease to bear interest, may probably cause nearly the whole of the 30 millions of these securities now outstanding to be presented at the Treasury for payment. Several advantages are anticipated from this movement. In the first place these certificates bear six per cent interest, which, in the present condition of the money market, is regarded as a very high rate for loans having only sixty or ninety days longer to run. Secondly, the paying off of these 30 millions of indebtedness will draw out of the Treasury a large amount of currency which is lying idle there, and will convert this unproductive balance into a useful means of economy. Again, not to mention others, it is evidently an advantage if but one of the numerous and perplexing multitude of securities could be expunged from the unnecessarily complicated list of our Government debt. The argument has been very properly urged, that the call loans have, for several reasons, a prior claim to be paid off; but on examining the monthly reports of the National Debt, it will be seen that the certificates, for the most part, fall due in the next two months, during which time they must be met; while the temporary deposits will probably not be disturbed if money remains easy during the time. Mr. McCulloch has only anticipated, by a very brief interval of time, payments in cash which he can with greater convenience to the public service provide for now. As a Treasury negotiation, therefore, this anticipatory calling in of the Certificates is not, perhaps, under all the circumstances, an injudicious movement. Still, we are not prepared to accord to it an unqualified or unhesitating approval. It is very well known that these one-year securities are in great favor with our capitalists, and that over

100 millions could be permanently kept afloat, the place of the maturing paper being supplied by new issues. The difficulty with the certificates has always been that the law does not allow their emission, except to pay audited claims of creditors of the Treasury. To meet the objection it has been proposed to call in all the outstanding certificates, and to issue one year interest-bearing Treasury bonds, whenever, and to whatever amount might be required. Of course such an issue in the existing state of the Treasury, can be for a while dispensed with, as Mr. McCulloch has a large surplus on hand. Should the necessity arise, however, in consequence of the future paying off of the call loans, or from any other emergency, the Secretary has a reserve to fall back upon in such one year currency bonds, which may prevent embarrassment and would facilitate the operations connected with the funding of the short-date Treasury obligations into five per cent long gold-bearing bonds. From what has been said, it will be seen that, viewed simply as a Treasury negotiation, we do not so much object to the withdrawing of these Certificates if the movement is only a preliminary step to the paying off of the temporary deposits, and if it does not interfere with the funding operations, which have been too long in abeyance.

How the money market may respond to the heavy disbursements during the coming few weeks from the Treasury it is not difficult to foresee. At this tranquil season of the commercial year much less currency will suffice to transact the business of the country than will be wanted three or four months hence. The superabundant supply of currency now afloat in the channels of the circulation stimulates the movements of capital, lowers the rate of interest and is giving at present a very great degree of ease to the money market. What further effects the pouring out of thirty millions more of greenbacks may produce we will not undertake to predict. But that the rate of interest will be down to three per cent. is confidently anticipated by shrewd observers. And this seems less improbable when we remember that besides the 9½ millions of gold interest to be paid out of the Treasury on the 1st July, the currency interest on 220 millions of the second series of Seven-thirties will fall due on the 15th, while a month later a still larger sum will be due on the 300 millions of the Seven-thirties of the first series. The inevitable ease hence resulting in the money market will be increased by the heavy disbursements of the banking, railroad, and other corporations on account of their July interest, and we can scarcely doubt that an impulse will be given to speculation, the effects of which may be seen by the upward tendency in the prices of government securities, of merchandise, and probably of gold and stocks.

It is reported—on what authority we do not claim to know—that Mr. McCulloch intends to take advantage of this anticipated ease in the money market to put down the rate of interest on the temporary deposits from five per cent. to four, and on the Clearing House Certificates from four per cent to three. Should this be done, it will lead to the gradual withdrawal of these deposits from the Treasury as soon as with the return of commercial activity in the fall, the rate of interest in the open market rises once again to its normal level. Another report is that as soon as the Ten-forty bonds rise in the market to par—which point, under the influences we have adverted to, they are expected to reach in a short time—a further emission will be made of the twenty-six millions of these securities which are authorized by law but are as yet unissued.

NAPOLEON ON THE EUROPEAN SITUATION.

The extraordinary letter addressed by Napoleon III. to his Minister of Foreign Affairs, and read by M. Rouher in the

Corps Legislatif, not only secured for its author and his administration a most decisive parliamentary triumph, but may fairly be regarded as an "event" of the first importance in the drama that is now going on across the Atlantic. "In the war which is on the point of breaking out," says the Emperor, "we have but two interests—the maintenance of the balance of power in Europe, and the maintenance of the work to which we contributed in Italy." It would be difficult to express, in a manner either more courteous or more clear, the deliberate determination of France to prevent both Prussia and Austria from carrying out to the last extremity the aims, and from fully gratifying the passions with which these two Powers are now grappling for a death struggle in Europe.

The English journals see in the Emperor's letter only a new evidence of the grasping ambition of France and the Bonapartes, and read between its lines a subtle design upon the Rhenish provinces of Prussia and Bavaria, if not also upon the Italian island of Sardinia. But this, it strikes us, is at once unjust and absurd. One happy result of the late civil war in this country has been to shake the respect of the American people for English opinions on all subjects, and particularly for English opinion in regard to the purposes and policy of foreign powers; and Americans can afford, as Englishmen perhaps cannot, to render the tribute of their unqualified admiration to the combined sagacity and decision with which the ruler of France has, on the present occasion, asserted the traditional position of his country without compromising directly its actual relations of the moment with any of the powers now coming into armed collision with each other.

If Prussia, victorious in the impending war, should assume to drive Austria wholly out of her place as a great German power, while Italy, recovering Venetia, should cut down the aspirations of Austria after naval strength and influence in the Levant, it is clear that the "balance of power" in Europe would be very seriously disturbed; and that France, which could well afford to acquiesce in the weakening of her North-eastern frontiers, so long as Germany remained the helpless and meek Confederation which it became by virtue of the treaties of 1815, would have excellent grounds for insisting upon fresh guarantees of her safety against the possible adventures and enterprises of a Prussian monarchy extending from Silesia to Switzerland, as strong on the Baltic as on the Rhine, and comprising beneath its sway a population swollen from twenty up to thirty millions of souls. On the other hand, if the Prussians should be driven out of Silesia by the Kaiser, and the legions of Italy should be beaten back in disarray from the Quadrilateral, it would be impossible for France to permit the triumphant Austrians to undo in the Peninsula all, or any part of the work, that was achieved by the combined army of Napoleon and of Victor Emmanuel in 1859, and equally impossible for France to suffer Austria to increase her weight as a European power, by bringing southern Germany as completely under her influence and her sway as Hungary and Transylvania now are. Without committing himself prematurely, in the least, upon either side of the quarrel, Napoleon has now succeeded by a letter which is composed with equal frankness and astuteness, in making both parties understand that the interests of Europe and of Italy are under his protection in the last resort, and that these interests will not be suffered to take detriment from the results of their tremendous duel in Germany. If either one of these Powers cherishes now, or if in the progress of the war, either of them shall come to conceive projects inconsistent with these interests of Europe and of Italy, against that Power France will undoubtedly draw the sword. More than this, it was not necessary to say; and this, and no more,

Napoleon has said, with a dexterity of phrase and a decision of tone which make this letter one of the most remarkable state-papers ever given to the world by a sovereign. And when we consider how vast has been the development of the strength of France during the reign of the Emperor; and how widely the relations of France with Europe, both financial and commercial, have been extended during the same time, it is a matter of serious satisfaction that the master of the most powerful military monarchy in the world should be at the same time the most skilful of diplomatists and the most wary and patient of statesmen. It has been very wisely remarked by the most penetrating historical critic of France that "the excessive self-love of Napoleon I was perhaps the most effective of the thousand different reasons which brought on his downfall." In his impatience of all interference with his own will, and of all delay in the accomplishment of his designs, the first Napoleon not only alienated from himself the ablest Frenchmen of his time, but dashed his tremendous power to pieces in hasty and unreasonable shocks against obviously insurmountable facts. The third Napoleon, trained by adversity through forty years in a more profitable school than his predecessor, and endowed with a happier temperament, will stand in history as the most splendid example which modern times have afforded of the wisdom of the old French proverb, "everything is luck to the man who knows how to wait."

CANADIAN CONFEDERATION AND AMERICAN COMMERCE.

The Fenians have not succeeded in liberating Ireland, but they have given a decided impulse to the project of Canadian Confederation. No one of the British North American Provinces can feel itself to be entirely free from the perils of a revival of the Fenian snake, which the Minister of Finances at Ottawa has just declared to the Canadian Parliament that he regards as not "killed, but only scotched." New Brunswick, indeed, was the point at which the Fenians first struck; and in the by no means impossible event of a maritime "fillibustering" demonstration against British America at some future time, Nova Scotia would be in greater danger than the Canadas, as being further from the reach and supervision of the Government of the United States.

To the Canadas alone, the expenses made necessary by the Fenian alarm are now reported by the same Finance Minister as amounting to "one million and a-half of dollars." Before the Fenians shook the peace of the Provinces, the modest sum of "fifty thousand dollars" sufficed to supply all their military wants. If outlays at all proportionate to the larger of these sums are now or hereafter to be incurred by the rest of the British Colonies, either each in its turn, or simultaneously, it would appear to be obviously economical for them to combine their resources, and organize a common system of defence for the whole British-American frontier.

The Fenian influence thus unwittingly exerted in behalf of Canadian Confederation, has been reinforced by the fiscal legislation of our own Congress. In consequence of the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty between the United States and the British Provinces, the latter now find themselves called upon to revise their separate revenue systems. The Finance Minister of the Canadas, taking this subject up, recommends to the Canadian Parliament a general reduction of the duties on all manufactured goods coming from Europe, accompanied by certain customs discriminations against all products of the United States; as, for example, "a duty of ten cents a bushel on Indian corn and coarse grains coming from the United States," and a duty of "fifty cents a barrel on United States flour." He recommends, also, a reduction to the English standard of the duties on those articles of which the con-

sumption is enormous on both sides of the line, namely, coffee and sugar.

The general drift of these recommendations points plainly towards a policy upon which we may expect, at no distant day, to see the whole of the British Provinces agree, and the probable effects of which upon our own commerce and prosperity seem not at all to have been considered by the majority in Congress, who suffered their passionate indignation against what was styled the "neutral hostility" of England and her provinces, to carry them away into a crusade against the very notion of reciprocity with Canada.

Whenever the Canadians and their fellow-colonists shall get their confederation into working order, and equalize and harmonize their tariff regulations, we may fully expect to see the principles of the recent fiscal legislation of Great Britain dominant in the British American councils. One direct consequence of this, quite independently of the enormous and really unpreventible smuggling-system to which it will give birth along a frontier line of thousands of miles in length, will be to make it advantageous for our internal trade to draw its importations, even when they pass legitimately through the custom houses, from Canada and British America, rather than from Europe and South America, by way of our own Atlantic ports. The traders of the interior of New England, New York, and the Great West, were it only for the saving of the interest account on their transactions, will find it desirable to make their purchases in the marts of Canada and her adjacent provinces, and, unless some steps are taken to bring about a fair and friendly understanding on commercial questions and general intercourse, between these provinces and the States, we shall pretty certainly find, in the end, that the repeal of the Reciprocity Treaty, aimed by way of chastisement at the Canadians, has proved a severe blow to our own prosperity. Few persons, we fear, even among those whose official duties, or whose official responsibilities, at least, should make it incumbent upon them to inform themselves thoroughly of the resources and progress of these Northern neighbors of ours, have anything like an adequate appreciation of the value of a commerce of which, in the provinces of the two Canadas alone, the increase, last year, was more than eighteen millions of dollars. If we separate our trade with these British North American provinces from the general mass of our intercourse with the British Empire, we shall find that our British American commerce is immediately next in importance to our commerce with the Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland. Under a Canadian Confederation, from which we should be shut out by the Chinese wall of an exorbitant tariff, the fertilizing advantages of this vast commerce would, in all probability, be definitely turned away from our own population; while, with free trade in the British Confederation, and prohibition on our own side of the line, we may be sure that we should inevitably find our commerce, great and powerful as it now is, in very serious danger of becoming tributary to, and dependent upon, our neighbor "over the border."

AMERICAN STEAMSHIP ENTERPRISE.

It is one of the most gratifying evidences of recuperation from the effects of the war, that already extensive arrangements are being made for recovering our lost status in the maritime steam carrying trade. At the conclusion of the war we had not one American steamship carrying our flag to European ports. This week, a bill was introduced in Congress to establish three ocean post routes between the United States and Europe, the first connecting Boston and Liverpool, the second New York and Havre, via Southampton, and the third New York and Antwerp, via Cowes. It is proposed to support the new lines by subsidies, at the rate of two dollars per mile, which, for the year, would require an

annual appropriation for the three routes aggregating \$682,880.

This direct aid from the Government will materially promote the success of the new enterprises; but it must by no means be counted upon as their chief reliance. Subsidies can never compensate for the lack of efficient management. It is the business qualities of the officers of steamship companies, the economy and the general efficiency of management, which afford the surest guarantee of success. The failure of our former European lines, in competition with those of Liverpool Companies, is notoriously due to a lax attention to the thousand details comprised in the equipping, manning, provisioning, coaling, and running of a large steamer. The habits of social extravagance peculiar to our people, are too easily transplanted to steamship management. The impatience of discipline engendered by our free institutions is unfavorable to that strictness of control which is necessary to the good order, comfort, and safety of steam vessels. But, above all, perhaps, we have suffered from the lack of well trained officers and clerks. Not unfrequently have appointments been made more with a view to favoring a friend, than to securing for the company the best possible service. The idea that "Americans can turn their hand to anything," has too often been accepted as a justification for the appointment of men to positions for which they had no qualification, either naturally or from experience. Is it surprising that vessels thus officered, should find it difficult to compete with European rivals, who treat discipline and thoroughness of training as the first requisites of good management?

It is a remarkable fact that the Cunard Company, with its numerous vessels, running so many years, has never yet known an accident in connection with its vessels. There is no chance about this immunity; it is the pure result of thorough management. The single rule of management, that all appointments shall be made by promotion, may be regarded as the main source of the unrivalled reputation of this company. The certainty of promotion acts as the most effective of all stimulants to faithfulness upon every servant; a community of interest between the company and its employees is established; and as efficiency is the passport to position, every position has an efficient occupant, and every man is ambitious to become efficient. The company also has the sagacity to show its servants that it has a due regard for their comfort and enjoyment. On the return of a steamer to her port, the hands are immediately allowed twenty-four hours leave of absence, a fresh set of hands taking their place. This generous recognition of the warmest feelings of the seaman's heart is duly appreciated by the men and compensated by a more contented and hearty service. Trivial as these matters may appear in themselves, yet they really constitute the basis of that efficiency in all the details of steamship management which secures an almost absolute immunity from the dangers of storm, coast and collision, which promotes despatch, lessens the risk of voyaging and transportation, and secures to passengers the greatest possible comfort.

These features of management afford a hint to those of our own capitalists who emulate rivalling the great companies which now monopolise steamship enterprise on the Atlantic. It is less "cuteness" than thoroughness, in every department of management, that is needed to place us upon a level with European competitors for the carrying trade of the ocean.

THE DEBT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

The aggregate indebtedness of the State of New York now exceeds fifty-three million dollars. This is subdivided on the books of the Comptroller at Albany as follows:

Canal debt (October 1, 1865).....	\$19,434,580.49
General Fund debt (October 1, 1865).....	6,060,364.37
Bounty debt (June 30, 1866)c.....	27,644,000.00
Total State debt.....	\$53,119,543.96

The alarming depreciation in the bonds of this State in 1841 was followed by a political revolution and the suspension of the public works. The indebtedness then amounted to thirty-seven million dollars. Several years were employed in trying expedients to maintain the public credit; after which it was determined to submit the matter to the people. A Constitutional Convention was accordingly held in 1846. It was thoroughly indoctrinated with the Democratic spirit and made numerous innovations upon the fundamental law, which have not been approved by subsequent experience. It, however, took hold courageously of the financial problem with a view to the extrication of the State from its embarrassments.

The seventh article of the Constitution which was then formed, contains the result of their labors. The first section established the "Canal Debt Sinking Fund," to be constituted of the sum of \$1,300,000 taken annually from the revenues of the canals till 1855, and \$1,700,000 annually after that period, "to pay the interest and redeem the principal of that part of the State debt called the Canal Debt until the same shall be wholly paid."

A second provision of this article authorised what is called the "General Fund Debt Sinking Fund," consisting of the sum of \$350,000, to be annually appropriated and set apart from the revenues of the canals "to pay the interest and redeem the principal of that part of the State debt called the General Fund Debt, including the debt for loans of the State credit to railroad companies which have failed to pay the interest thereon, and also the contingent debt on State stocks loaned to incorporated companies which have hitherto paid the interest thereon whenever and as far as any part thereof may become a charge on the Treasury or the General Fund until the same shall be wholly paid." In case, however, that the amount taken first to be added to the Canal Debt Sinking Fund shall absorb too large a part of the canal revenues to enable this payment, then the sum so defined shall be paid with quarterly interest to the General Fund Debt Sinking Fund as soon as it can be done consistently with the just rights of the creditors holding the canal debt. It is further provided, unnecessarily as experience bids fair to show, that when the canal indebtedness shall have been liquidated, the amount to be paid annually into this Sinking Fund shall be increased to \$1,500,000.

It was further provided that the sum of \$200,000 should be paid out of the surplus canal revenues into the General Fund for the purpose of defraying the current expenses of the State Government; and that whatever amount might remain over should be applied by the Legislature to the completion of the Erie Canal Enlargement, and the completion of the Black River and Genesee Valley Canals. After 1854, the sum of \$350,000 was authorized to be thus paid into the general fund. These provisions amounted practically to an entire suspension of the public works for an indefinite period. The attempt was made in 1851 to correct this difficulty; and, after a remarkable contest in the Senate, a bill was passed appropriating \$9,000,000 for the completion of the canals, under provisions which were subsequently declared by the Court of Appeals to be unconstitutional. The result was a controversy, to reconcile which the Constitution was so amended, in 1854, as to authorize the creation of a new debt for the enlargement and completion of the canals, and of a sinking fund to be constituted of a sum set apart annually, "sufficient to pay the interest as it falls due, and extinguish the principal in eighteen years." It was further provided that "the rates of toll on persons and property

The monthly range of prices of the stocks of the St. Louis, Alton and

Terre Haute Railroad Company at the New York Stock Exchange for the last three years have been as follows:

	Common Stock			Preferred Stock		
	1863.	1864.	1865.	1863.	1864.	1865.
Jan...	30 @42	57 @64	40 @43	50 @71½	68½ @77	65½ @70
Feb...	31½ @37	63 @73½	.. @..	63½ @72	71 @92	60 @70
March...	29 @35	70½ @90	25 @35	65 @69½	57½ @101½	55 @70
April...	31 @42½	65 @58½	25 @46	57½ @71½	82½ @103	60 @73
May...	42½ @59	58 @67	35½ @38	72 @90	72½ @82	.. @..
June...	41½ @51½	61 @69	30 @35	66½ @84	76 @82	94 @94
July...	41 @68½	58 @65	30 @36	69½ @85	71 @79½	60 @60
Aug...	55 @67½	59 @65	33 @36	82½ @88	77 @78	60 @63
Sept...	55 @64½	51 @57½	36 @38½	75 @86	65 @92	63 @67½
Oct...	59 @66	47 @57	35 @38½	82 @90	60 @74	65 @71½
Nov...	55 @65	51 @57	38½ @33	75 @82½	71 @76½	71 @82
Dec...	43 @65	46 @55	42 @44½	70 @75	70 @75	70 @71
Year...29	@68½	46 @90	25 @53	50 @90	60 @101½	55 @94

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News.

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON, AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON—JUNE 15.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam...	short.	11.14 @11.15	June 15.	2 mo's.	11.70 @11.72
Antwerp...	3 months.	25.50 @25.55	do	3 days.	25.14½
Hamburg...	—	13.8½ @13.8½	do	do	13.4
Paris...	short.	25.10 @25.12½	do	do	25.18
Paris...	3 months.	25.42½ @25.53	do	3 mo's.	24.78½
Vienna...	—	14.30 @14.60	—	—	—
Berlin...	—	6.37 @6.39	—	—	—
St. Petersburg	—	24½ @—	June 15.	3 mo's.	26½ @26½
Cadiz...	—	47 @—	—	—	—
Lisbon...	—	51½ @—	June 14.	30 days.	53½ @53½
Milan...	—	30.50 @31.0	—	—	—
Genoa...	—	30.50 @32.0	—	—	—
Naples...	—	39.50 @32.0	—	—	—
New York...	—	4s. 2d. @—	June 7.	60 days.	157
Jamaica...	—	—	May 24.	do	2½ p. c. prem.
Havana...	—	—	May 30.	90 days.	27 @27½
Rio de Janeiro	—	—	May 24.	60 days.	24½ @24½
Buenos Ayres...	—	—	May 24.	do	51½ @51½
Valparaiso...	—	—	May 15.	do	47½ @—
Pernambuco...	—	—	June 1.	do	27 @—
Singapore...	—	—	May 17.	6 mo's.	4s. 7½ d. @4s. 8½ d.
Hong Kong...	—	—	April 29.	do	4s. 7½ d. @—
Ceylon...	—	—	May 15.	do	@5 p. c. dis.
Bombay...	60 day's	1s 10½ d. @1s 11	June 1.	do	2s 1d.
Madras...	do	1s 10½ d. @1s 10½	—	do	—
Calcutta...	do	1s 10½ d. @1s 10½	May 31.	do	2s 1d.
Sydney...	—	—	April 25.	30 days.	1 @1½ p. c. prem.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, June 16, 1866.

To the disappointment of the many parties interested, the Directors of the Bank of England at their weekly meeting held on Thursday, declared their intention of adhering, for a short time longer, to the present stringent rates of discount. The *minimum* quotation, therefore, remains at 10 per cent. The announcement was made at an early hour, so that it may be presumed the discussion was by no means a protracted one, and that the calculation upon which they based the policy of adhering to a ten per cent rate, was the lowness of the reserve of notes and coin in the banking department of the establishment. Two other circumstances may have contributed to impress upon the authorities the necessity of refraining from making a change, viz, the imminence of a Continental war, and the still prevailing distrust in financial circles. Respecting the former, affairs have now assumed a most serious aspect, inasmuch as Prussia has withdrawn from the German Confederation and invaded Saxony and Hanover, a vote having been passed in the German Diet agreeing to the Austrian proposal for the mobilization of the federal army. To-morrow, a sitting of the Diet is to be held, to discuss what measures are considered necessary to bring Prussia back to the Confederation. With regard to the latter, there is still a considerable amount of anxiety; but, on the whole, confidence is steadily, though slowly returning, and in the Stock Exchange the value of most classes of securities has somewhat improved. The "bears" have continued their scandalous transactions, and even during the present week, many of the shareholders of a certain bank have had circulars forwarded to them advising them to sell at once. So far as bank shares are concerned, there is no pressure upon the market, and although endeavors have been made to depress their value, an almost general advance has been established in them during the present week. Speculators for a fall have, therefore, been unsuccessful, and in one notable instance have suffered a considerable pecuniary loss. The case referred to is that of the London and County Joint-Stock Bank, unlimited, an institution which has been in operation for many years; which has transacted a very large business; and has for several years paid a handsome dividend. It has numerous branches throughout the Kingdom, more, perhaps, than any other establishment, and it was probably from this circumstance that it was selected for "bear" operations, the object being to create such distrust throughout the Provinces with regard to its solvency, that a run would be made upon the branches, so as to compel the country managers to appeal to the central establishment for assistance, with the hope that such a movement would, in its turn, compel the head office

to close its doors. The same mode of operation has been employed here as in the case of the Agra and Masterman Bank. The result has not only proved a complete failure, but the London and County has materially strengthened its position by the attack, and an important advance has taken place in the value of its shares. Speculators have also been compelled to pay high prices for the loan of shares, viz., £3, £4, £5, and even £7, £8, and £9 per share, to enable them to carry over their transactions till the next fortnightly settlement. Yet, it must be admitted, that although several institutions are still in an unsound, whilst others are in an unsatisfactory, state, there is a steady return of confidence in most quarters, arising chiefly from the facts that the position of the Bank is much more favorable, and that the failures at present probable have either been discounted by the public, or are not likely to be of sufficient magnitude to create any apprehensions of a return of the panic.

The refusal of the directors of the bank to lower their terms of discount has created considerable discussion in monetary and commercial circles. Evidently, their principal reason for declining to make a change is the circumstance that the circulation of notes is very large, and has increased to the extent of £557,000 since the last return was made up. This increase in the circulation has had its natural effect on the reserve of notes; and, although the increase in the supply of bullion is very large, viz: £1,202,934, the reserve of notes and coin in the banking department shows an augmentation of only £689,509. The increase in the note circulation has been caused by the still extensive demand on account of the country banks, and as, in such times as these, the public show a great preference for Bank of England notes and take them rather than the notes of the country banks, hence the country banks and bankers throughout the provinces are compelled to fortify themselves against such a contingency, as they are necessarily under the obligation of paying their customers, etc., in coin or Bank of England notes, should the customer or the presenter of a cheque so desire to be paid. But the question has been mooted whether the Bank of England would not have been more operative in giving confidence to the public at large by reducing their terms of discount to nine per cent, and by thus showing that the financial position has actually improved than in continuing their present stringent rates. So far as the Continent—France chiefly—is concerned, the effect would certainly be beneficial. The rapid advance in the value of money here during the week ending May 12, and the announcement on that date that the Government had forwarded a Treasury letter to the bank, authorizing them, if necessary, to ask permission of the Legislature to infringe the Bank Charter Act, although at the time productive of a favorable impression here, were eventually the cause of considerable alarm and of great distrust on the Continent. Holders of notes abroad became anxious, and, fearing even an unlimited issue of unrepresented paper here, forwarded their notes to London for payment in coin. Arising, in an important degree, from this circumstance, the supply of bullion in the bank rapidly diminished, and large shipments of specie were made to the Continent. And it is partly to this fact also that the rapid increase in the supply of bullion in the Bank of France is to be attributed. A return to easier money would probably be as effective in raising the value of the English note in the eyes of the foreigner as the rapid advance in the rates of discount and the Treasury letter were in lowering his confidence in the ability of the Bank of England to pay. A full return of confidence would have the effect of causing considerable sums of money waiting for employment in France to be forwarded to this country for investment, and by that means increase the available supply of capital. But the probabilities are that, when confidence is quite restored, the decline in the value of money will be rapid, and it is even probable that the *minimum* rate of discount will descend below five per cent. A ten per cent rate, it must be borne in mind, has been now in existence for a period of six weeks, and such a high quotation for accommodation cannot but have the effect of causing the mercantile body to restrict their purchases and their operations in every possible quarter. The principal drawback to the assertion that a heavy decline is likely to take place in the rate of discount is the approaching European war; and, should such an event take place, it is probable that some of the contending powers may require pecuniary aid in order to meet their enormous outlays. The subjoined statement is a comparison of the present position of the Bank of England with that, a fortnight since, when the reserve was at its lowest point. The bank had then passed through its most trying time, and had only just evaded infringing the Bank Charter Act:

LIABILITIES.				
	Wk ending May 30.	Wk ending June 13.	Increase.	Decrease.
Circulation.....	£36,562,525	£36,578,446	£15,921	.....
Public deposits.....	6,138,512	7,136,969	998,457	.....
Private deposits.....	20,467,080	20,127,347	.....	339,733
Total.....	53,218,117	53,832,762	968,378	339,733

ASSETS.			
Securities.....	44,759,101	42,368,731	2,390,370
Coin and bullion.....	11,578,775	14,481,895	2,603,120
Total.....	56,337,876	56,850,626	2,390,370
Reserve.....	859,898	3,515,550	2,655,570

These are very important, and, on the whole, considering the circumstances, very satisfactory figures, justifying a reduction in the minimum rate of discount to nine per cent., for even that is a high quotation, and would not allow of any material increase in the operations of the mercantile body. The present statement, however, on being compared with that of April 25, when the rate of discount was six per cent., shows some striking changes:

LIABILITIES.				
	Wk ending April 25.	Wk ending June 13.	Increase.	Decrease.
Circulation.....	£2,588,244	£26,578,446	£2,990,202	
Public deposits.....	4,417,147	7,126,069	2,709,922	
Private deposits.....	13,294,641	20,127,347	6,832,706	
Total.....	40,300,032	53,832,762	13,532,730	

ASSETS.			
Securities.....	29,649,108	42,368,731	2,719,623
Coin and bullion.....	13,855,776	14,481,895	626,119
Total.....	43,504,884	56,850,626	3,345,742
Reserve.....	6,694,661	3,515,550	3,179,114

In the House of commons, last night, in reply to a question put by one of the members, the Chancellor of the Exchequer stated that in the event of the Bank rate being reduced to nine per cent., the Treasury letter would then become invalid. This, probably, is another circumstance influencing the Bank Directors in determining to alter their rates.

A bill has been introduced into the House of Commons for the purpose of checking the conspiracies which have recently been found practicable with regard to bank and discount companies. The following are its provisions:

That all contracts, agreements, and tokens of sale and purchase which shall, from and after the day of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, be made or entered into for the sale or transfer, or purporting to be for the sale or transfer of any share or shares, or of any stock or other interest, in any joint-stock banking or other joint-stock company issuing shares or stock transferable by any deed or written instrument, shall be null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever, unless such contract, agreement, or other token shall be in writing, and shall set forth and designate such shares, stock, or interest by the respective numbers by which the same are distinguished at the making of such contract, agreement, or token on the register or books of such banking or other joint-stock company, or where there is no such register of shares or stock by distinguishing numbers, then unless such contract, agreement, or other token shall set forth the person or persons in whose name or names such shares, stock, or interest shall be at the time of making such contract stand as the registered proprietor thereof in the books of such banking or other joint-stock company; and every person, whether principal, broker, or agent, who shall wilfully insert in any such contract, agreement, or other token any false entry of such numbers, or any name or names other than that of the person or persons in whose name such shares, stock, or interest shall stand as aforesaid, or who shall, either by parol or in writing, sell or undertake to deliver any shares, stock, or interest as aforesaid, without giving in writing to the purchaser at the time of such sale or undertaking the designating number of such shares on the register of the company; or, in case of there being no designation by number, then without giving in writing the name of the person or persons in whose name or names such shares, stock, or interest shall stand as aforesaid at the time of such sale or undertaking, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be punished accordingly.

Efforts are still being made to resuscitate some of the banks recently failed. With regard to the Consolidated Bank, strong hopes are entertained that it will shortly be in a position to resume business.

In the open market, there has been a very moderate demand for money during the week. The quotations have varied considerably, and as a reduction in the Bank rate was being generally anticipated, few bills were sent in for discount prior to the Bank meeting. At the Bank of England the inquiry has been strong, both on the part of merchants, as well as on account of the companies recently failed. Out of doors, however, the quotations are about 1 per cent. below those of the Bank of England, and rule as under:

	Per Cent.		Per Cent.
30 days' bills.....	9 @—	4 months' bills.....	10 @—
60 do do.....	9 @9½	6 months' bills.....	11 @—
3 months' bills.....	9½ @—	6½4 months' bank paper.....	7½ @8½

Bullion continues to accumulate rapidly in the Bank of France—the supply held by that establishment now reaches the large sum of £24,500,000. The rate of discount at Paris remains at 6 per cent. below ours; but in other parts of the Continent the quotations are firm. Annexed are the rates at the leading cities:

	Bank rate.	Open market.		Bank rate.	Open market.
	per cent.	per cent.		per cent.	per cent.
At Paris.....	5	6	Turin.....	8	nom'l
Vienna.....	5	6	Brussels.....	6	5
Berlin.....	9	9	Madrid.....	6½	advances
Frankfort.....	7	7	Hamburg.....	—	nom'l
Amsterdam.....	6½	6½	St. Petersburg.....	5½	6-6½

On the whole, the Consol market has been tolerably firm during the week. There have again been two controlling influences at work; the one—the continued influx of bullion—tending to strengthen; the other—the seeming inevitability of war—to depress the market. On Monday, Consols, for account, were as high as 87 to 87½; but, until the publication of the Bank return, prices steadily declined. Yesterday the market was firm, and an advance took place in quotations. To-day, owing to the circumstance that Prussia has entered Hanover and Saxony with troops, prices have slightly declined. The highest prices each day during the week were as follows:

FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 16.

	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'nay	Thur'day	Friday.	Sat'day.
Consols for money.....	86½	87	86½	86½	86½	86½

The aggregate business done in American Securities has been moderate. United States Five-twenty bonds have gained strength towards the close of the week; but the market has been very quiet. Erie Railway shares have been dull, and the quotations have given way. Atlantic and Great Western, and Illinois Centrals have also been flat. Canadian Securities have been affected unfavorably by the capture of Fort Erie by the Fenians; but later news has improved the market. Annexed were the highest prices each day during the week:

For week ending June 16.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
United States 5-20's, 6 per cent.....	66	65½	64½	64½	65	64½
Virginia 5 per cent.....	50	50	50	50	50	50
do 6 per cent.....	42	40½	40½	40½	40½	40½
Atlantic and Great Western, New York section, 1st mortgage, 1880.....	70	70	70	70	70	70
do Pennsylvania section, 1st m., 1877.....	70	70	70	70	70	70
do cons'ted mort. b'ds, 1880.....	50	50	50	50½	50	50
Erie shares, 100 dollars, all paid.....	40½	40½	41	40½	40½	40½
do Convertible bonds, 6 per cent.....	70	70	70	70	70	70
Illinois Central, 6 per cent, 1875.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
do 7 per cent, 1875.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
do \$100 shares, all paid.....	75½	75½	75½	75½	75	75½
Marrietta and Cincinnati, 7 per cent.....	69	69	69	69	69	69
New York Central, 100 dollar shares.....	67½	67½	67½	67½	67½	67½
Panama Rail, 7 per cent, 1872, 2d mort.....	101	101	101	101	101	101
Pennsylvania R.R. 3d mort., 6 p. c.....	—	—	—	101	101	101
do \$50 shares.....	40	40	40	—	—	—
Philadelphia and Erie, 1st mortgage, 1881, (guar. by Penn. Railroad Co.).....	73	73	73	73	73	73
do with option to be paid in Philadelphia.....	73	73	73	73	73	73
Canada 6 per cent.....	96	96	94	95	96	95½
do 5 per cent.....	81	79½	79	79	79½	79

Advices from Frankfort mention a most depressed market for securities, other than American. American securities have also, however, slightly declined in value, viz.: from 67½ to 66½. The latest price is 66½.

Notwithstanding that war is now considered inevitable. Millers are not disposed to purchase wheat at any important advance in price. The improvement of the past fortnight does not exceed 2s. per quarter. Looking at our present sources of supply, the approaching conflict, so long as it is confined to the three contending powers, need not have the effect of materially enhancing the value of cereal produce in this country. By referring to the statement of imports into the United Kingdom forwarded a fortnight since, it will be observed that our principal imports are from France and Russia—the former having sent us large quantities both of wheat and flour, and the latter important supplies of wheat alone. And out of a total of 9,400,000 cwt. of wheat and flour it will be seen that France and Russia alone supplied us with 6,800,000 cwt., whilst scarcely 500,000 cwt. were forwarded by Prussia and the countries over which she would have control, in the event of war. Perhaps the permanent advance in wheat will be about 5s. per quarter, and under present circumstances, and assuming that France and Russia keep out of the struggle, the above figures, and the high value of money which checks speculation, do not warrant a greater improvement. Oats continue to arrive in considerable quantities from New York, but they are wanting in condition, and have been disposed of as low as 18s. 9d. per quarter. Several parcels have been taken for shipment to France. The oat trade here, owing to the approaching war, has been firmer, and although the import, this week, is about 32,000 quarters, prices have slightly improved. The quotations are as follows: English, 22s. to 32s.; Scotch, 27s. to 32s.; Irish, 22s. to 28s.; Danish, 24s. to 26s.; Russian, 20s. to 25s.; and American, 18s. 9d. to 20s. per quarter.

Hay-making has been commenced this week in the Southern English counties, and the crop will be a large one. The weather at present is unsettled, and the crop gathered thus far is in poor condition. The wheat plant has greatly improved, and, in several counties, will commence to bloom in about a fortnight. The crop promises fairly, but it does not appear likely to be abundant. From the hop country, accounts have been received of a severe attack of blight; but little attention is paid to these reports, inasmuch as such statements are always put forward at this period of the year, and even in years which have proved most abundant. It is certain, however, that with an average crop of hops per acre, the total quantity of hops grown, will be larger than in any former year. This conclusion is based upon the fact that hops which were planted three years since in anticipation of the repeal of the duty of 13s. 3d per cwt., will this year, under favorable circumstances, so far as the weather is concerned, bear their first considerable quantity of fruit. The hop plant does not arrive at maturity till after a period of three years. The growth of hops has been considerably extended in this country since the repeal of the duty, and in consequence of the high prices realised, large profits have been made by the hop growers. The value of hops in London now varies from £2 to £10 per cwt.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports show a falling off this week in dry goods and general merchandise, the total being \$6,746,943 against \$9,005,745 last week, and \$2,780,750 the previous week. The exports are \$2,388,335 this week, against \$2,009,003 last week, and \$1,948,494 the previous week. The exports of cotton are 1,192 bales, against 1,392 bales last week. Included in the exports were also 20,264 barrels wheat flour, 140 barrels rye flour, 3,159 barrels corn meal, 19,155 bushels oats, 480 bushels peas, 885,413 bushels corn, 2,220 packages candles, 1,532 tons coal, 340 bales hay, 63 bales hops, 619 barrels spirits turpentine, 3,866 barrels rosin, 3,238 gallons sperm oil, 867,361 gallons petroleum, 901 barrels pork, 884 barrels beef, 271,254 pounds cutmeats, 39,650 pounds butter, 764,896 pounds cheese, 190,560 pounds lard, 96 barrels rice, 471,093 pounds tallow, 1,240 hogheads and 161 other packages crude tobacco, 221,084 pounds manufactured tobacco.

The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry-goods) June 21, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) June 22:

	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
Dry goods.....	\$731,147	\$1,254,348	\$992,835	\$2,074,282
General merchandise.....	1,917,584	2,108,160	2,215,391	4,672,661
Total for the week.....	\$1,948,731	\$3,357,509	\$3,208,216	\$6,746,943
Previously reported.....	85,554,376	115,143,641	67,407,274	155,694,466
Since January 1.....	\$87,503,107	\$118,501,150	\$70,615,490	\$162,441,409

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending June 26:

	1864.	1865.	1866.
For the week.....	\$5,836,881	\$2,455,906	\$2,388,335
Previously reported.....	77,506,369	74,457,062	102,493,579
Since January 1.....	\$83,343,240	\$76,912,968	\$104,884,914

In the commercial department will be found the official detailed statement of the imports and exports for the week.

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York, for the week ending June 23, 1866:

June 20—SS. Malta, Liverpool— American gold.....	\$201,100	Foreign silver.....	63,500
" 20—SS. Eagle, Havana— American gold.....	2,600	American silver.....	3,900
" 23—SS. Hansa, Bremen— American gold.....	14,445	For Bremen— Foreign silver.....	2,500
For Southampton.....	122,683	June 23—SS. City of Paris, Liverpool— American gold.....	127,200
Silver bars.....	573,969	June 23—SS. Borussia, Hamburg— American gold.....	36,500
Gold bars.....	131,069	Gold bars.....	13,800
		Silver coin.....	116,000

Total for the week.....	\$1,408,286
Previously reported.....	49,534,276
Total since Jan. 1, 1866.....	\$44,942,564

Same time in	1865.	1866.
1865.....	\$17,888,627	\$12,146,639
1864.....	28,708,189	22,076,402
1863.....	20,453,187	12,762,864
1862.....	24,900,351	14,796,829
1861.....	3,247,368	8,057,067
1860.....	20,050,745	11,524,621
1859.....	33,001,478	

TREASURE FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Arizona, from Aspinwall on the 11th inst., with mails, passengers and treasure, arrived at this port on Saturday, June 20. The following is her treasure list:

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.			
Duncan, Sherman & Co.....	\$75,540 02	Well & Co.....	13,630 01
Engene Kelly & Co.....	81,546 00	Lees & Waller.....	576,000 00
Bacon & Russell.....	6,701 71	Wells, Fargo & Co.....	6,000 00
Peter Naylor.....	15,000 00	Panama R. R. Co.....	29,337 77
J. & W. Seligman.....	88,700 00		
Total.....			\$892,365 51
WAY TREASURE.			
J. Ames.....	\$500 00	Perez, Planas & Obario.....	550 00
S. L. Isacs & Asch.....	1,350 00	Cartwright & Harrison.....	1,560 00
Ribon & Munoz.....	8,786 00	Benj. Collins.....	400 00
Wells, Fargo & Co.....	1,244 70	R. R. Graves & Co.....	4,000 00
E. & H. T. Anthony & Co.....	225 00	Marcial & Co.....	760 00
Total.....			\$19,375 70
			\$92,365 51

Total treasure.....\$911,741 21

The receipts of treasure from California since January 1, 1866, have been as follows:

Date.	Steamship.	At date.	To date.
January 12.....	New York.....	\$ 685,610	\$ 685,610
January 19.....	Henry Chauncey.....	799,706	1,485,316
February 1.....	Atlantic.....	944,878	2,430,198
February 9.....	New York.....	1,449,074	3,879,266
February 21.....	Henry Chauncey.....	1,269,048	5,148,314
March 5.....	Costa Rica.....	1,469,286	6,617,600
March 12.....	New York.....	1,425,553	8,043,153
March 23.....	Arizona.....	389,837	8,432,992
March 31.....	Henry Chauncey.....	673,615	9,106,607
April 9.....	New York.....	729,562	9,836,169
April 20.....	Arizona.....	809,459	10,645,628
May 1.....	Costa Rica.....	1,313,271	11,958,899
May 9.....	New York.....	1,072,880	13,031,779
May 21.....	Arizona.....	1,276,503	14,308,282
May 31.....	Costa Rica.....	394,553	14,702,835
June 9.....	New York.....	949,906	15,652,741
June 20.....	Arizona.....	892,965	16,545,706

EXPORTS OF TREASURE FROM SAN FRANCISCO.—The exports of treasure from San Francisco from May 1st to date have been as follows:

May 1—Per Hong Kong to Hong Kong.....	\$73,739 40
May 2—Per Live Yankee to Honolulu.....	1,000 00
May 10—Per Constitution:	
To New York.....	\$388,379 07
To England.....	107,129 86
To Panama.....	5,000 00
To Punta Arenas.....	932 33
May 12—Per Bunker Hill to Hong Kong.....	\$398,441 26
May 12—Per Perie to Hong Kong.....	267,442 75
May 15—Per America to New York.....	163,900 00
May 18—Per Fearless to Hong Kong.....	125,000 00
May 19—Per Golden City:	
To New York.....	\$949,906 89
To England.....	79,914 22
To France.....	78,950 12
To Valparaiso.....	95,800 00
To Panama.....	30,000 00
Total since May 1, 1866.....	\$1,234,571 23
Previously this year.....	\$2,398,578 30
Total since January 1, 1866.....	\$15,096,212 33
Corresponding period of 1865.....	18,144,812 87
Decrease this year.....	\$3,048,600 54

CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.—NOTICE FROM THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.—The Secretary of the Treasury has issued the following notice:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 26, 1866.
Notice is hereby given to holders of certificates of indebtedness issued under Acts of Congress, approved March 1 and 17, 1862, that the Secretary of the Treasury, in accordance with said acts and the tenor of said certificates, is prepared to redeem before maturity all Certificates of Indebtedness falling due after August 31, 1866, with accrued interest thereon, if presented for redemption on or before July 15, 1866, and that hereafter such Certificates will cease to bear interest, and will be paid on presentation at this Department with interest only to said 15th of July.
HUGH McCULLOCH, Secretary.

THE TARIFF BILL.—The following are the main features of the tariff bill reported yesterday by Mr. Morrill:

The duty on the manufacture of brass is increased from 35 to 40 per cent, and on brass in bars and pigs from 15 to 30 per cent. ad valorem; on copper ore, from 5 to 15 per cent; on copper in pigs, ingots, and bars, from 2½ to 5 cents per pound; on lead ore, from 1½ to 2½ cents; on lead in sheets, from 2½ to 3½ cents per pound; on sugar of lead, from 20 to 30 cents a pound; on paddles and blisters of steel, the proposed duty is 3½ cents per pound; on cast and shear steel, valued not over seven cents per pound, 4½ cents per pound; over seven cents per pound, 5 cents per pound; on steel wire rope, 6 cents per pound, and 20 per cent. ad valorem. Iron has been reclassified, and the duty on all descriptions largely increased. On iron bars it has been raised one-fourth of a cent per pound; on iron bars rolled and hammered, one-half of a cent per pound; on all sizes of oval, half oval, and half round iron the duty is increased to two and a half cents per pound; on plated iron, thicker than three-sixths of an inch, to two cents; on iron sheets thinner than No. 10 and thicker than No. 18, wire gauge, to two and a-half cents; on sheets thinner than No. 22, to two and three-fourths; on polished sheet iron, to four cents per pound; on chain and cables, from three to five cents per pound; wrought iron washers and nuts, to three and a half cents; wrought iron tubes, hinges, and anvils, four cents; cut nails and spikes, two cents; railroad splice bars or chairs, two and a half cents a pound; on railroad iron the duty is increased from seventy cents to one dollar per hundred weight, although the internal duty is to be taken off; on coal the duty is reduced from one dollar and twenty-five cents a ton to fifty cents. The duty on paper is left unchanged, notwithstanding it is to be excepted from internal tax, so that the paper manufacturers will have additional protection; on earthenware the duty is placed at fifty per cent. ad valorem; on flax seed, thirty cents a bushel, and on linseed oil, thirty cents a gallon; on oxides of cobalt, thirty per cent ad valorem; on linen, valued under thirty cents a yard, six cents a yard and thirty per cent. ad valorem; when valued over thirty cents and below sixty cents a yard, two cents a yard and thirty-five per cent. ad valorem; when valued over sixty cents and under one dollar, fifteen cents per yard and thirty-five per cent. ad valorem; when valued above one dollar, twenty cents per yard and thirty-five per cent. ad valorem; on all other descriptions of linen, forty per cent. ad valorem; on cigars the rate is fixed at two dollars and a half per pound and fifty per cent. ad valorem. Duties on wines are as follows: on all wines not entered at over twenty-five cents per gallon, including packages, forty cents per gallon; on wines valued at over seventy-five cents, and less than one dollar per gallon, including packages, seventy-five cents per gallon, the duties on the two classes to take the place of the present specific and ad valorem rates; on wines valued at over one dollar per gallon, including packages, a rate of one dollar per gallon, and twenty-five per cent. ad valorem. When wine is imported in bottles, one dollar per dozen additional is charged, the packages to be not less than a dozen quart or two dozen pint bottles; when imported in bulk, to be in casks, containing not less than thirty-one gallons each. No change is recommended in the duty on champagne; wines and liquors; the duty on Paris white is to be one and a half cents per pound; on chalk and cliff stone it is reduced from ten dollars to five dollars per ton; table cutlery, with ivory or mother-of-pearl handles, is to pay one dollar per dozen, and fifty per cent. ad valorem; all other cutlery fifty per cent. ad valorem; wool and manufacture of wool are divided into three classes, namely: clothing wools, combing wools, and carpet wools, and other similar wools.

The duty upon wools of the first-class, the value whereof at the last port or place whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall be 32 cents, or less, per pound, shall be 10 cents per pound, and in addition thereto 2 per cent. ad valorem. The duty upon wools of the same class, the value whereof at the last port or place whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall exceed 32 cents per pound, shall be 12 cents per pound, and, in addition, 10 cents per pound ad valorem.

The duty upon wool of the second class, upon all half of the Alpaca



goat, and other like animals, the value whereof at the last place or port whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall be 32 cents or less per pound, shall be 10 cents per pound, and in addition thereto 10 per cent ad valorem. The duty upon wools of the second class, the value whereof at the last port or place whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such ports shall exceed 32 cents per pound, shall be 12 cents per pound, and in addition thereto 10 per cent ad valorem.

The duty upon wools of the third class, the value whereof at the last port or place whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall be 12 cents or less per pound, shall be 8 cents per pound. The duty upon wools of the same class, the value whereof at the last place or port whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall exceed 12 cents per pound, shall be 6 cents per pound. On sheep-skins, raw or unmanufactured, imported with the wool, or washed or unwashed, 30 per cent ad valorem. On woollen rags, shoddy, waste, and flocks, 12 cents per pound. On woollen cloths, woollen shawls, and all manufactures of wool of every description, made wholly or in part of wool, not otherwise provided for in this act, 46 cents per pound, and in addition thereto, 35 per cent ad valorem. On flannels, blankets, endless belts or pelts for paper or printing machines; hats, of wool, knit goods, balmorals, woollen and worsted yarns, and all manufactures of every description, composed wholly or in part of worsted, hair of the Alpaca goat or other like animals, except such as are composed in part of wool, not otherwise herein provided for valued at not exceeding 40 cents per pound, 25 cents per pound; valued at above 40 cents per pound, and not exceeding sixty cents per pound, 35 cents per pound; valued at above 60 cents per pound and not exceeding eighty cents per pound, forty-five cents per pound; valued at above eighty cents per pound, fifty-three cents per pound, and in addition thereto on all the above-named articles thirty-five per cent ad valorem. On women's and children's dress goods and real or imitation Italian cloths, composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, the hair of the alpaca goat or any like animal, valued at not exceeding 20 cents the square yard, 6 cents the square yard, and in addition thereto 35 per cent ad valorem; valued at above 20 cents the square yard, 18 cents the square yard, and in addition thereto 45 per cent ad valorem; Provided, that on all goods weighing 4 ounces and over per square yard, the duty shall be 53 cents per pound, and in addition thereto 35 per cent ad valorem; on clothing ready-made and wearing apparel of every description, composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, the hair of the alpaca goat or other like animals, made up or manufactured wholly or in part by the tailor, seamstress, or manufacturer, except knit goods, fifty-three cents per pound, and in addition thereto forty-five per cent ad valorem; on Aubusson and Axminster carpets woven whole for rooms, fifty per cent ad valorem; on Saxony, Wilton, and Tourney velvet carpets, wrought by the Jacquard machine, seventy-five cents per square yard, and in addition thereto thirty-five per cent ad valorem; on Brussels carpets, wrought by the Jacquard machine, 48 cents per square yard, and in addition thereto 35 per cent ad valorem; on patent velvet and tapestry velvet carpets, printed on the warp or otherwise, 44 cents per square yard, and in addition thereto 35 per cent ad valorem; on tapestry Brussels carpets, printed on the warp or otherwise, 30 cents per square yard, and in addition thereto 35 per cent ad valorem; on treble ingrain, three-ply and worsted chain Venetian carpets, nineteen cents per square yard, and in addition thereto thirty-five per cent ad valorem; on yarn, Venetian, and two-ply ingrain carpets, 14 cents per square yard, and in addition thereto 35 per cent ad valorem; on druggets, and bookings, printed, colored, or otherwise, 25 cents per square yard; on hemp or jute carpeting, 6 1/2 cents per square yard, on carpets and carpeting of wool, flax, or cotton, or parts of either, or other material not otherwise specified, 40 per cent ad valorem; Provided, That mats, rugs, screens, covers, hassocks, bed-sides, and other portions of carpets or carpetings shall be subjected to the rate of duty herein imposed on carpets or carpeting of like character or description, and that the duty on all other mats not exclusively of vegetable material, screens, hassocks, and rugs, shall be 45 per cent ad valorem; on oilcloths for floors, stamped, painted, or printed, valued at 50 cents or less per square yard, 40 per cent ad valorem; valued at over 50 cents per square yard, and on all other oilcloth, except silk oilcloth, 50 per cent ad valorem.

THE THREE AND FIVE CENT CURRENCY.—Treasurer Spinner yesterday issued the following circular:

THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT, TREASURER'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25, 1866.

In pursuance of two several acts of Congress, this Department has discontinued the issue of paper currency of the denomination of five and three cents. All orders for currency below the denomination of ten cents should, therefore, be addressed to the Director of the Mint, at Philadelphia, accompanied by a remittance for the amount, in the manner indicated by the following circular, issued by the Director of the Mint:

MINT OF THE UNITED STATES, PHILADELPHIA, June 22, 1866.

SIR—The following are the regulations for the distribution of the cents and new nickel three and five cent pieces of the United States:

The bronze one and two and the nickel three and five cent coins can now be had at the mint, in exchange for the gold and silver coins, or legal tender notes of the United States. The new three cent pieces are put up in bags of \$30, and the five cent pieces in sums of \$50 each, and either of these sums, or any larger amount of which thirty or fifty is a multiple, will be sent in the order of the entry of application.

The reasonable expenses of the transportation of the cents and three cent pieces, in sums of \$30, and five cent coins in sums of \$50 or upwards, to any point accessible by railroad or steamboat, will be paid by the mint.

The Adams Express Company will act as agents for parties ordering cents, &c., to which money or drafts on national banks, payable to their order, may be sent, or drafts on, or certificates of deposit in national banks, payable to the order of the director or the treasurer of the mint, may be sent, and the coins ordered will be forwarded when the money is received or the drafts collected.

JAMES POLLOCK, Director.

No remittance for currency below the denomination of ten cents should, therefore, be made to this office.

F. E. SPINNER,

Treasurer United States.

We call attention to the card of Mess. B. C. Morris & Son, in our advertising columns, who have formed a partnership for the transaction of

a stock commission business at 17 William street. The sound principles upon which these gentlemen propose to carry on business, and the inducements they offer to the public to deal with them, may best be seen by a perusal of their card referred to above, or their Circular lately issued.

The Bankers' Gazette.

We give in our BULLETIN from day to day lists of bonds, &c., lost, and dividends declared. These tables will be continued daily, and on Saturday morning, such as have been published through the week in the BULLETIN will be collected and published in the CHRONICLE. Below will be found those published the last week in the BULLETIN.

DIVIDENDS.

NAME OF COMPANY.	RATE P. C.T.	PAYABLE.		BOOKS CLOSED.
		WHEN.	WHERE.	
Railroads.				
Philadelphia & Reading on Pret. & Com. Stock.	5	July 12.	{ 227 S. 4th St. Philadel.	June 30 to July 13.
Boston and Maine R. R. Co.	5	July 2.	Boston.	—
Western R.R. Corporation.	\$5 p.s.	July 2.	40 State St., Boet.	—
Rome, Wat'n & Ogdensburg.	5	July 16.	Mercantile B.N.Y.	—
Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne and Chicago	2½	July 18.	{ Wislow, La- nier & Co., N. Y.	June 30 to July 19.
Norwich & Worcester.....	5	July 10.	Farmers L. & T. Co., N. Y.	—
Panama R.R.	—	—	—	—
Earnings of Road	4½	July 5.	88 Wall St.	June 23 to July 7.
Earnings of Steamers	2½	—	—	—
N. Y. Banks.				
Mechanics' National Bank.	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 21 to July 3.
Merchants' Exch. National	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 22 to July 2.
National Park Bank.....	7	July 2.	At Bank.	June 22 to July 2.
Bowery National Bank.....	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 2.
Tradesmen's National	\$3 p.s.	July 2.	At Bank.	—
National Bank of Com.	6	July 2.	At Bank.	June 26 to July 3.
National Citizens' Bank	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 22 to July 2.
Nat. B'k of Commonwealth	6	July 2.	At Bank.	June 26 to July 3.
Atlantic National.....	6	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 7.
Bank of America.....	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 26 to July 5.
Bul's Head Bank.....	4	July 2.	At Bank.	June 22 to July 2.
National Shoe and Leather.	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 2.
Importers and Traders	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 25 to July 2.
N. Y. National Exchange.	6	July 2.	At Bank.	—
Hanover National.....	6	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 2.
Chatham National.....	8	July 2.	At Bank.	June 22 to July 2.
Grocers' National'.....	5	July 2.	At Bank.	—
Manufacturers & Merchants	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 3.
Continental Bank.....	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 5.
People's Bank.....	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 22 to July 2.
Market Nat onal.....	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 2.
The Third National.....	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 2.
National of North America	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 2.

BUSINESS AT THE STOCK BOARDS.

The following shows the description and number of shares sold at the Regular and Open Boards conjointly on each day and for the week ending on Friday.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week.
Bank Shares	100	165	10	20	285	23	603
Railroad shares, viz.:							
Catawissa	100	200	400	700	600	1,200	3,200
Central of New Jersey	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chicago & Alton	200	...	100	...	...	100	400
Chicago, Bar. & Quincy	...	...	...	15	...	...	15
Chicago and Great Eastern	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chicago & Northwestern	1,000	1,600	4,500	9,500	2,800	3,700	23,400
Chicago & Rock Island	100	1,000	1,200	2,500	400	500	6,600
Cleveland, Col. & Cine.	10	...	50	...	...	12	72
Cleveland & Pittsburg	7,700	7,300	5,400	4,500	4,100	12,500	41,500
Cleveland & Toledo	600	500	1,200	1,000	400	500	4,200
Del., Lack. & Western	...	...	...	...	...	46	46
Erie Railway	9,800	9,645	28,630	15,150	16,930	29,250	109,405
Hudson River	...	24	...	...	...	300	320
Hudson River	...	200	...	...	...	...	500
Illino Central	...	200	800	1,185	200	600	1,985
Indianapolis & Cincinnati	...	...	300	400	50	...	780
Marietta & Cincinnati	750	2,300	3,200	2,600	1,500	...	10,250
McGregor Western	...	...	...	...	200	...	200
Michigan Central	300	100	100	100	400	...	1,100
Chicago Southern	400	600	2,100	1,100	400	100	4,700
Milwaukee & P. du Chien	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Milwaukee & St. Paul	100	200	200	100	600	...	1,200
New Jersey	...	...	...	14	...	...	14
New York Central	1,200	620	450	1,250	300	500	4,300
New York & New Haven	...	...	12	...	...	278	290
Ohio & Mississippi (\$100)	...	750	100	100	380	1,000	2,380
Panama	...	...	...	1,788	1,600	1,460	9,468
Pitts., Ft. Wayne & Chic.	410	2,300	1,788	3,000	2,300	2,800	13,700
Reading	1,300	2,500	1,800	...	100	...	100
St. Louis, Alton & T. H.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stonington	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toledo & Wabash	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous shares, viz.:							
American Coal	...	300	600	...	...	...	900
Atlantic Mail	...	200	...	...	...	1,000	1,200
Boston Water Power	300	800	1,000	200	700	800	3,800
Brunswick City	100	...	...	...	100	...	200
Canton	600	1,300	400	300	...	600	3,100
Cary Improvement	...	...	100	100	...	...	200
Cumberland Coal	400	700	200	100	...	200	1,600
Del. & Hudson Canal	...	...	...	...	...	306	306
Manhattan Gas	...	...	...	...	150	...	150
Mariposa	400	700	200	600	100	500	2,500
Pacific Mail	...	...	...	100	200	200	500
Pennsylvania Coal	...	62	...	...	...	...	62
Quicksilver	...	550	600	110	1,500	...	2,760
Smith & Parnelle Gold	...	150	...	...	...	...	100
Spring Mountain Coal	...	100	...	100	...	...	200
Spruce Hill Coal	...	400	...	900	100	100	1,500
Western Union Telegraph	3,875	5,420	1,240	650	1,530	956	13,661
W. U. Telegraph—Russian	35	300	...	...	25	16	376
Wilkesbarre Coal	...	...	100	...	...	...	100
Wyoming Valley Coal	500	...	...	...	...	...	500

The volume of transactions in shares at the two Boards, comparatively, for each day of the two last weeks, and the total for the same weeks, is shown in the following statement:

	Reg. Board.		Open Board.		Both Boards.	
	Last week.	Prev. week.	Last week.	Prev. week.	Last week.	Prev. week.
Saturday	10,580	15,574	19,700	31,700	30,280	47,274
Monday	15,586	26,543	24,800	26,500	40,386	52,842
Tuesday	26,305	24,082	30,700	41,900	57,005	65,982
Wednesday	22,184	36,233	27,000	54,400	49,184	90,633
Thursday	22,439	25,800	24,300	42,380	46,739	68,180
Friday	22,343	22,833	39,000	41,800	61,343	64,633
Total of week	119,437	150,864	165,500	238,680	284,937	389,544

The transactions in shares weekly since the commencement of the year are shown in the following statement:

Week ending	Regular Board.	Open Board.	Both Boards.
Friday	181,350	243,900	425,250
January 5	339,109	328,400	667,509
January 12	243,515	272,300	515,815
January 19	247,743	301,400	549,143
January 26	201,107	239,700	440,807
February 2	209,140	227,800	436,940
February 9	234,285	228,700	462,985
February 16	187,913	183,200	371,113
February 23	217,951	221,500	439,451
March 2	206,849	211,300	418,149
March 9	206,312	213,450	419,762
March 16	261,106	335,910	597,016
March 23	122,563	208,200	330,763

The Government and State, &c., bonds sold at the Regular Board, daily, last week, are given in the following statement:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. 6's, 1881	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$38,500	\$1,000	\$41,000
U. S. 6's (5-20's)	6,000	73,000	191,000	314,000	170,500	585,500	1,940,400
U. S. 6's (old)	13,000	50,000	30,000	18,500	63,000	138,500	300,000
U. S. 5's (10-40's)	13,000	32,500	11,500	18,500	63,000	138,500	300,000
U. S. 5's (old)	150,000	34,000	91,500	20,000	177,000	60,800	533,300
U. S. 7-30's notes	4,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	14,000

State bonds, viz.:

California 7's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Connect't 6's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Georgia 6's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Illinois 6's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indiana 6's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indiana 5's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kentucky 6's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Louisiana 6's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Michigan 7's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minnesota 5's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Missouri 6's	10,000	4,000	1,000	3,000	14,000	14,000	46,000
N. Y. State 5's .....	.....	.....	5,000	.....	5,000	.....	10,000
N. Y. State 6's .....	.....	.....	10,000	3,000	3,000	17,000	17,000
N. Y. State 7's	24,000	55,000	5,000	24,000	30,000	25,000	163,000
Ohio 6's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rhode Isl'd 6's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
S. Carolina 6's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee 6's	2,000	11,000	4,000	19,000	5,000	5,000	47,000
Tennessee 5's	1,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000
Virginia 6's	8,000	.....	7,000	.....	.....	5,000	20,000

City bonds, viz.:

Brooklyn 6's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jersey City 6's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
N. Y. City 6's .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

The following is a summary of the amount of Governments, State and City securities, and railroad bonds sold on each day:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. Bonds	\$20,000	\$135,500	\$234,000	\$283,500	\$331,000	\$648,500	\$2,212,500
U. S. Notes	150,000	34,000	105,500	30,000	177,000	60,800	547,300
State & City bonds	45,000	71,000	32,000	49,000	54,000	42,000	293,000
Railroad Bonds	22,000	28,000	18,000	12,000	20,000	4,000	104,000
Total amount	\$237,000	288,500	379,500	414,500	1,082,000	755,300	3,156,800

The totals of each class of securities sold in the first five months of the year are shown in the statement which follows:

	Governments Bonds.	Notes.	State, &c., Bonds.	Railroad Bonds.	Total amount.
January	\$1,827,200	\$3,340,100	\$952,900	\$3,035,500	\$12,155,700
February	3,846,500	2,501,900	1,691,500	1,692,100	9,832,000
March	3,931,300	3,006,700	2,903,000	781,240	10,622,240
April	5,798,300	3,739,650	1,679,500	838,700	12,056,150
May	8,002,700	2,258,250	1,236,600	781,900	12,279,450

and for the weeks ending on Friday—

	Governments Bonds.	Notes.	State, &c., Bonds.	Railroad Bonds.	Total amount.
June 1 (5 days)	\$1,111,500	\$288,000	\$285,000	\$145,500	\$1,830,000
" 8	1,577,000	721,800	397,000	53,700	2,749,500
" 15	1,599,800	777,800	483,000	159,000	2,919,600
" 22	1,834,500	880,350	217,000	159,000	3,090,850
" 29	2,212,500	547,300	293,000	104,000	3,156,800

FRIDAY, June 29, 1866—P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—As usual at this season of the year, there is a general stagnancy in monetary affairs. In the several branches of wholesale trade, there is the usual suspension of activity which occurs between the Summer and Fall seasons; while in speculative circles, there is an absence of wealthy operators, who have betaken themselves to the quiet of the country or the sea side. There is consequently a large falling off in financial transactions, and an excess of floating capital over the demand for loans. The amount of idle balances has been augmented by the payment of the June interest on Seven-thirty notes; and, during the next twenty days, this surplus will be still further augmented by the distribution of midsummer dividends, the payment of interest upon the third series of Seven-thirties, and the redemption of One Year Certificates, amounting to about \$35,000,000.

During the week, the rate of interest on demand loans has declined to 4 per cent., 5 per cent. being now quite an exceptional rate. The prospect of a still further ease in the money market has induced, during the last few days, quite an active demand for

paper, with a consequent turn in the rates of discount in favor of the sellers of notes. Transactions in firmer paper at 5½ per cent. are more common, and 6½ per cent. is becoming an exceptional rate. The following are the current rates for loans of various classes:

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Call loans.....	4 @ 5	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months.....	6 @ 6½
Loans on bonds & mort..	6 @ 7	do single names.....	7 @ 8
Prime endorsed bills, 2 months.....	5 @ 5½	Lower grades.....	10 @ 12

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—Governments have been stronger during the week. For the steamers of Wednesday and to-morrow there has been a partial demand for export. At the same time, the large surplus balances in the hands of banks and private bankers have been to some extent converted into Governments. The notice of Secretary McCulloch calling in the whole issue of One Year Certificates has had a tendency to increase the demand for other classes of National Securities, and to cause holders to hold their bonds or notes more firmly. The action of the Treasury relative to Certificates had induced a supposition that the Secretary contemplates making an early effort to fund a portion of the short date securities. These combined influences have naturally strengthened the market, and prices of all Governments range higher than a week ago. Sixes of 1881 have advanced ½; Five-twenties of 1862, 1½; do. of 1864, ½; do. of 1865, ½; Ten-forties, ½; Seven-thirties, First Series, ½; do., Second Series, ½; do., Third Series, ½.

The subjoined closing quotations for leading Government securities, will show the difference in prices as compared with previous weeks:

	May 18.	May 31.	June 8.	June 15.	June 22.	June 29.
U. S. 6's, 1881 comp.	109	109½	110	110½	110½	110½
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons.	101½	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½
U. S. 5-20's, 1864 " ..	102	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½
U. S. 5-20's, 1865 " ..	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½
U. S. 10-40's	96	95½	96½	96½	96½	97½
U. S. 7-30's 1st Series	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½
U. S. 7-30's 2d Series	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½
U. S. 7-30's 3rd Series	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½
U. S. 1 yr's certificates	101½	100	100	100	100	100

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES.—In the general Stock Market there has been an increase of dullness during the week; nothing, however, beyond what usually occurs during the heated season. There is reason for supposing that many of the brokers find themselves saddled with stocks which they had taken with a hope of selling them at a profit at the close of the season. This, however, can scarcely be considered an element of weakness in the market; as, with the present ease of money, the stocks could be easily carried upon loans; while the present satisfactory earnings of the roads induces an expectation that the opening of the Fall season will witness higher prices for stocks than the current figures. There is, consequently, no disposition among operators to unload at a loss, and prices are steadily maintained. The chief movement during the week has been in Erie. A considerable amount of short contracts in the stock have matured during the week, and the consequent demand for stock to make deliveries has caused an advance in the price. To-day the purchases at both Boards amounted to 27,000 shares; the price opened at 63, sold up to 63½, and closed at 61½.

In Chicago and Northwestern there has been a feeble speculation movement, but apparently nothing more than has been produced by a combination anxious to get off its load of the stock.

The following are the closing quotations for leading stocks, compared with those of previous weeks:

	May 18.	May 25.	May 31.	June 8.	June 15.	June 22.	June 29.
Cumberland Coal	47	45½	46	46	46	46	45
Quicksilver	54½	52½	52½	51½	50	50½	47½
Canton Co.	61½	57½	60	59½	60	59	54½
Mariposa pref.	22	23½	24½	24½	24	23	22½
New York Central	94½	94½	98	97½	98½	98½	98½
Erie	74½	68½	60½	63	61½	59½	61½
Hudson River	111½	113½	113½	113½	110½	111½	111½
Reading	107½	110½	109½	109½	109½	108½	109½
Mich. Southern	79½	80	80½	79½	79½	79	78½
Michigan Central	108	107	108	108	109	108	108
Clev. and Pittsb.	86	86½	84½	82	82	84½	82½
Clev. and Toledo	105	104½	104½	105	106½	106½	106½
Northwestern	29½	28½	28½	31½	30½	29½	30
" preferred	59	58	58½	60½	59½	58½	59½
Rock Island	93½	93	92½	92½	94	95	94
Fort Wayne	98½	96½	97½	97½	98½	98½	98½
Illinois Central	120½	118	118½	121	122	120½	121

THE GOLD MARKET.—The excitement in the Gold Room, connected with the large exports of gold, has subsided with the decrease in the shipments. A new stimulus to speculation, however, has been found in the supposition that Congress will impose the enhanced duties of the pending Tariff Bill upon goods in bond. Such a course would cause a suddenly rush for several millions of gold for the payment of duties, and might very seriously derange the

premium; we are not aware, however, that it is at all certain that Congress will adopt this policy. Some of the leading operators, however, have bought up a large proportion of the gold in the market upon this supposition, and hold it firmly in the face of the prospect of the disbursement of about nine millions by the Treasury upon the July coupons. The anticipation of the payments by the Treasury has drawn out a considerable short interest, which to-day has caused an active borrowing demand at $\frac{1}{2}$ -16 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per diem interest. The export of specie from this port for last week aggregated \$1,409,409. On Wednesday last, the export amounted to \$96,000.

The following have been the highest and lowest quotations for gold, on each of the last six days:

	Highest.	Lowest.		Highest.	Lowest.
June 23.....	153 $\frac{1}{2}$	151 $\frac{1}{2}$	June 27.....	156	154 $\frac{1}{2}$
" 24.....	153 $\frac{1}{2}$	151 $\frac{1}{2}$	" 28.....	154	151 $\frac{1}{2}$
" 25.....	157	151 $\frac{1}{2}$	" 29.....	155	153 $\frac{1}{2}$

The transactions for last week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury were as follows:

	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury—		Custom House.	Sub-Treasury—
	Receipts.	Payments.		Receipts.	Payments.
June 18.....	\$350,824 45	\$3,338,741 16	June 23.....	\$18,400,464 38	\$1,202,302 79
" 19.....	343,000 68	1,578,915 95	Balance in Sub Treasury morning of June 18.....		94,261,688 30
" 20.....	288,819 57	4,010,272 53			\$109,662,152 68
" 21.....	388,020 89	1,092,800 55			12,022,302 79
" 22.....	393,276 08	679,960 17			\$97,639,849 89
" 23.....	448,734 60	1,321,522 43			3,373,161 59
Total.....	\$2,309,676 27	\$12,022,302 79			

Total amount of gold certificates issued, \$2,793,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$400,000 in gold, and \$1,809,676 in gold certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since April 7:

Weeks Ending	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury—	Changes in Balances.
	Payments.	Receipts.	
Apr. 7.....	\$2,863,009	\$13,324,981	\$11,790,124
" 14.....	2,857,703	5,359,749	12,068,189
" 21.....	2,535,567	14,688,239	21,953,904
" 28.....	2,440,307	13,937,517	14,119,991
May 5.....	2,711,131	35,688,713	31,341,874
May 12.....	2,417,391	15,034,333	20,036,036
" 19.....	2,542,814	23,547,689	28,280,222
" 26.....	2,358,454	48,958,044	56,955,238
June 2.....	2,182,395	45,911,432	20,092,337
" 9.....	2,141,086	11,006,469	15,417,530
" 16.....	2,071,621	9,005,847	13,654,093
" 23.....	2,309,676	12,022,302	15,400,464

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—The Exchange market is steadily recovering from the irregularities attendant upon foreign financial derangements. Sight bills are less in demand, and bankers' bills are mostly drawn at 60 days. There is also a better currency for commercial bills, though a close discrimination is exercised as to names. The transactions during the week have been strictly moderate, and at steadily improving rates.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:

	June 8.	June 15.	June 22.	June 29.
London Comm'l'.	108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109	109 @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	106 @ 107	106 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 107 $\frac{1}{2}$
do bkrs' long	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	110 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 110 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 108 $\frac{1}{2}$	108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 108 $\frac{1}{2}$
do do short	110 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 111	—	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ —	110 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 110 $\frac{1}{2}$
Paris, long.....	5.11 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.10	5.11 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ —	5.15 @ 5.13 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.15 @ 5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$
do short.....	5.00 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.04	5.07 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ —	5.11 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.10	5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.10
Antwerp.....	5.12 @ 5.11 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.12 @ —	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ —	5.16 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.13 $\frac{1}{2}$
Swiss.....	5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.11 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ —	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ —	5.16 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.13 $\frac{1}{2}$
Hamburg.....	37 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 37 $\frac{1}{2}$	37 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 37 $\frac{1}{2}$	36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 36 $\frac{1}{2}$	36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ —
Amsterdam.....	42 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 42 $\frac{1}{2}$	42 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ —	41 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 42	42 @ —
Frankfort.....	43 @ —	43 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ —	42 @ 42 $\frac{1}{2}$	43 @ 43 $\frac{1}{2}$
Bremen.....	80 @ 80 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 @ 80 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 80	79 @ —
Berlin.....	74 @ —	75 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 75 $\frac{1}{2}$	73 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 74	74 @ —

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of the City of New York for the week ending with the commencement of business on June 23, 1866:

	Average amount of—				
BANKS.	Loans and discounts.	Specie.	Circulation.	Net deposits.	Legal Tenders.
New York.....	\$8,289,286	\$2,125,500	\$884,390	\$3,238,240	\$3,904,165
Manhattan.....	5,509,543	616,007	13,420	5,316,960	1,990,267
Merchants'.....	7,939,196	548,383	646,488	5,981,181	3,853,366
Mechanics'.....	5,638,753	115,961	456,643	4,949,753	2,642,887
Union.....	4,304,270	81,524	425,350	3,135,724	1,389,330
America.....	8,305,678	809,325	2,900	8,609,393	4,311,232
Phoenix.....	3,930,044	139,027	295,000	2,851,268	796,932
City.....	3,414,664	315,796	—	3,345,777	1,256,264
Tradesmen's.....	2,914,814	19,645	561,075	2,100,452	793,757
Fulton.....	2,763,473	64,251	20,681	2,600,689	2,261,678
Chemical.....	5,479,747	426,069	19,230	5,592,324	3,091,384
Merch'ts Exchange	3,194,364	20,285	451,940	2,301,618	642,376
National.....	2,960,087	152,027	498,816	1,019,732	367,454
Butch. & Drovers.....	2,217,619	10,464	235,693	1,630,696	464,384
Mech's & Traders.....	1,634,359	69,477	105,000	1,474,359	418,015
Greenwich.....	1,108,598	14,251	16,480	1,029,255	296,480
Leather Manufact's	3,226,167	137,197	148,071	2,366,376	1,155,141
Seventh Ward.....	920,343	38,844	164,970	654,730	553,944
State of N. York.....	5,259,773	254,625	11,291	5,005,690	2,903,070
American Ex'ge.....	10,989,424	407,590	836,444	7,754,949	4,357,351
Commerce.....	22,686,269	660,051	3,776,145	7,880,493	5,018,756
Broadway.....	4,944,533	67,173	900,000	4,390,436	3,127,166

Ocean.....	3,579,487	55,387	797,343	3,221,097	1,302,976
Mercantile.....	3,373,019	37,534	371,457	3,069,360	1,083,164
Pacific.....	1,963,161	13,993	118,915	1,567,343	591,741
Republic.....	5,559,019	160,572	556,450	4,864,553	1,656,441
Chatham.....	1,932,912	38,248	131,364	1,903,568	572,905
People's.....	1,244,566	24,458	7,298	1,269,405	326,781
North America.....	2,556,272	52,967	295,488	2,317,027	817,640
Irving.....	2,388,982	34,497	347,900	1,602,733	596,593
Henrich.....	1,356,000	8,000	191,733	1,302,800	585,000
Metropolitan.....	9,401,799	30,682	884,732	5,684,130	2,100,000
Citizens'.....	1,525,194	21,166	131,055	1,395,320	543,694
Nassau.....	2,496,131	94,049	4,576	2,054,556	801,570
Market.....	2,028,521	50,807	504,800	2,107,762	1,023,745
St. Nicholas.....	2,822,827	33,421	745,616	1,498,486	801,101
Shoe and Leather.....	5,175,100	31,969	598,690	3,771,000	1,554,800
Central.....	3,792,416	21,931	25,531	2,709,139	451,000
Continental.....	3,872,222	117,703	476,147	2,387,140	846,000
Commonwealth.....	2,526,692	33,242	214,261	3,591,534	839,566
Oriental.....	1,345,614	10,602	110,884	1,330,571	253,044
Marine.....	1,783,536	46,985	221,950	1,507,610	552,400
Atlantic.....	1,218,305	13,876	92,500	1,176,616	398,933
Imp. & Traders.....	4,445,597	43,817	512,964	3,780,567	1,165,079
Park.....	15,389,210	171,038	1,930,000	16,056,295	3,877,800
Mech. Bank'g As'n	1,066,557	9,924	307,889	1,369,664	555,868
Grocers'.....	1,177,010	16,146	75,250	1,286,219	485,105
North River.....	1,503,631	23,369	12,380	1,180,994	216,383
East River.....	904,843	2,335	225,000	649,231	207,365
Manuf. & Merch'ts	1,545,557	14,234	1,116	1,255,957	380,284
Fourth National.....	14,624,105	64,125	2,662,755	10,734,465	3,508,155
Central.....	12,030,436	35,900	1,498,020	12,358,004	3,267,614
Second National.....	1,228,194	—	270,000	973,566	315,999
Ninth National.....	5,875,402	21,226	920,337	6,107,458	1,999,473
First National.....	2,581,661	7,360	448,531	2,817,129	1,176,270
N. Y. National.....	3,347,909	10,205	797,626	2,605,215	1,066,716
N. Y. Exchange.....	647,408	4,072	268,474	696,948	291,027
Dry Dock.....	217,361	10,361	13,449	221,639	25,000
Bull's Head.....	1,119,766	7,146	98,180	1,184,223	—

Totals..... \$248,436,808 8,504,096 26,585,394 202,969,288 80,540,513
Clearings for the week ending June 23, 1866..... 696,470,960 96
Balances for the week ending June 23, 1866..... 19,832,175 88

The most important change in the condition of the banks is a further large decrease in the specie line, the amount of specie and gold certificates now held by the Associated Banks amounting to only \$8,504,096.

The deviations from the returns of the previous week are as follows:

Loans.....	Inc.	\$1,135,261	Deposits.....	Dec.	\$446,288
Specie.....	Dec.	2,713,209	Legal Tenders.....	Inc.	1,661,214
Circulation.....	Inc.	697,518			

The several items compare as follows with the returns of previous weeks:

	Loans.	Specie.	Circulation.	Legal Tenders.	Aggregate.
Apr. 7.....	\$242,643,753	\$11,486,295	\$24,127,061	\$189,094,961	\$71,445,065
Apr. 14.....	244,009,839	11,035,129	24,533,981	193,159,469	73,910,370
Apr. 21.....	242,067,063	9,495,463	24,045,857	196,808,578	77,602,688
Apr. 28.....	245,017,692	8,243,937	25,377,280	202,718,574	80,569,022
May 5.....	253,974,134	10,914,997	25,415,677	210,373,393	81,304,447
May 12.....	257,621,317	13,970,402	24,093,259	217,552,853	85,040,659
May 19.....	255,690,463	15,186,465	24,127,729	215,710,145	87,345,488
May 26.....	257,969,593	19,736,929	26,223,867	208,977,905	93,829,947
June 2.....	250,959,022	21,852,093	26,244,225	198,127,289	90,178,992
June 9.....	249,538,959	15,821,663	25,967,253	202,503,949	74,623,674
June 16.....	247,301,547	11,217,305	25,887,876	202,415,676	79,179,304
June 23.....	248,436,808	8,504,096	26,585,394	202,969,288	80,540,513

NEW YORK STATE BANKS.—The following is the official statement of the liabilities of the city and country banks of the State of New York, March 31, 1866:

	LIABILITIES.	12 City Banks.	87 Country Banks.	Total.
Capital Stock.....	\$9,262,500	\$8,902,795	\$3,165,295	\$12,068,090
Circulation.....	319,678	7,343,028	7,662,706	15,324,412
Profits undivided.....	3,166,050	1,560,397	4,726,447	9,452,894
Due other Banks.....	4,990,257	978,776	5,969,033	11,959,286
Due Corporations.....	111,108	422,906	534,014	1,064,024
Due Treasurer of State.....	—	397,234	753,809	1,151,043
Due Depositors.....	22,511,566	13,289,150	36,100,716	71,901,432
Miscellaneous.....	244,853	604,681	849,534	1,699,068
Totals, March, 1866.....	\$41,292,587	\$33,469,967	\$74,762,554	\$108,232,521

	RESOURCES.	City B'ks.	C'try B'ks.	Totals.
Loans.....	\$18,861,013	\$16,044,946	\$94,905,259	118,811,218
Deposits.....	4,728	1,432,054	3,748,738	5,184,520
Due from Banks.....	1,001,105	627,786	1,628,891	3,257,782
Real Estate.....	2,039,831	155,104	2,194,935	4,389,866
Specie on hand.....	3,306,312	531,152	3,837,464	7,143,766
Stock and Mortgages.....	9,797,571	12,615,911	22,413,482	44,826,964
Bills of other Banks.....	4,754,064	995,976	5,750,040	10,504,080
Expense Account.....	95,924	122,397	218,321	436,642
Totals, March, 1866.....	\$41,292,587	\$33,469,967	\$74,762,554	\$108,232,521

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following comparative statement shows the average condition of the leading items of the Philadelphia Banks for the last and previous week:

	June 16.	June 23.	
Capital.....	\$14,642,150	\$14,642,150	
Loans.....	48,616,145	48,166,814	Decrease.. \$449,331
Specie.....	897,351	839,999	Decrease.. 57,352
Legal Tenders.....	20,568,591	21,105,316	Increase.. 536,725
Deposits.....	36,972,474	36,715,308	Decrease.. 256,966
Circulation.....	9,219,553	9,290,004	Increase.. 70,451

statement of the Boston Banks, as compared with the two previous returns :

	June 25.	June 18.	June 11.
Capital.....	\$41,900,000	\$41,900,000	\$41,900,000
Loans.....	34,396,170	37,508,593	39,878,993
Specie.....	323,335	371,596	374,906
Legal Tender Notes.....	25,019,436	24,426,749	25,470,926
Due from other banks.....	11,490,580	10,141,390	11,611,085
Due to other banks.....	16,688,193	11,807,418	16,109,234
Deposits.....	42,587,020	41,992,820	42,558,386
Circulation (National).....	23,633,008	21,845,977	22,916,559
Circulation (State).....	507,371	544,941	480,599

Below we give the comparative totals for each week for the last four months :

	Loans.	Specie.	Legal.	Deposits.	National.	Circulation.
March 5.....	\$92,990,512	\$556,856	\$30,084,968	\$34,581,875	\$22,606,835	\$1,006,719
" 12.....	90,705,159	623,938	19,905,130	35,297,498	22,730,329	731,800
" 19.....	91,902,811	606,999	20,470,018	36,696,321	24,018,916	910,740
" 26.....	91,931,286	513,153	20,913,521	35,887,368	23,019,887	901,620
April 3.....	92,351,979	532,556	20,761,014	36,697,227	23,087,698	869,329
" 9.....	93,142,975	487,455	20,354,570	37,456,560	23,206,642	830,069
" 16.....	91,250,882	457,648	19,902,647	37,606,086	23,635,043	777,198
" 23.....	88,120,897	411,693	19,309,145	36,946,182	22,469,488	744,041
" 30.....	86,723,001	401,113	19,549,614	38,396,210	22,856,656	744,425
May 7.....	90,369,569	576,150	21,415,716	41,305,276	23,516,330	719,668
" 14.....	90,328,554	501,013	22,462,522	42,021,976	23,551,579	695,527
" 21.....	89,634,864	473,173	22,973,509	41,610,149	23,195,968	661,819
" 28.....	91,833,402	436,391	23,658,956	41,651,746	23,722,277	644,658
June 4.....	92,287,648	503,991	26,148,678	42,992,749	23,679,025	669,329
" 11.....	89,878,993	374,966	25,470,926	42,858,986	22,916,559	480,599
" 18.....	87,568,533	371,596	24,426,749	41,992,820	21,845,977	544,941
" 25.....	94,386,170	323,335	25,019,436	42,587,020	23,633,008	507,371

* For the week ending June 18 no returns were received from the National Bank of Redemption.

NATIONAL BANKS.—No National Banks were authorized, or Government Depositories designated for the week ending June 23, 1866.

The national currency issued during the week amounted to..... \$970,570

Previously issued..... 280,263,890

Total to date..... \$281,234,460

The following comparison shows the progress of the banks since May 5, in respect to number, capital, and circulation :

Date.	Banks.	Capital.	Circulation.
May 5.....	1,650	\$271,262,165	272,878,895
May 12.....	1,650	274,653,195	276,540,510
May 19.....	1,650	277,379,660	278,908,675
May 26.....	1,650	280,263,890	281,234,460
June 2.....	1,650	281,234,460	281,234,460
June 9.....	1,650	281,234,460	281,234,460
June 16.....	1,650	281,234,460	281,234,460
June 23.....	1,653	281,234,460	281,234,460

FOREIGN BANKING.—The following is the statement of the Bank of England for the week ending June 13, 1866 :

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.		
Notes issued.....	\$28,605,675	Government debt..... \$11,015,100
		Other securities..... 3,384,900
		Gold coin and bullion..... 13,095,675
	\$28,605,675	
BANKING DEPARTMENT.		
Proprietors' capital.....	\$14,553,000	Government securities..... \$11,008,454
Reserve.....	3,464,864	Other securities..... 31,270,277
Public Deposits.....	7,126,969	Notes..... 2,729,330
Other deposits.....	20,127,347	Gold and silver coin..... 786,220
Seven day and other bills.....	612,101	
	\$45,881,281	\$45,881,281

The above Bank accounts would, if made out in the old form,

present the following result :

Liabilities.	£	Assets.	£
Circulation (including post bills).....	26,578,446	Securities.....	42,815,731
Public Deposits.....	7,126,969	Coin and Bullion.....	14,481,895
Private Deposits.....	20,127,347		
	53,832,762		57,297,626

The balance of Assets above Liabilities being £3,461,864, as stated in the above account under the head Resr.

The preceding accounts, compared with those of the previous week, exhibit :

	Increase.	Decrease.		Increase.	Decrease.
Circulation.....	\$257,830	£.....	Other Securities.....	£.....	\$501,568
Public Deposits.....	477,454		Bullion.....	1,202,934	
Other Deposits.....	79,326		Resr.....	31,479	
Gov. Securities.....	285,051		Reserve.....	689,509	

The small amount of the reserve, notwithstanding the increase of £689,509, has prevented the reduction of the Bank rate this week. The increase in the stock of coin and bullion is £1,202,934. There is a satisfactory decrease of £501,568 in the private securities.

The following is the return of the Bank of France, made up to the 14th inst. The return for the previous week is added :

	DEBTOR.	June 14. 1866.	June 7. 1866.
Capital of the bank.....	182,500,000 0	182,500,000 0	182,500,000 0
Profits, in addition to capital.....	7,044,776 2	7,044,776 2	7,044,776 2
Reserve of the bank and branches.....	22,105,750 14	22,105,750 14	22,105,750 14
New reserve.....	4,000,000 0	4,000,000 0	4,000,000 0
Notes in circulation and at the branches.....	873,038,775 0	873,458,125 0	873,458,125 0
Drafts drawn by the bank on the branches of the bank payable in Paris or in the provinces.....	25,265,933 88	21,535,429 13	21,535,429 13
Treasury account.....	139,070,015 10	116,566,749 29	116,566,749 29
Accounts current at Paris.....	353,776,553 35	342,464,517 85	342,464,517 85
Ditto in the provinces.....	37,553,221 0	41,524,138 0	41,524,138 0
Dividends payable.....	569,446 75	814,112 75	814,112 75
Various discounts.....	15,688,311 91	15,093,820 25	15,093,820 25
Re-discounts.....	2,074,992 92	2,074,992 92	2,074,992 92
Sundries.....	8,326,683 89	9,353,596 60	9,353,596 60
	1,668,508,759 96	1,643,203,607 96	1,643,203,607 96

CREDITOR.

	f.	c.	f.	c.
Cash and bullion.....	613,083,071	81	602,826,221	60
Commercial bills overdue.....	106,855 24		224,447 98	
Ditto discounted in Paris.....	369,064,249	18	364,928,231	47
Ditto in the branches.....	349,219,697 0		338,684,643 0	
Advances on bullion in Paris.....	6,734,500 0		7,147,400 0	
Ditto in the provinces.....	13,989,340 0		13,984,940 0	
Ditto on public securities in Paris.....	14,260,400 0		14,276,500 0	
Ditto in the provinces.....	7,770,100 0		7,387,300 0	
Ditto on obligations and railway shares.....	24,806,300 0		24,476,700 0	
Ditto in the provinces.....	22,238,900 0		22,382,200 0	
Ditto on securities in the Credit Foncier in Paris.....	740,300 0		711,000 0	
Ditto in the provinces.....	506,900 0		564,500 0	
Ditto to the State.....	60,000,000 0		60,000,000 0	
Government stock reserve.....	12,980,750 14		13,980,750 14	
Securities held.....	36,171,987 91		36,171,987 91	
Hotel and property of the bank & branches.....	100,000,000 0		100,000,000 0	
Expenses of management.....	8,290,259 0		8,310,534 0	
Sundries.....	1,927,478 92		1,912,292 22	
	16,507,770 76		16,864,322 73	
	1,668,508,759 96		1,643,203,607 96	

The bank return shows to-day, in comparison with that of last Thursday, an increase of 10,700,000f. (round figures) in coin and bullion, of 14,600,000f. in discounts, 7,400,000f. in deposits, and a decline of 5,400,000f. in the circulation of notes. The stock of coin and bullion now in the Bank amounts to the large figure of 613,000,000f.

BANK STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	CAPITAL.	DIVIDEND.			FRIDAY.		
(Marked thus * are not National.)	Par of Share.	Amount.	Periods.	Last Paid.	Bid.	Ask.	
America*	100	3,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5	135	140
America (Jer. City)	25	100,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
American	100	500,000	April and Oct.	Oct. '65.....	4		
American Exchange	100	5,000,000	May and Nov.	May '66.....	5	111	113½
Atlantic	100	300,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	6		
Atlantic (Brooklyn)	50	500,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	6		
Bowery	25	100,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
Broadway	25	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	12		
Brooklyn	50	300,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	6		
Bull's Head*	50	200,000	Quarterly.	July '66.....	4		
Butchers & Drovers	25	800,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5	125	
Central.	100	3,000,000	May and Nov.	May '66.....	6		106
Central (Brooklyn).	50	200,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	6		
Chatham	25	450,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	8		
Chemical	100	300,000	Quarterly.	July '66.....	6		
Citizens'	25	400,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
City	100	1,000,000	May and Nov.	May '65.....	6		
City (Brooklyn)	50	300,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
Commerce	100	10,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5	109½	114
Commonwealth	100	750,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	6	95	102
Continental.	100	2,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		96
Corn Exchange*	100	1,000,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66.....	5	115	
Croton	100	200,000					
Currency	100	100,000	Quarterly.	Apr. '66.....	15		
Dry Dock*	30	200,000	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66.....	3½		
East River	50	350,000	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66.....	4		
Eighth	100	250,000	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66.....	5		
Fifth	100	150,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
First	100	500,000	May and Nov.	May '66.....	10	208	211
First (Brooklyn)	100	500,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	10		
Fourth.	100	5,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5	99	100
Fulton.	30	600,000	May and Nov.	May '66.....	5		170
Far. & Cit. (Wm'bg)	20	160,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
Gallatin.	100	1,500,000	Apr. and Oct.	Apr. '66.....	5		
Greenwich*	25	200,000	Apr. and Oct.	Apr. '66.....	6		
Grocers	50	300,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
Hanover	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	6		
Importers & Trad.	100	1,500,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
Irving	50	500,000	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66.....	5		112
Leather Manufacturers	50	600,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66.....	5		
Long Isl. (Brook)	50	400,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66.....	5		
Manhattan*	50	250,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66.....	5		
Manufacturers	30	252,000	Apr. and Oct.	Apr. '66.....	5	100	
Manufac. & Merch.*	100	500,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
Marine	100	400,000	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66.....	6		160
Market.	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
Mechanics'	25	2,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
Mechanics (Brook.)	50	500,000	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66.....	6		150
Mech. Bank. Assn.	50	500,000	May and Nov.	May '66.....	5		
Mechan. & Traders	25	600,000	May and Nov.	May '66.....	5		
Mercantile	100	1,000,000	May and Nov.	May '66.....	5		
Merchants'	50	3,000,000	June and Dec.	June '66.....	5		110
Merchants' Exch.	50	1,235,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
Metropolitan	100	4,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	6	117	119
Nassau*	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	Nov. '65.....	5		107
Nassau (Brooklyn)	100	800,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
National	50	1,500,000	Apr. and Oct.	Apr. '66.....	5		
New York	100	3,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5	113	
New York County.	100	200,000	April and Oct.	Jan. '66.....	9	150	
New York Exchange	100	300,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	6		
Ninth.	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		106
North America	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
North River*	50	400,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
Ocean	50	1,000,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66.....	4	110	102
Oceanic*	50	300,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66.....	5		
Pacific.	50	422,700	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66.....	5	167	
Park.	100	2,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	7	143	
Peoples*	25	412,500	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	6		
Phenix	20	1,800,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	4		
Republic.	100	2,000,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66.....	5	112	
St. Nicholas'	100	1,000,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66.....	6	105	
South Ward.	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	Apr. '66.....	5		
Second.	100	300,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '65.....	5	105	
Shoe & Leather	100	1,500,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
Sixth.	100	200,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '65.....	6	105	
State of New York.	100	2,000,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '66.....	5	107	109
Tenth.	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
Third.	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	5		
Union Bankers'	50	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	Apr. '66.....	7½		
Union.	50	500,000	May and Nov.	May '66.....	6		
Williamsburg City*.	50	800,000	Jan. and July.	July '66.....	3½		

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

(REPRESENTED BY THE CLOSING SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, JUNE 29.)

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.						STOCKS AND SECURITIES.							
	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fr.		Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fr.
American Gold Coin.							Railroad Stocks.						
National.							Central of New Jersey.....	100					
United States 6s, 1867.....	128						Chicago and Alton.....	99		98			98½
do do 6s, 1868.....							do do preferred.....	100					
do do 6s, 1868.....	110½		125		110½		Chicago, Burlington and Quincy.....	100			121		
do do 6s, 1881.....			103½				Chicago and Great Eastern.....						
do do 6s, 5-20s.....	103½	103½	103½	104	104½	104½	Chicago and Milwaukee.....			29½	30½	30½	30
do do 6s, 5-20s (2d issue).....			102½	102½	103	103½	Chicago and Northwestern.....	100	29½	29½	30½	30½	30
do do 6s, 5-20s do.....							do do preferred.....	100	58½	58½	59½	59½	59½
do do 6s, 5-20s (3d issue).....	102½	102½	102½	103½	103½	103½	Chicago and Rock Island.....	100	94½	94	96½	94½	94
do do 6s, Oregon War, 1881.....			103				Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati.....	100	117		117		116
do do 6s, do, do. (4 yearly).....							Cleveland and Pittsburg.....	50	84	82½	83½	83½	82½
do do 5s, 1871.....							Cleveland and Toledo.....	50	106½	106½	106½	106½	106½
do do 5s, 1871.....					104		Delaware, Lackawanna and Western.....	100					147
do do 5s, 1874.....							Eighth Avenue.....	100					
do do 5s, 1874.....							Erie.....	100	58½	58½	60½	60	61½
do do 5s, 10-40s.....	96½	96½	96½	96½		97½	do preferred.....	100	73	73	73½	74½	
do do 6s, Union Pacific R. R., (cur.).....	102½		102½	102½	103½	103½	Hannibal and St. Joseph.....	100				33	
do do 7-30s Treas. Notes, 1st series.....	102½	102½	102½	103	103½	103½	do do preferred.....	100		50			53
do do do do do 2d series.....	102½	102½	102½	103	103½	103½	Harlem.....	50					
do do do do do 3d series.....			100½	100½			do preferred.....	50					
do do 6s, Certificates.....							Hudson River.....	100			110½		
State.							Illinois Central.....	100	120½	121	120½	122	121
California 7s.....							Indianapolis and Cincinnati.....	50		66	70	70	
Connecticut 6s.....							Joliet and Chicago.....	100					
Georgia 6s.....							Long Island.....	50					
Illinois Canal Bonds, 1860.....							McGregor Western.....	100					
do Registered, 1860.....							Marietta and Cincinnati, 1st preferred.....	100		40½	40½	44½	43½
do 6s, coupon, '79, after 1860-62-65-70.....							do do 2d preferred.....	100				20	
do do 6s, coupon, do 1874.....							Michigan Central.....	100	103½	103½	104	104½	
do do do 1879.....							Michigan So. and N. Indiana.....	100		78½	78½		78½
do do War Loan.....							do do guaranteed.....	100					
Indiana 6s, War Loan.....							Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien.....	100					
do 5s.....							do do do 1st pref.....	100					
Kentucky 6s, 1868-72.....							do do do 2d pref.....	100					
Louisiana 6s.....							Milwaukee and St. Paul.....	100	57½	57½	57	57	
Michigan 6s.....							do do preferred.....	100	71½	71½	72	72	71½
do 7s, War Loan, 1878.....							Mississippi and Missouri.....	100					
Minnesota 6s.....							Morris and Essex.....	100					
Missouri 6s.....							New Jersey.....	100					
do 6s, (Hannibal and St. Joseph RR.).....	81½	81		82	82½	77	New York Central.....	100	98½	98½	98½	98½	98½
do 6s, (Pacific RR.).....	80		78½	78	77		do do do 1st pref.....	100					
New York 7s, 1870.....							do do do 2d pref.....	100					
do 6s, 1867-77.....			96		96		Milwaukee and St. Paul.....	100					
do 6s, 1868-76.....							do do preferred.....	100	71½	71½	72	72	71½
do 7s, State Bounty Bonds.....		102½	102½	102½	102½	102½	Mississippi and Missouri.....	100					
North Carolina 6s.....	84½	84½	84½	84½	84½	84½	Morris and Essex.....	100					
Ohio 6s, 1870-75.....							New Jersey.....	100					
do 6s, 1881-86.....							New York Central.....	100	98½	98½	98½	98½	98½
Rhode Island 6s.....							do do do 1st pref.....	100					
Tennessee 6s 1868.....							do do do 2d pref.....	100					
do 6s 1860.....	99½	99½	99½	76x	99	99	Milwaukee and St. Paul.....	100					
Virginia 6s, coupon.....	66		67		67	67	do do preferred.....	100					
Municipal.							Railroad Bonds:						
Brooklyn 6s.....							Atlantic and Great Western, 1st mort.....						
do 6s, Water Loan.....							do do do 2d mort.....						
do 6s, Public Park Loan.....							Buffalo, New York and Erie, 1st mort, 1877.....						
do 6s, Improvement Stock.....							Chicago and Alton, Sinking Fund.....						
Jersey City 6s, Water Loan.....							do do 1st mortgage.....						
New York 7s.....							do do Income.....						
do 6s.....							Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 8 per cent.....					90	
do 5s.....							Chicago and Milwaukee, Sinking Fund.....						
Miscellaneous Shares.							Chicago and Northwestern, Sinking Fund.....						
Coal.—American.....	100	60½	61				do do Interest.....						
Ashburton.....	50						do do Extension.....						
Central.....	100						do do 1st mortgage.....			86½	87		
Consolidation.....	100						do do consolidated.....						
Cumberland.....	100	45	45		45		Chicago and Rock Island, 1st mortgage.....						
Delaware and Hudson.....	100				152		Cleveland and Pittsburg, 2d mortgage.....						
Hampshire and Baltimore.....	100						do do 3d mortgage, conv.....						
International.....	50						do do 4th mortgage.....						
Pennsylvania.....	50	147					Cleveland and Toledo, Sinking Fund.....						
Schuykill.....	100						Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, 1st mort.....						
Spring Mountain.....	100	38	39½	4½	4	4	do do do 2d mort.....						
Spruce Hill.....	10						Erie, 1st mortgage, 1868.....						
Wilkesbarre.....	100		54½				do 2d mortgage, 1879.....					96	
Wyoming Valley.....	100	40					do 3d mortgage, 1883.....		96	91			
Gas.—Brooklyn.....	25						do 4th mortgage, 1880.....						
Citizens (Brooklyn).....	20						do 5th mortgage, 1888.....						
Harlem.....	50						Galena and Chicago, extended.....		96				
Jersey City and Hoboken.....	20						do do 2d mortgage.....						
Manhattan.....	50				150		Hannibal and St. Joseph, 1st Mortgage.....						
Metropolitan.....	100						do 2d mortgage, 1869-72.....			100½			
New York.....	50						do Consolidated and Sinking Fund.....						
Williamsburg.....	50						do 2d mortgage, 1868.....						
Improvement.—Boston Water Power.....	20	41	41½	35x	34½	30	Hudson River, 1st mortgage, 1869.....						
Brunswick City.....	100	8			8½		do 2d mortgage, (S. F.), 1885.....						
Canton.....	100	58	54	53½	53½	54½	do 3d mortgage, 1875.....						
Cary.....	100				12½		do convertible, 1867.....						
Telegraph.—American.....	100						Illinois Central 7s, 1875.....						
United States.....	100						Lackawanna and Western Bonds.....						
Western Union.....	100	50½	54	53½	52½	51½	McGregor Western, 1st mortgage.....		64				
Western Union, Russian Extension.....	100	106	106		106	106	Marietta and Cincinnati, 1st mortgage.....						
Steamship.—Atlantic Mail.....	100	124					Michigan Central 8s, 1869-72.....						
New York.....	100						do do 8s, new, 1882.....						
Pacific Mail.....	100						Michigan Southern, Sinking Fund.....		96	96		95½	95½
Pacific Mail Scrip.....	100						do do 2d mortgage, 7s.....			92			
Union Navigation.....	100						do do Goshen Line, 1868.....						
Transit.—Central American.....	100						Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien, 1st mort.....						
Nicaragua.....	100						Milwaukee and St. Paul, 1st mortgage.....			92			
Trust.—Farmers' Loan and Trust.....	25						do do Income.....						
New York Life and Trust.....	100						Mississippi and Missouri, Land Grants.....		60	92	92½		
Union Trust.....	100						New York Central 6s, 1883.....						
United States Trust.....	100						do do 6s, 1887.....				98		
Mining.—Canada Copper.....	50						do do 6s, Real Estate.....						
Conake Iron.....	50						do do 6s, subscription.....						
Benton Gold.....	5						do do 7s, 1876.....						
Consolidated Gregory Gold.....	100						do do 7s, convertible, 1876.....						
Gunnell Gold.....	25						do do 7s, 1865-76.....						
Mariposa Gold.....	100						Ohio and Mississippi, 1st mortgage.....						
Mariposa preferred.....	100	22	22	21½	21	22½	Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, 1st mort.....		97				
Minnesota Copper.....	50						do do do 2d mort.....		88	89		90	
Montana Gold.....	5						do do do 3d mort.....						
New Jersey Consolidated Copper.....	15						St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute, 1st mort.....						
New Jersey Zinc.....	100						do do do 2d, pref.....						
Quartz Hill.....	25						do do do 2d, income.....						
Quicksilver.....	100						Toledo and Wabash, 1st mortgage.....						
Rutland Marble.....	25		48	48½	48	47½	do do 1st mortgage, extended.....						
Saginaw L. S. & M.....	25						do do 2d mortgage.....		75				
Smith and Farnellee.....	10						do do Interest Bonds.....						

NATIONAL, STATE AND MUNICIPAL SECURITIES LIST.

DENOMINATIONS.		Amount Outstanding.	INTEREST.		Prin- cipal Due.	FRIDAY.		DENOMINATIONS.		Amount Outstanding.	INTEREST.		Prin- cipal Due.	FRIDAY.	
			Rate.	Payable.		Bid.	Asked.				Rate.	Payable.		Bid.	Asked.
AMERICAN GOLD COIN.															
National Securities.															
Bonds of 1847.....registered.		9,415,250	6	Jan. & July 1867	128	129		Municipal Securities.							
do do.....coupon.		8,908,942	6	Jan. & July 1868	128	125		ALBANY, N. Y.—City Scrip.....		\$225,000	6	Jan. & July	'65 '69		100
do do.....registered.		7,022,000	5	Jan. & July 1871	104	104		do do.....Water Loan.....		850,000	6	do	'70 '82		101
do do.....coupon.		20,000,000	5	Jan. & July 1874	103	104		ALLEGHANY CITY, Pa.—City Bds.....		300,000	6	do	1879		100
do do.....registered.		382,728,150	6	Jan. & July 1881	109	111		do do.....RR. Bds.....		600,000	4	do	1913		
do do.....coupon.		1,016,000	6	Jan. & July 1881	106	106		BALTIMORE, Md.—Improvement.....		4,963,000	5	J. A. J. & O.	1870		83
Oregon War Bds (yearly) coupon.		114,780,500	6	May & Nov. 1882	104	104		do do.....Miscellaneous.....		820,000	6	do	1870		97
Bonds (5-20s) of 1862.....coupon.		100,000,000	6	May & Nov. 1884	103	103		do do.....N. W. Virg. RR.....		1,500,000	6	Jan. & July	1873		98
do do.....registered.		71,008,500	6	May & Nov. 1885	103	103		do do.....Water Loan.....		3,500,000	6	May & Nov	1875		98
do do.....coupon.		171,219,100	5	Mar. & Sept. 1904	103	103		do do.....B. & O. R.R.....		1,000,000	6	Jan. & July	1886		98
Union Pacific R.R. Bonds of 1865		4,634,000	6	Jan. & July 1895	97	97		do do.....B. & O. R.R.....		5,000,000	6	J. A. J. & O.	1890		99
Treasury Notes (1st series).....		310,512,650	7.30	Jan. & July 1895	103	103		BANGOR, Me.—City Debt.....		554,000	6	M. J. S. & D.	1890		99
do do.....(2d series).....		62,620,000	6	Jan. & July 1895	103	103		do do.....Railroad Debt.....		197,700	6	do	'65 '82		91
do do.....(3d series).....			6	Jan. & July 1895	103	103		BOSTON, Mass.—City Bonds.....		740,000	6	do	'65 '74		
Debt Certificates.....			6	Jan. & July 1895	103	103		do do.....City Bonds.....		583,205	4	do	'78 '79		
State Securities.								do do.....City Bonds.....		6,580,416	5	do	'65 '85		
ALABAMA—State Bonds.....		2,109,000	5	May & Nov 1877	100	100		do do.....Water Loan Sig.....		1,395,610	5	do	'67 '77		
do do do (Sterling).....		648,000	5	Jan. & July 1876	100	100		do do.....Water Loan.....		1,949,711	4	do	'72 '73		
CALIFORNIA—State Bonds.....		2,472,000	7	do	121	122		BROOKLYN, N. Y.—City Bonds.....		634,200	6	Jan. & July	'70 '78		
do do do large.....		8,000,000	6	Jan. & July 1872	100	100		do do.....Improve St Lk.....		1,281,000	6	do	'65 '76		
CONNECTICUT—War Bonds.....		2,073,750	6	Jan. & July 1880	100	100		do do.....Pub. Park L'n.....		121,540	6	do	1869		90
do do do.....		2,073,750	6	Jan. & July 1880	100	100		do do.....Pros. Park L'n.....		5,550,000	6	do	'81 '97		
ILLINOIS—Canal Bonds.....		1,288,887	7	do	100	100		BUFFALO, N. Y.—Municipal Bonds.....		150,000	7	do	1897		
do do do Registered.....		1,758,400	6	Jan. & July 1870	100	100		do do.....Municipal Bonds.....		216,000	6	do	'65 '79		
do do do.....		1,386,570	6	do	100	100		CHICAGO, Ill.—City Bonds.....		259,000	7	do	'65 '82		
do do do.....		2,371,725	6	do	100	100		do do.....City Bonds.....		360,000	6	Jan. & Oct.	1881		95
do do do.....		1,778,677	6	do	100	100		do do.....Sewerage Bonds.....		913,000	7	do	'79 '87		
do do do.....		241,000	6	do	100	100		CINCINNATI, O.—Municipal.....		1,030,000	6	do	1888		95
do do do.....		1,157,700	6	do	100	100		do do.....Water Bonds.....			6	Apr. & Oct.	1895		95
INDIANA—State Bonds.....		2,058,173	3	Jan. & July 1866	100	100		CLEVELAND, O.—City Bonds.....			7	do	var.		
do do do.....		1,225,500	6	do	100	100		do do.....Water Bonds.....			7	do	1879		
IOWA—State Bonds.....		200,000	7	Jan. & July 1868	100	100		do do.....Sewerage Bonds.....			7	do	1890		
do do do.....		200,000	7	Jan. & July 1868	100	100		DETROIT, Mich.—City Bonds.....		20,000	8	do	1871		
KANSAS—State Bonds.....		447,000	5	Jan. & July 1876	100	100		do do.....City Bonds.....		256,368	7	June & Dec.	'69 '79		
KENTUCKY—State Bonds.....		3,294,000	6	do	100	100		do do.....Water Bonds.....		50,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	1865		92
do do do.....		516,000	6	do	100	100		DURHAM, I. O.—City Bonds.....		319,457	8	Jan. & July	1871		
LOUISIANA—State Bonds (RR).....		3,942,000	6	do	100	100		do do.....Railroad.....		400,000	7	Various	'65 '72		
do do do.....		5,388,000	6	do	100	100		HARTFORD, Ct.—City Bonds.....		125,000	6	Jan. & July	'75 '77		
MAINE—State Bonds.....		532,000	6	Mar. & Sept. 1890	100	100		do do.....Park Bonds.....		130,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	'65 '80		
do do do.....		4,800,000	6	Jan. & July 1890	100	100		do do.....Railroad Bonds.....		500,000	6	Jan. & July	1876		
MARYLAND—State Bonds.....		8,171,905	5	Quarterly 1890	100	100		do do.....Water Bonds.....		375,000	6	June & Dec.	1883		
do do do.....		3,192,765	6	Quarterly 1890	100	100		JERSEY CITY, N. J.—City Bonds.....		132,000	6	Various	'65 '81		
MASSACHUSETTS—State Scrip.....		1,737,000	6	Quarterly 1870	100	100		do do do.....City Bonds.....		118,000	7	do	'65 '75		
do do do.....		672,000	5	Various	100	100		do do do.....Water Bds.....		650,000	7	Jan. & July	'77 '83		
do do do.....		220,000	5	Various	100	100		LOUISVILLE, Ky.—City Bonds.....			7	Various	var.		
do do do.....		6,429,000	5	Various	100	100		do do do.....Water Bonds.....			6	May & Nov.	1887		
do do do.....		1,150,004	6	Jan. & July 1874	100	100		MARYSVILLE, Cal.—City Bonds.....			10	Jan. & July	1887		
do do do.....		2,450,000	6	do	100	100		MILWAUKEE, Wis.—City, re-ad'.....		811,500	4	June & Dec.	1894		
MICHIGAN—\$2,000,000 Loan.....		250,000	7	Jan. & July 1883	100	100		NEWARK, N. J.—City Bonds.....		319,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	'70 '83		
do do do.....		1,750,000	6	do	100	100		do do do.....City Bonds.....		219,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	'70 '83		
do do do.....		216,000	6	do	100	100		NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—City Bds.....		100,000	7	Jan. & July	1873		
do do do.....		1,122,000	7	do	100	100		NEW LONDON, Ct.—City Bonds.....		425,000	5	Apr. & Oct.	'65 '84		
MINNESOTA—State Bonds.....		345,000	7	May & Nov. 1886	95	95		NEWPORT, R. I.—City Bonds.....		60,000	6	Jan. & July	1876		
MISSOURI—State Bonds.....		250,000	8	Jan. & July 1867	99	99		NEW HAVEN, Ct.—City Bonds.....		150,000	5	Apr. & Oct.	'73 '84		95
do do do.....		13,701,000	6	do	99	99		NEW YORK CITY—Water Stock.....		200,000	6	J. A. J. & N.	'70 '81		95
do do do.....		7,000,000	6	do	99	99		do do do.....Water Stock.....		3,000,200	5	F. M. A. & N.	1870		
do do do.....		3,000,000	6	do	99	99		do do do.....Water Stock.....		2,147,000	5	do	1880		
NEW HAMPSHIRE—State Bonds.....		431,000	9	do	99	99		do do do.....Croton W'r's k.....		900,000	5	do	1890		
do do do.....		535,100	6	Jan. & July 1866	99	99		do do do.....Croton W'r's k.....		100,000	6	do	1890		
NEW JERSEY—State Scrip.....		1,650,000	6	Jan. & July 1869	99	99		do do do.....W'r's k of '49.....		483,900	5	do	'75 '79		
do do do.....		95,000	6	Jan. & July 1871	99	99		do do do.....W'r's k of '54.....		1,878,900	5	do	'75 '79		
NEW YORK.....		731,000	6	Jan. & July 1872	101	101		do do do.....Ba. Stk No. 3.....		190,000	5	do	1875		
do do do.....		1,189,780	6	Jan. & July 1872	101	101		do do do.....Fire Indem. S.....		402,788	5	Feb. & Aug.	1868		
do do do.....		800,000	6	Jan. & July 1872	101	101		do do do.....Central P's S.....		399,300	5	F. M. A. & N.	1898		85
do do do.....		909,607	5	May & Nov. 1883	99	99		do do do.....Central P's S.....		3,066,071	6	do	1887		95
do do do.....		900,000	5	Jan. & July 1875	99	99		do do do.....C. P. Imp. F. S.....		2,083,300	6	do	1898		
do do do.....		25,596,000	7	Jan. & July 1877	102	103		do do do.....C. P. Imp. F. S.....		1,966,000	6	do	1887		95
do do do.....		702,000	6	Jan. & July 1877	102	103		do do do.....Real Estate B.....		600,000	6	do	1876		
do do do.....		3,050,000	6	do	102	103		do do do.....Croton W'r's k.....		1,800,000	6	do	1873		
do do do.....		6,000,000	6	do	102	103		do do do.....F.L.D't. F'd. S.....		2,748,000	5	do	1878		
do do do.....		2,250,000	6	do	102	103		do do do.....Docks & Slips S.....		150,000	5	do	1866		
do do do.....		900,000	6	do	102	103		do do do.....Pub. Edu. S'k.....		154,000	5	do	'67 '76		
do do do.....		1,163,000	5	do	102	103		do do do.....Tomp. M'ket S.....		102,000	6	do	1873		
do do do.....		167,000	5	do	102	103		do do do.....Union Def. L.....		895,570	6	May & Nov.	'65 '69		
NORTH CAROLINA—State Bonds.....		4,500,000	5	Jan. & July 1874	84	84		do do do.....Vol. Fam. Aid L.....		490,000	6	do	1867		
do do do.....		9,749,500	6	do	84	84		do do do.....Vol. Fam. Aid L.....		1,000,000	5	do	1865		
OHIO—Foreign Loan.....		3,000,000	6	do	84	84		do do do.....Vol. Fam. Aid L.....		2,500,000	5	do	'66 '73		
do do do.....		536,798	5	do	84	84		do do do.....Sol. Sub. B.R.B.....		2,000,000	6	May & Nov.	'75 '89		
do do do.....		634,653	5	do	84	84		do do do.....Sol. S. & R.R.B.....		949,700	6	do	'73 '76		
do do do.....		379,806	6	do	84	84									

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, June 29.

Trade is very unsettled by the fluctuations in gold and the proposed revision of the tariff. The prevailing ease in the Money Market stimulates speculation; but there is unusual distrust in the permanency of prices. It is not supposed that the coming crops will lead to any marked decline; but prices are so high now that it is feared that it will be difficult to force further advance.

Breadstuffs have been unsettled by the absence of supplies.

Cotton has been very dull and depressed.

Provisions have been unsettled. The speculation in Pork and Hog products drags very heavily. Prices of Pork fluctuate about a dollar per barrel daily. The stock on the 1st prox. are expected to be large, while the supplies continue good, and the export and consumption much curtailed by the high prices that are now current. Beef of all kinds remains quiet. Butter shows more firmness and activity, with an upward tendency to prices. The receipts thus far this season have been on the average, and prices have latterly ruled quite low. Cheese meets with a large export demand at full and improving prices.

Groceries show no essential change. Coffee continues as it has been for some time past, very dull on inferior qualities, and firm for prime; but the demand is limited, and stocks are accumulating. Sugars are also increasing in stock, with only a moderate trade; gold prices are constantly working down. Molasses is well held, with a regular trade.

Naval Stores have been dull and unsettled. Oils have been irregular.

Hides have been dull, but Leather has been pretty brisk at full prices.

Petroleum has been dull and drooping.

East India goods remain quiet.

Fruits and Fish are barely supported.

Metals have shown considerable speculative feeling, based on the expected revision of the tariff. The principal movement at this port has, however, been in Lead, at 7c. gold, although the sales of Iron, Copper and Spelter have been considerable.

Tallow has been irregular and unsettled.

In Wool the transactions have been very large, and fine fleece has slightly improved.

Freights have been active, especially in the shipment of corn to Liverpool—supplies from the canal break being now at hand. Rates have advanced from 4d. @ 4½d., early in the week, to 4½d. @ 5d.

Tea Trade.—In reference to the tea trade in China, the following is the latest postal intelligence: KINKIANG, April 16. Green Teas.—No settlement has been made during the fortnight. At the date of our last report the market was quite bare of stock and only one small chop of 128 half-chests, which still remains on offer, has arrived during the interval. The stock at same date last year amounted to 41,302 half-chests, and although the total supply to this port will slightly exceed what is estimated, it will yet show a deficiency of nearly 90,000 half-chests as compared with the total of last season. Black Teas.—Since 2nd instant one chop, 742 half-chests Hohow has been settled at Tis. 14.25. Present stock two chops, equal to 311 chests, local packed. Shipments of Tea to Shanghai since 2nd instant have been 850 packages Black, making total from 1st June to date 109,301 packages Black, and 143,621 Green; against 123,036 packages Black, and 188,460 Green, to corresponding period last season.

NINGPO, April 20.—The new crop Pingsuey is expected here in a month to six weeks. The nominal contract rate for No. 1, new crop chops of good preparation is Tis. 25.00 per pecul, and for Fychows slightly dearer, but we do not yet hear of any transactions.

HANKOW, April 14.—Extensive preparations are being made for the new season's Teas and the number of contractors greatly exceeds that of last year. As the weather is favorable, it is anticipated that the crop will be early.

SHANGHAI, April 22.—There has been a moderate business in Green Tea, but trade generally is extremely dull and will not revive now before the new season commences. Stock of Green Teas consist almost entirely of the commoner descriptions and to these the business of the interval has been mostly confined. In Black Teas there have been no transactions. In Green Teas about 9,000 packages have been settled at rather higher prices. Supplies are nearly exhausted and Stocks are reduced to 5,000 half-chests, of common quality.

Foochow, April 22.—The unsold stock of Congou has been reduced to about 120 half-chests, 200 packages having been sold since last advices. The disturbances in the upper districts of this province have been suppressed, and the tea-men are now hurrying forward their treasure for the purchase of the new teas. The delay in the picking of the leaf will probably improve the quality of the crop. A few small musters of district teas have been shown, but as these do not represent chops, it is useless to report upon them. Export since Jan. 1st, 1866, are: To United Kingdom, 2,938,280 pounds; to Australia, 1,344,960 pounds; to America, 684,300 pounds.

CANTON, April 26.—In Canton Congous nothing has been done; but a few musters have come down, for which extreme rates are asked. Pouchong.—Sales to the extent of about 4,000 half-chests have taken place at former prices. These are on American account. Scented Teas.—Musters of the new crop are being shown, but as yet no business has been done. Canton Green Teas.—The tea-men still show musters of these, but no settlements have taken place, as prices asked are too high, being in excess of those paid at the opening of last season. Exporters will, no doubt, remain firm, and the market will not be opened until the tea-men are disposed to be moderate. Country Green Teas.—There are no old teas on the market, and the new have not yet come forward.

Telegraphic advices state that the export of tea for the last season had been 116,500,000 pounds, and that at Foochow, on the 19th of May, the first new season's teas had been offered. The first new teas will arrive in London this year earlier than usual, from the circumstance that they will be conveyed by steamer. The customary ease, however, will take place; the freight for the first tea ship is for about £1,000, £1 per ton being subscribed by the London tea merchants for this purpose. The competitors are the following: Fiery Cross, Serica, Ariel, Tatting, Sir Lancelot, Taeping, Chinaman, Ziba, Black Prince and Young Lochinvar. The winner last year was the Fiery Cross, but only by a fluke, that vessel and the Taeping having sailed side by side the whole distance. The Fiery Cross, however, being successful in obtaining the only steam tug in the Channel at the time of their arrival, was enabled to arrive at London a few hours before the Taeping.

RECEIPTS OF DOMESTIC PRODUCE FOR THE WEEK, AND SINCE JAN. 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week ending June 29, since Jan. 1, and for the same time in 1865, have been as follows:

[Of the items left blank in 1865 no record was made.]							
	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '65.		This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '65.
Ashes, pkgs...	39	2,841	9,825	Rosin.....	5,716	195,681	29,127
Breadstuffs—				Tar.....	17	37,028	4,890
Flour, bbls...	49,993	1,003,433	1,379,545	Pitch.....		1,222	....
Wheat, bush	30,451	423,344	910,210	Oil cake, pkgs	2,959	53,093	....
Oats.....	55,992	1,593,906	3,526,950	Oil, lard.....	12	2,964	3,750
Corn.....	493,180	4,222,206	2,110,756	Oil, Petroleum	21,949	458,821	200,335
Rye.....	10,050	76,189	50,130	Peanuts, bags.	283	7,291	....
Malt.....	10,712	253,794	....	Provisions—			
Barley.....	121,435	453,185	....	Butter, pkgs.	8,339	193,630	280,060
Grass seed.....	99,883	....	....	Cheese.....	36,190	108,356	104,240
Flaxseed.....	4,244	....	....	Cut meats.....	137	91,000	90,875
Beans.....	975	37,193	....	Eggs.....	3,498	102,349	....
Peas.....	6,900	111,989	....	Pork.....	130	89,966	151,535
C. meal, bbls.	1,704	58,699	1,859	Beef, pkgs.....	296	46,180	74,285
C. meal, bags.	3,854	212,698	....	Lard, pkgs.....	243	77,332	80,640
B. W. Flour, bags.....	6,776	....	....	Lard, kegs.....		5,067	....
Cotton, bales	9,091	373,141	177,545	Rice, pkgs.....	37	1,487	....
Copper, bbls.	166	4,026	....	Starch.....	959	53,783	....
Copper, plates.	2,817	....	....	Stearine.....	15	5,382	....
Driedfruit, pkgs	5,487	....	....	Spelter, slabs.		1,101	....
Grease, pkgs.....	2,224	....	....	Sugar, hds & bbls.....		2,607	....
Hemp, bales.....	348	....	....	Tallow, pkgs.....	48	3,448	9,070
Hides, No.....	345	229,657	....	Tobacco, pkgs.	3,653	78,798	....
Hops, bales.....	3,406	....	....	Tobacco, hbls.	2,913	24,030	....
Leather, sides.	36,027	1,059,279	1,135,800	Whisky, bbls.	1,047	40,088	29,499
Lead, pigs.....	75	4,933	....	Wool, bales.....	3,611	42,119	29,875
Molasses, hds & bbls.....	834	8,142	....	Dressed Hogs, No.....		81,769	....
Naval Stores—				Rice, rough, bush.....		15,702	....
Crude trp, bbl	581	23,955	1,536				
Spirits turpentine....	1,628	20,360	4,187				

EXPORTS OF LEADING ARTICLES.

The following table shows the exports from this port of some leading articles of commerce for the week ending June 26, since January 1, 1866, and for the corresponding period in 1865:

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '65.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '65.
Ashes, pts, bbls	351	2,373	5,371	Pitch, bbls.	1,860	....	....
Ashes, trp, bbls	44	437	27,014	Oil cake, 100 lb	322,353	220,742	....
Beeswax, lbs.	8,833	144,075	134,224	Oils.			
Breadstuffs.				Petrol., gals	382,472	12,346,000	3,826,669
Flour, bbls.	20,344	433,631	631,153	Whale, gals		9,693	11,304
C. meal, bbls	3,159	66,356	73,344	Sperm, gals	3,338	73,055	34,740
Wheat, bush.	131,494	439,379	....	Lard, gals.....		10,305	25,256
Rye, bush.....	199,399	....	....	Provisions.			
Corn, bush.	385,283	4,046,610	348,529	Pork, bbls.....	901	49,287	69,898
Oats, bush.....	19,105	745,178	....	Beef, bbls & cts.	884	39,268	57,369
Peas, bush.....	405	94,535	....	Bacon, 100 lb	1,650	228,432	241,162
Candles, bxs.	2,220	88,139	....	Butter, 100 lb	397	10,155	59,475
Cotton, bales.	1,192	260,763	19,436	Cheese, 100 lb	7,649	55,740	120,215
Hay, bales.....	340	19,332	....	Lard, 100 lb	1,906	147,272	152,373
Hops, bales.....	63	728	11,637	Staves M.	393	60,516	6,590
Naval Stores—				Tallow, 100 lb	708	100,117	104,417
C. Turp. bbls	11,883	....	....	Tobacco, pkgs	1,493	48,368	76,819
S. Turp. bbls	614	4,995	621	Tobacco, mf, lbs.	221,341	914,444	1,859,805
Rosin, bbls.	3,866	125,007	5,748	Whalebone, lbs		361,993	149,536
Tar, bbls.....	19,095	5,027	....			

IMPORTS OF LEADING ARTICLES.

The following table shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending June 22, since Jan. 1, 1866, and for the corresponding period in 1865:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]							
	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '65.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '65.
Buttons.....	108	3,388	1,155	Hardware.....	457	7,491	18,190
Coal, tons.....	8,135	261,196	82,512	Iron, RR trs	26,038	149,116	83,358
Cocoa, bags.....	91	7,786	1,993	Lead, pigs.....	17,573	261,615	78,526
Coffee, bags.....	21,033	447,409	277,496	Spelter, lbs.	177,908	6,280,991	....
Cotton, bales.....	95	1,635	20,159	Steel.....	6,363	95,113	37,396
Drugs, &c.				Tin, bxs.....	28,796	408,175	237,440
Bark, Pernv	305	3,634	1,356	Tin slabs, lbs	10,670	4,011,599	1,693,262
Bleat p'wd's	2,213	13,741	10,812	Rags.....	3,065	25,575	17,925
Brims, tns.	100	11,335	3,152	Sugar, hds, & bbls.	6,478	183,644	143,991
Cochineal.....	68	204	583	Tea, bxs & bbls.	5,662	240,480	166,965
Cr Tartar.....	5	703	393	Sug., bxs & bbls	5,723	530,334	357,743
Gambier.....	11,939	....	....	Tea.....	44	11,915	9,857
Gums, crude	17	7,101	1,279	Tobacco.....	773	8,727	4,238
Gum, Arabic	2018	....	....	Wines, &c.			
Indigo.....	270	1,031	3,071	Champ, bbls	3,721	71,541	20,206
Madder.....	50	7,167	1,873	Wines.....	32,878	257,397	26,537
Oil, ess.....	65	2,672	956	Wool, bales.....	1,014	42,909	28,800
Oil, Olive.....	1,931	76,431	430	Articles reported by value.			
Opium.....	430	....	....	Cigars.....	\$53,711	\$849,343	\$340,991
Soda, bi-carb	7,447	74,826	29,679	Corks.....	2,500	77,564	65,247
Soda, sal.....	2,788	18,788	5,983	Fancy goods.....	99,518	2,112,353	900,386
Soda, ash.....	1,301	25,617	15,791	Fish.....	1,957	580,004	291,619
Flax.....	24	7,328	2,271	Fruits, &c.			
Furs.....	220	2,112	1,935	Lemons.....	39,289	298,495	69,207
Hair.....	33	10,228	1,645	Oranges.....	239,289	257,557	....
Gunny cloth	....	2,654	1,608	Nuts.....	4,756	581,573	604,802
Hemp, bales.....	7,580	76,467	17,723	Raisins.....	30,279	503,881	250,279
Hides, &c.				458 Hides, undrsd	134,886	3,591,601	1,929,002
Bristles.....	54	1,202	1,585	Rice.....	46,298	359,513	700,557
Hides, dres'd.	271	5,345	15,597	Spices, &c.		125,873	41,133
India rubber.....	91	13,312	244	Cassia.....	2,864	35,021	10,350
Ivory.....	71	327	....	Ginger.....		76,906	1,168
Jewelry, &c.	9	379	288	Pepper.....	6,444	105,784	58,673
Jewelry.....	22	596	328	Saltpetre.....		18,961	....
Linseed.....	147,315	18,961	87,713	Woods.....	1,045	13,908	30,218
Molasses.....	4,540	61,513	....	Fustic.....	2,501	101,843	61,190
Metals, &c.				Logwood.....	1,610	75,185	121,247
Cutlery.....	166	3,136	1,112	Mahogany.....			

LONDON, June 15th.—Baring's Circular reports:

Cocoa firm.—696 bags all sold: Trinidad at 77s. 6d. @ 91s. for good mild to fine red, and 94s. 6d. @ 115s. for superior; Grenada at 68s. 6d. @ 69s. St. Lucia 65s. St. Vincent's 61s., and Jamaica 54s. 6d.

COFFEE steady.

LEAD firm.—Common pig £21 @ £21 10s.

SPELTER quiet at £20 @ £20 10s.

COPPER quiet.—Tough cake £26, best selected £29, sheathing £20, Y. M. sheathing 8d. Chili slab sold at £28.

DRUGS, &c.—Castor Oil: of 200 cases at public sale about one-fourth sold at 7d. for fair pale. Shellac: 75 chests of good orange were withdrawn at 87s. 6d. Japan Wax: 170 cases ord to fair black taken in from 75s. @ 82s. 6d. Senna: 30 bales Tinnevely chiefly sold from 3½d. @ 5½d. for ord to mid leaf. Beeswax: 17 cases Madras white partly sold at £10 10s.

HAIR.—500 bales good current quality sold at £39. 500 bales Sunn held from £16 @ £22 for common to good.

JUTE.—Although there was a fair demand at the public sales, yet the prices were barely up to those obtained privately during the week; 4,950 bales mostly realised from £14 15s. @ £24 15s. for common to good, with rejections and inferior from £13 @ £13 10s.

IRON.—Welsh quiet; Rails and bars £8 f. o. b. in Wales. Scotch pigs 53s. cash for mixed Nos. on Clyde.

LINSEED.—Import for the week 4,148 qrs. We quote ord Calcutta on the spot 67s. Mirzapore and Patna 68s., and Bombay 68s. 6d. Importation since 1st January 112,457 qrs. against 241,164 qrs. last year.

NAVAL STORES.—French spirits turpentine landed 45s., to arrive sellers at 43s. Petroleum 2s. 2½d. for refined.

OLDS.—Lined cases steady at 36s. 6d. @ 38s. 9d. on the spot. Olive—Mogadore is firmly held for £32; other sorts dull. Coconut quiet: Cochin 53s., and Ceylon 45s. Palm—sellers of fine Lagos at 40s., Palm Nut 38s. Fish—sales of Colonial Sperm at £123.

RICE firm, but transactions limited; 7,000 bags sold at 10s. 3d. for Necranzie, 10s. for Bassin, and 15s. for good new pearly white Bengal, with Balam at 13s. A floating cargo of 650 tons Rangoon sold at 10s. 4½d. for the Continent.

RUM.—90 puns. Leewards sold at 1s. 4½d. @ 1s. 5½d., and 60 hhd. Demerara at 1s. 7½d. for pale, and 1s. 8d. for brown, and 70 puns. Berbice and Demerara at 1s. 6d. @ 1s.

MOLASSES.—90 puns. Antigua sold at 14s. 6d.

SALTPEETER quiet. 460 bags Bengal sold at 23s. 6d. for 6 per cent., and for arrival sales of 1,300 tons reported at 24s.

SPICES.—Black Pepper, little demand; 260 bags Penang were bought in at 3d.; 200 bags Pimento from 2d. @ 2½d. Ginger—2,300 bags African were taken out at 40s. for fair rough, with 200 bags Bengal at 32s.

SUGAR on the spot is still only in moderate demand at former prices, but for floating cargoes there is a good inquiry, several sales having been effected at improving prices, the advance from the recent lowest point being fully 1s. per cwt. upon clayed, and nearly 1s. per cwt. upon Muscovades afloat.

TALLOW.—Prices continue irregular and fluctuations frequent; St. Petersburg Y.C. 42s. 6d. on the spot, and 46s. 6d. @ 47s. for October to December.

TEA.—The public sales of Assam Teas this week comprised 1,741 pkgs., of which 1,281 found buyers without alteration in prices. The market for China Teas continues inactive. Good common Congou 1s. 6½d. ½d. per lb.

TIN quiet; Bars 86s., Blocks 85s., Refined 87s.; Straits 75s. @ 76s.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., June 29.

During the past week the receipts of cotton at all the ports have reached about 17,000 bales, against 13,500 bales the previous week; being an increase of 4,000 bales; while the exports for the week are only about 10,000 bales. The total receipts at all the ports since September 1st now reach 1,951,121 bales; the total exports 14 bales, and the stock on hand at this date is about 344,802 bales. The receipts at all the ports since the close of the war now amount to 2,368,615 bales. Below we give our table of the movement of cotton at all the ports since September 1st, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, &c.:

RECEIPTS AND EXPORTS OF COTTON (BALES) SINCE SEPT. 1, AND STOCKS AT DATES MENTIONED.

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—				SHIP- MENTS TO NORTH PORTS.	STOCK.
		Great Britain.	France	Other for gn.	Total.		
N. Orleans, June 22.	690,310	331,160	127,017	21,976	480,153	217,091	116,375
Mobile, June 22....	402,833	219,539	40,184	1,579	261,302	101,635	34,965
Charleston, June 22	102,818	45,040	6,057	578	51,675	48,082	5,033
Savannah, June 22.	240,515	88,024	1,492	...	89,516	143,529	10,855
Texas, June 15....	164,629	58,606	1,739	3,214	63,559	64,842	6,986
New York, June 29*	136,356	381,733	35,957	41,272	458,962	...	129,000
Florida, June 2....	146,196	34,703	...	...	34,703	107,673	4,588
N. Carolina, June 29	62,562	21	...	...	21	62,562	...
Virginia, June 29...	34,902	...	...	...	34,902	...	...
Other p'ts, June 26.	...	18,049	...	290	18,339	...	137,000
Total.....	1,951,121	1,176,875	212,476	68,909	1,458,260	780,399	344,802

* By Railroad, Canal and River. † Estimated.

The market during the entire week has ruled dull; speculation being checked by reason of the more favorable advices from the South respecting the growing crop, and spinners buying only to a very limited extent. The European news received on Tuesday, was followed by a slightly increased activity on Tuesday and Wednesday, but since then the improvement has been lost, and the market closes to-day dull, with a drooping tendency. The sales for the week have been only about 4,500 bales. We quote, nominally, as follows:—

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. Orleans
Ordinary.....	27	27	28	28
Good Ordinary.....	32	32	32	33
Low Middling.....	35	35	36	36
Middling.....	37	37	38	39
Good Middling.....	40	41	42	43

The receipts of Cotton at this market for the week ending this evening (Friday) were as follows:

From	Bales.	From	Bales.
New Orleans.....	3,164	North Carolina.....	418
Texas.....	820	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c.....	802
Mobile.....	378	Per Railroad.....	911
Savannah.....	2,677	Foreign.....	95
South Carolina.....	761		
Total for the week.....	10,096		
Previously reported.....	947,302		
Total since July 1.....	957,398		

The exports of cotton from this port have been as follows:

	June 5.	June 12.	June 19.	June 26.
To Liverpool.....	37	449	912	693
To other British ports.....	...	23	...	...
To Havre.....	247	...	71	469
To other French ports.....	80	...	...	...
To Bremen.....	...	...	...	...
To Hamburg.....	...	...	...	...
To other German ports.....	71	...	25	...
To various Continental ports.....	...	...	384	112

Total for the week..... 435 474 1,392 1,304

Previously reported..... 453,416 453,851 454,325 455,717

Total from N. York since July 1, '65. 453,851 454,325 455,717 457,021

MOBILE, June 23.—By mail we have received one week's later dates from Mobile. The receipts for the week ending June 23d were 1,490 bales against 1,505 bales last week, and the shipments were 4,121 bales against 3,096 bales last week; leaving the stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared at 34,965 bales. Shipments during the week were—to Liverpool 3,185, to New York 936 bales, and to Boston 1,166 bales. The following are the weekly receipts, sales, and exports, for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week:

Date.	Receipts.	Sales.	Exp's.	Stock.	Freight—			Price of gold.
					To Liver.	To New York.	To New York.	
March 3.....	12,034	2,300	8,778	76,455	42	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
" 10.....	11,175	3,700	10,477	77,153	40	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
" 17.....	5,383	5,300	3,707	79,031	36	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
" 24.....	8,503	7,600	6,746	80,788	37	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
" 31.....	7,270	2,200	18,628	63,430	36	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
April 7.....	6,841	10,400	2,243	74,228	34	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
" 14.....	5,159	7,500	16,293	63,124	35	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
" 21.....	5,393	3,400	10,024	58,493	33	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
" 28.....	4,684	6,500	3,835	59,312	nominal	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
May 5.....	3,114	5,000	12,074	49,782	31	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
" 12.....	3,045	3,950	9,019	43,788	33	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
" 19.....	2,274	3,700	3,616	41,782	33	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
" 26.....	2,598	4,250	1,973	42,407	36	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
June 1.....	2,181	2,205	2,620	41,958	@ 34	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
" 8.....	1,903	1,770	4,074	39,188	33	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
" 15.....	1,505	2,000	3,096	37,596	nominal	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136
" 22.....	1,490	635	4,121	34,965	33	1½ @ 11½	c 134	@ 136

The market closed on the 23d instant dull, in consequence of a disinclination on the part of holders to sell at present prices. Gold was excited, and influenced by the advices of the advance in New York, rose at one time to 160. Exchange sterling ruled dull, closing at 145 @ 150; New York sight par @ premium. The total receipts at Mobile since Sept. 1 now amount to 402,833 bales, and the exports to 392,153 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, June 23.—The mail returns for the week ending June 23 show the receipts to be 5,488 bales, against 3,842 bales last week. The shipments for the week were 7,709 bales: of which 4,146 bales were to New York, 2,539 bales to Boston, and 1,024 bales to Providence. Stock on hand June 23d had been reduced to 116,375 bales. There were no shipments during the week for Liverpool or any other foreign port. The receipts, sales, and exports for a series of weeks and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week since April 7, were as follows:

Date.	Rec'ps.	Sales.	Exp.	Stock.	Freights—			Price gold.
					To Liver.	To New York.	To New York.	
April 7.....	18,133	14,300	22,456	176,220	@ 38	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 126
" 14.....	12,849	18,100	22,338	167,748	39	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 126
" 21.....	10,801	11,000	19,779	160,336	40	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 126
" 28.....	10,303	5,300	...	...	...	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 126
May 5.....	10,888	5,900	8,262	156,497	35	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 126
" 12.....	5,799	9,500	8,266	154,269	@ 35	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 126
" 19.....	5,460	9,700	3,512	157,087	36	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 126
" 26.....	5,207	13,000	15,303	147,496	39	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 126
June 2.....	4,112	8,200	13,058	139,769	40	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 126
" 9.....	5,258	5,600	21,723	124,133	38	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 126
" 16.....	3,842	9,750	10,650	121,791	Unset'd.	1 @ 11½	c 125	@ 126
" 23.....	5,488	4,350	7,709	116,375	39	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 126

* By steam.

The market during the week has been inactive, and the price given above must be regarded as nominal. Mixed lists are freely offered at inside figures, with a steady tendency in favor of buyers.

GALVESTON, June 16.—We have received one week later statement by mail from Galveston. The receipts were 1,280 bales, against 477 last week, and the shipments were 828 bales, against 1,181 last week. The following were the shipments for the week ending June 16th: To New York, 805 bales; to New Orleans, 23 bales. Below we give the receipts, sales, and shipments for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week:

Date.	Rec'ts.	Sales.	Exp.	Stock.	Freights—			Price gold.
					To Liver.	To New York.	To New York.	
March 23.....	1,252	751	2,662	16,663	29	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 127
" 30.....	2,274	2,466	5,479	13,458	30	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 128
April 6.....	1,379	182	4,493	10,344	29	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 128
" 13.....	2,626	650	3,437	9,533	28	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 128
" 20.....	3,277	1,777	618	13,192	28	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 128
" 27.....	1,197	757	915	12,474	nominal	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 127
May 4.....	1,532	100	2,291	11,715	nominal	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 127
" 11.....	1,261	191	2,219	10,657	nominal	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 128
" 18.....	506	174	2,806	8,357	nominal	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 129
" 25.....	1,176	155	228	9,305	nominal	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 132
June 1.....	925	219	2,992	7,238	nominal	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 131
June 8.....	477	64	1,181	6,534	nominal	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 140
June 15.....	1,280	368	828	6,966	23	9-16 @ 11½	c 125	@ 143

* Specie, ex-revenue tax. † Per steamer.

There was a little more life in the market than noted last week, but closed irregular and nominal. Exchange sterling was nominal, nothing being offered. Sight on New York was firm at ½ premium. The total receipts at Galveston since Sept. 1st now reach 148,509 bales, and the total at all the ports of Texas 164,629 bales.

CHARLESTON, June 22.—The receipts for the week ending June 22d amount to 1,892 bales against 1,353 bales last week. Shipments for this week amount to 2,417 bales against 2,023 bales last week. The

market closed dull—buyers not being disposed to purchase at the prevailing rates. Exchange on New York, sight, $\frac{1}{4}$ premium. The receipts, sales, and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week since May 5th, were as follows:

Date.	Rece'ts.	Sales.	Exp.	Stock.	Price of mid.	—Freight for Up'd— To Liver- pool.	To New York.	Price gold.
May 5.	2,391	940	2,470	10,650	unsettled	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. @ 9-16d.	1c. @ —	128 $\frac{1}{2}$ @129
" 12.	2,364	1,300	1,901	11,112	29 $\frac{1}{2}$ @30	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. @ 9-16	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. @ —	128 $\frac{1}{2}$ —
" 19.	1,403	1,350	3,193	9,322	32 $\frac{1}{2}$ —	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. @ 9-16	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. @ —	130 $\frac{1}{2}$ —
" 26.	1,318	1,070	1,039	9,610	36 $\frac{1}{2}$ —	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. @ 9-16	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. @ —	140 $\frac{1}{2}$ —
June 1.	1,810	460	4,505	6,915	unsettled	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. @ —	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. @ —	137 $\frac{1}{2}$ —
" 8.	1,110	281	2,099	5,926	32 $\frac{1}{2}$ —	nominal	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. @ —	144 $\frac{1}{2}$ —
" 15.	1,858	762	2,023	5,261	35 $\frac{1}{2}$ @36	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. @ —	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. @ —	143 $\frac{1}{2}$ —
" 22.	1,192	250	2,417	5,033	36 $\frac{1}{2}$ —	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. @ —	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. @ —	148 $\frac{1}{2}$ @150

The total receipts at Charleston since September 1st, now reach 102,818 bales, and the shipments 99,984 bales.

SAVANNAH, June 22.—The receipts for the week ending June 21 were 5,199 bales of Upland and 44 bales of Sea Island, and the shipments were 8,075 bales Upland and 108 bales of Sea Island, as follows: To Liverpool, 1,973 bales Upland and 9 bales Sea Island; to Boston, 277 bales Upland and 2 bales Sea Island; to New York, 4,555 bales Upland and 97 bales Sea Island; to Philadelphia, 727 bales Upland; and to Baltimore, 543 bales Upland cotton—leaving on hand and on ship-board, not cleared on the 22d inst., a stock of 10,855 bales.

The market has undergone considerable fluctuations during the week, and, though a moderate business was done for the season, prices varied in such a manner as to prevent any established quotations. During the early part of the week the advance in the price of gold caused considerable activity in cotton, and a very good business was done in a speculative way on the basis of 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. for Middling. This business, however, was purely speculative, scarcely any of the sales being made to fill orders. During the last two or three days nothing at all was done, and at the close of the week holders would find it difficult to effect sales at 35 cents.

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—Our own correspondent in London, under date of June 16, writes as follows respecting these markets:

LIVERPOOL, June 16.—A fair amount of business has been transacted in Cotton this week. The aggregate sales are 71,710 bales, consisting of 56,600 bales to the trade, 10,400 bales for export, and 4,710 bales on speculation. American Cotton has chiefly commanded attention, and prices have gradually advanced $\frac{1}{2}$ d. to 1d. per lb. The falling off in the receipts of Cotton at Southern American ports, and the adverse rumors put in circulation respecting the United States crop have produced this effect. Brazil Cotton is rather dearer, but other descriptions are without quotable change from last week.

The stock here and the supply afloat are still large, and stand thus:

	1865.	1866.
Stock in Liverpool.....	bales.	1,399,950
" London.....	75,398	90,308
American cotton afloat.....	20,000	90,000
Indian.....	481,317	650,104

Total..... 930,535 1,870,362
—or an increase this year of 940,000 bales. The prices current of American Cotton are as under:

	Ordinary	1866.	Fair and	Good and	1865.	Mid.	Fair.	Good
	and middling.		good fair.	fine.				
Sea Island.....	24	27	33	38	52	70	34	42
Stained.....	16	18	20	21	22	24	..	..
Upland.....	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	14	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	..	..	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	..
Mobile.....	11	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	16	..	..	..	..	..
New Orleans.....	11	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	..	..	18	19	..
Texas.....	11	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	..	..	18	19	..

The comparison of prices is as follows:

	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.		1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
	d.	d.	d.	d.		d.	d.	d.	d.
Middling.....	21	29	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	14	Middling.....	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	27 $\frac{1}{2}$	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	13
Upland.....	21 $\frac{1}{2}$	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	..	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	Broach.....	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	17	9	7
Mobile.....	22 $\frac{1}{2}$	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	18	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	Dhollerah.....	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	17	9 $\frac{1}{2}$	6 $\frac{1}{2}$
Pernambuco.....	20 $\frac{1}{2}$	28 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	13 $\frac{1}{2}$					

The following are the particulars of sales, imports and stocks for the week and the year:

	Trade.	Ex- port.	Specu- lation.	Total this week.	Total 1865.	Same period 1866.	Average weekly sales.
American..... bales.	19,120	1,310	2,240	22,710	640,610	139,530	18,270
Brazilian.....	6,590	430	10	7,030	187,780	154,020	5,550
Egyptian.....	2,581	210	110	2,900	107,110	220,940	3,630
West Indian.....	2,480	140	..	2,620	43,710	44,990	1,510
East India.....	25,800	8,310	2,900	36,410	508,570	623,390	14,370
China and Japan.....	30	10	..	40	1,880	30	4,040
Total.....	56,600	10,400	4,710	71,710	1,489,660	1,347,300	43,360

	This week.	To this date 1866.	To this date 1865.	Total 1865.	Same date 1866.	Stocks Dec. 31, 1865.
American.....	60,690	844,798	126,568	459,302	440,790	36,960
Brazilian.....	12,808	277,540	152,252	234,068	128,650	49,630
Egyptian.....	2,632	127,826	217,871	411,328	51,690	68,430
West India.....	1,581	54,817	50,292	113,328	26,850	11,340
East India.....	26,277	729,222	305,761	1,095,744	386,790	134,930
China and Japan.....	5	45	93,691	125,871	2,180	53,180
Total.....	114,083	2,034,218	946,835	2,539,708	1,033,350	353,830

LONDON, June 16.—The particulars of imports, deliveries and stocks at this port, so far as relates to East India, China and Japan cotton are as follows:

	1864.	1865.	1866.
	bales.	bales.	bales.
Import from Jan 1 to June 14.....	169,720	103,521	188,880
Delivery do do.....	128,294	137,189	133,443
Stock, June 14.....	88,924	75,398	90,308

HAVRE, June 15.—The Stock of American cotton is 18,758 bales, against 1,300 bales last year; of all descriptions 148,337 bales, against 35,076 bales.

BOMBAY, June 9.—The cotton trade continues heavy, and Dhollerah is now selling at 300 rupees per Candy.

MADRAS, June 11.—The business doing in cotton is only moderate, at 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb. for Western; and 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. for Salem and Coimbatore produce. The shipments for four months, viz.: from Jan. 1 to April 30, have been as follows:

	Great Britain.	France.	Elsewhere.	Total.
	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.
Jan. 1 to April 30, 1866.....	191,839	782	1,680	194,301
do do 1865.....	97,730	1,706	415	99,851
do do 1864.....	68,478	8,499	804	77,781
do do 1863.....	65,272	2,874	2,187	70,333

ALEXANDRIA, June 2.—Good fair cotton is quoted at 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ d per lb. cost and freight. The market is very quiet. Annexed is the statement of shipments:

	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.
	bales.	bales.	beles.
From May 26 to June 1.....	1,464	150	1,614
Previously from Nov. 1.....	124,290	26,534	150,824
Total this season.....	125,754	26,684	152,438
Same period last season.....	195,071	35,531	230,602

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, P. M., June 29, 1866

The arrival of supplies by the canal may be again noted, (although not in time to enter into our statistics for the week.) The effect is very different on different articles. The quantity of flour arrived to day was much less than was expected, being less than the actual wants of the market, and prices advanced 10@15c. per bbl. As flour is still below the relative price of wheat, this buoyancy is very natural. Wheat was also in small supply and well held—speculative holders are confident of an advance of the best grades of Spring to \$2.75 per bushel. But the great feature of the market was the business in corn, which footed up nearly 400,000 bushels, the market closing with the demand still good at 87c. for prime mixed, and none offered. Oats are in large present and prospective supply, and closed heavy.

There is no variation in the crop accounts. Some new wheat has arrived at the Baltimore and St. Louis markets, but only limited quantities.

The movement at the Western markets is slightly falling off, as was to be expected on the approach of the season for harvesting.

The following are the closing quotations:

Flour, Superfine State and Western.....	\$6 75 @ 7 60	Wheat, Chicago Spring.....	1 70 @ 2 35
Extra State.....	7 60 @ 9 75	Milwaukee Club.....	2 00 @ 2 50
Shipping R. hoop Ohio.....	8 85 @ 10 00	Red Winter.....	2 30 @ 2 60
Extra Western, com- mon to good.....	8 00 @ 13 65	Amber State and Mich.....	2 75 @ 3 00
Double Extra Western and St. Louis.....	13 75 @ 16 75	White.....	2 50 @ 3 25
Southern supers.....	10 35 @ 11 50	Corn, Western Mixed.....	84 @ 88
Southern, fancy and ex.....	11 60 @ 16 75	Western Yellow.....	90 @ 92
Canada, common to choice extra.....	9 00 @ 13 75	Rye.....	1 05 @ 1 30
Rye Flour, fine and super- fine.....	6 75 @ 7 40	Oats, Western.....	50 @ 70
Corn meal, Jersey and Brandywine.....	4 75 @ 5 25	Jersey and State.....	— @ —
		Barley.....	85 @ 1 20
		Malt.....	1 00 @ 1 20
		Peas, Canada.....	1 15 @ 1 25
		White beans.....	1 60 @ 2 50

The movement in Breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:

	1866.	1865.
	For the w'k. Since Jan. 1.	For the w'k. S'e Jan. 1.
Flour, bbls.....	58,940	987,540
Corn meal, bbls.....	6,020	159,895
Wheat, bush.....	8,415	453,960
Corn, bush.....	93,960	3,896,070
Rye, bush.....	6,650	72,640
Barley, &c., bush.....	1,765	229,245
Oats, bush.....	19,830	1,563,435

FOREIGN EXPORTS.

	1866.	1865.
	For the w'k. Since Jan. 1.	For the w'k. S'e Jan. 1.
Flour, bbls.....	21,505	478,565
Corn meal, bbls.....	3,160	73,410
Wheat, bush.....	..	129,280
Corn, bush.....	385,415	4,008,240
Rye, bush.....	..	196,955
Oats, bush.....	19,155	698,320

The export of Breadstuffs to Great Britain and Ireland from Sept. 1 1865, has been as follows:

	From	To date.	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
New York.....	June 22, 1866.....	97,909	1,136,979	7,253,460	..
New Orleans.....	June 15, 1866.....	479	..	7,790	..
Philadelphia.....	June 19, 1866.....	4,900	4,601	630,073	..
Baltimore.....	June 19, 1866.....	..	..	896,128	..
Boston.....	June 22, 1866.....	1,179	..	..	..
Calif. and other ports.....	June 12, 1866.....	22,795	57,380	17,810	..
Total.....	..	127,262	1,198,969	8,805,261	..
To about same period, 1865.....	..	111,727	1,767,914	254,485	..
do do 1864.....	..	943,429	12,428,084	240,220	..
do do 1863.....	..	1,216,420	19,333,708	7,925,489	..

TO THE CONTINENT.

	From	To date.	Flour, bbls.	Rye, bush.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
New York to June 22, 1866.....	3,159	245,651	68,111	34,627	..	..
From other ports, to latest dates.....	1,118	..	..	7,176	..	..
Total.....	4,277	245,651	68,111	41,803	..	..
To about same period, 1865.....	20,130	..	94,990	11,485	..	..
do do 1864.....	61,116	13,965	223,089	12,535	..	..
do do 1863.....	120,788	314,647	1,465,397	61,611	..	..

MILWAUKEE.—The movement of Breadstuffs at Milwaukee the past week, and since January 1st, may be seen from the following table of receipts and shipments:

	RECEIPTS.	SHIPMENTS.
	Week end'g June 23, 1866.	Week end'g June 23, 1865.
Flour, bbls.....	15,480	176,467
Wheat, bush.....	306,888	4,587,457
Oats, bush.....	133,388	993,152
Corn, bush.....	29,716	243,445
Barley, bush.....	1,829	97,164
Rye, bush.....	22,916	163,816

Receipts of Flour and Grain from the three last crops, commencing with the 1st of Sept., compare as follows:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Oats, bush.	Corn, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
1865-6.....	488,082	11,849,644	1,333,942	842,215	182,971	253,883
1864-5.....	172,594	4,285,630	640,598	245,238	178,527	100,456
1863-4.....	305,222	12,532,292	902,404	410,980	202,506	138,125

EASTWARD MOVEMENT BY CANAL.—The following is the eastward movement of flour and grain, showing about what there was afloat last Saturday on canals destined for tide-water:

	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
From Buffalo, week ending.....	1,369	215,127	1,092,570	328,660	.....	74,394
June 25.....	187,735	1,129,390	310,156	.....	69,113	.....
June 18.....	3,480	82,020	949,121	468,671	25,897	15,000
Totals, 21 days.....	4,819	485,882	3,170,891	1,107,487	25,897	159,107
From Oswego, 16 days.....	4,296	133,764	220,281	14,396	.....	14,980
Total afloat.....	9,115	618,646	3,391,172	1,121,883	25,897	174,087
Previous week.....	5,390	311,590	2,230,348	792,517	25,897	99,693
Corresponding time, '65.....	18,164	930,017	727,960	54,535	18,320	15,900

WEEKLY RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS.—The following shows the receipts at the following lake ports for the week ending June 23:

	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
Chicago.....	43,155	233,120	1,594,477	516,715	11,170	65,394
Milwaukee.....	15,453	305,884	46,566	116,563	1,829	22,916
Toledo.....	15,314	30,964	154,491	56,414	1,575	2,030
Detroit.....	11,620	4,461	21,815	12,180	1,996	2,934
Cleveland.....	3,069	20,031	10,047	9,715	400	.....
Totals.....	88,611	594,460	1,830,396	711,587	16,970	93,567
Previous week.....	82,041	631,855	1,538,354	629,021	11,347	93,473
Cor. week, 1865.....	101,043	917,445	753,819	654,969	3,207	16,334

COMPARATIVE RECEIPTS AT FIVE WESTERN LAKE PORTS.—The following will show the comparative receipts of Flour and Grain at the ports of Milwaukee, Chicago, Toledo, Detroit and Cleveland, from Jan. 1st to June 23, for 1866 and 1865:

	1866.	1865.	1866.	1865.
Flour, bbls.....	1,521,979	1,062,846	6,232,528	5,304,266
Wheat, bush.....	8,819,656	8,162,049	340,016	444,140
Corn, bush.....	15,751,477	6,995,220	776,799	263,098
Totals, grain.....	.....	.....	31,950,476	21,068,782

Increase 1866 over 1865: Flour, 459,133 barrels, and grain 10,881,694 bushels.

LIVERPOOL, June 16th.—The weather this week has been all that could be desired for the growing crops, which are now making very satisfactory progress. At Tuesday's market, although there was a fair attendance of country buyers' the trade in Wheat and Flour was quiet at last Friday's prices. There was a good supply of Indian Corn, which sold slowly at a decline of 3d per qr. Since Tuesday, in consequence of the recall of the respective Ambassadors of Austria and Prussia, the market has been very firm; and though the amount of business has not been large, there is very little Wheat offering, and prices are decidedly against buyers. French Flour has been in good request at an advance 1s per sack. Indian Corn has barely supported Tuesday's prices. At our market to-day holders of Wheat and Flour offered their stocks very sparingly, and at considerably enhanced prices, which, however, buyers were reluctant to concede; eventually a moderate business was done at an advance of 3d. to 3d. per cental on Wheat, and 1s. per sack on Flour over Tuesday's prices. There was a better supply of Indian Corn, and with only a moderate demand, prices gave way 3d. to 6d. per qr.

Flour—Extra State, per bbl., 26s. 0d. @ 25s. 6d.; Canadian, 26s. @ 25s. Wheat—Chicago and Milwaukee, per 100 lbs., 9s. 6d. @ 10s. 4d.; do. Amber Iowa, 10s. 6d. @ 10s. 9d.; Indian Corn—Yellow, per 480 lbs., 29s. 3d.; White, 31s. @ 31s. 6d.; Mixed, 28s. 6d. @ 29s. Peas—Canadian, per 504 lbs., 37s. @ 38s. Oatmeal—Canadian, per 240 lbs., 28s. @ 29s.

FOREIGN IMPORTS THIS WEEK.

	Wheat.	I. Corn.	Oth. Grain.	Flr. & Ml.
	Qrs.	Qrs.	Qrs.	Cwt.
America and Canada.....	1,313	20,622	400	2,353
Europe, &c.....	7,287	10,248	400	2,353
Total.....	8,600	30,870	400	2,353
Since 1st Sept., 1865.....	492,374	635,027	73,312	449,730
Same time 1864.....	586,272	193,142	165,590	176,894

IMPORTS OF GRAIN INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM.

	Wheat.	I. Corn.	Oth. Grain.	Flr. & Ml.
	Qrs.	Qrs.	Qrs.	Cwt.
Sept. 1, 1865, to April 30, 1866.....	2,518,645	1,620,096	2,179,915	3,608,953
Same time 1865.....	2,378,712	1,180,760	1,942,686	1,905,493

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1866, P. M.

The Dry Goods Trade is without material change from last week. There has been less demand for goods during the last two or three days, and trade is quite dull. Prices are hardly so firm, though there is no quotable decline. Goods are accumulating in very large quantities, especially among the leading houses and leading styles. Cotton goods, especially, are growing abundant; and, should the mills continue their present production, there will be no want of goods for the Fall trade. Few goods have been sold, nor could large sales be made except at a concession. Woollen goods are more steady and there is more doing, but with little or no changes in prices. It is not quite certain that the new tariff will be passed in as favorable a condition to manufacturers as expected a week or more ago.

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS are very quiet, with nothing of moment doing. In fact, but little trade is to be expected at this season. We make no change in quotations, although some Standard goods have been offered at a cent a yard less than our quotations. Standards are still quoted at 25 cents. This is the price of Indian Head A, Appleton A, Stark A, Nashua X X, and Lawrence C. Atlantic heavy A 37 inch 26, do P A 37 inch 26, do A H 37 inch 26, do P H 37 inch 26, do heavy shirt A V 30 inch 21, do

fine sheet A L 36½ inch 23½, do do P L 36½ inch 23½, do shirt P E 33 inch 22½, Indian Head B 30 inch 20, do E 48 inch 37½, Nashua extra A 36 inch 22, do fine D 36 inch 21, Waltham F 40 inch 26, Massachusetts A 4-4 22, do B B 4-4 21½, Medford 24, Newmarket Manuf. Co. 33 inch 20, do do 36 inch 21, do do heavy D 36 inch 24, Auburn 36 inch 14, Indian Queen 36 inch 17, New England 36 inch 17, Pittsfield A 36 inch 18, Rocky Point sheetings 36 inch 17, Wawawanda 36 inch 17, Appleton B 40 inch 30, do C 17, do D 19, do W 48 inch 33, do shirting N 19, Ethan Allen D 14½, Manhattan K 17½, Pocasset Canoe 39 inch 26, do K 36 inch 21, do family cot 36 inch 18, do H 28 inch 15, Western States 18, Grafton 28 inch 15, do 30 inch 16, do 33 inch 17, Indian Orchard W 33 inch 18½, do B B 19½, N 23, do C 21½, A 25, Bristol 19, G. Washington heavy 19, Griswold ½ 12, Warren 36 inch 18, Excelsior light 4-4 11½, O. J. Rathburn ½ 19, Edward Harris 40 inch 30 do ½ 19, Woburn 23, Tigers 15.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have also been quiet, especially during the last two or three days, nor is any material improvement expected for a week to come. There is no quotable decline in prices, but they are somewhat nominal. New York Mills are held at 4½ cents, Wamsutta 37½ and Lonsdale 32, Rockdale B 26, Uxbridge imperial 4 4 25, Kent River 12, Grafton 3-4 14 and 7 8 15, Auburnville 4 4 29, Aquidneck 4-4 21, do 7-8 18, White Rock 36 34, O J Rathburn 7-8 19, Social Mill Co. water twist 28½, do, C-7-8 18, Manville R 21, do XX 26, Attawangan XX 25½, Bedford O 16, Indian River XX 23, Warrenton B 15, Burtlett Steam Mills 33 inch 24, do 5-4 33, do 7-8 21½, do 4-4 29½, Newmarket 33 inch 22, do 36 inch 25, Waltham L 72 inch 65, do X 33 inch 22½, do W 42 inch 31½, do M 31 inch 85, do N 90 inch 97½.

DRILLS are again quiet, but prices are steady. India 25, Globe Steam Mills 20, Union drill 12½, Pepperell 25, Boott 25, Stark Standard 24 Park Mills 20.

CORSET JEANS are steady for fine qualities, while low grades are nominal. Indian Orchard 16½, Silver Lake brown are sold ahead at 21½ @ 22, Newmarket colored 17, Nashua and Franklin each 15.

STRIPES AND CHECKS are again quiet, and prices are more or less nominal. Arkwright 6x2 22½, do 3x3 22, Louisiana plaids 24, Ringgold fast plaids 20, Simpson's Chambrays 25, Concord 15, Madison check 18, Roanoke 20, Penobscot 22½, and Uplands 22.

TICKS are unchanged in price, but there is only a light demand, and that for the better qualities. West Branch are quoted at 18 for No. 3, and 20 for No. 2. Springfield 14, Pacific Extra ½ 32½, do 4-4 42½, Henry Clay 3-4 19, Amoskeag A C A 62½, A 50, B 45 C 40 and D 35, York 30 inch 41, 32 inch 51, Albany 14, American 20, Glen Allen 3-4 13½, Chattanooga 3-4 15, Ontario A 3-4 13, Passaic 7-8 20, Saconade 13, Windsor 22, Chattanooga 16, Willow Brook 45, Farmer's and Miner's 50.

DENIMS and COTTONADES are very quiet, and there is less firmness in prices. Burlington Brown Denims sell at 14½, Homestead Brown 20½, Peabody Blue 19, Arkwright Blue 26½, do Brown 26½, Madison Brown 20, Providence Blue 20.

PRINT CLOTHS are dull and lower. The quotation is nominally 14½ for 64x24 square, but there are few sales taking place.

PRINTS are inactive, and the tendency is to lower prices, although quotations are unchanged. Arnolds are quoted at 17c, American Print Works madder 20, Sprague's National 19, Madder Rubies 21, Indigos 21, Monnings 18, Canaries 20, solid colors 21, shirtings 22, Garners 23, Amoskeag pink 22, do purple 21, do shirting 20, do dark 20, do light 20, do mourning 19½, Swiss Ruby 21½, Lowell dark 19, do light 19, Spring Valley 15, Wamsutta 16½, Dusters 16½, Merrimac D 20, do W 21, Manchester 19 for fancy and 20 for frocks, Dannels 19 net, Allen's 19 net for fancy, 20 for purple, and 20½ for pinks. Pacific 20 net, Hamilton 20 for fancy, 21½ for pinks and purples. Glen Cove full madders 14½, Wauregan fancies 19½, do Rubies 20½.

JACONETS are quiet and unchanged. Lonsdale 20, White Rock 22 for high colors, and 21 for plain.

GINGAMS are less active, but with no quotable change in price. Lancaster 27, Glasgow 26.

LAWNS are dull and declining, with but little of moment doing. Dunnell Manufacturing Co.'s 1,400 quality sell at 26 regular; Lodi fancy, mourning and plain solid colors 20, Pacific Co.'s fine printed Cambrics 32½.

SILKES are steady for the better grades. Indian Orchard 23, Social Mills 27½, do extra fine twilled 32½.

CAMBRICS are firm but inactive for the moment. Manville 14 for black, 15 for plain and 16 for pink. Clinton 13, Federal 12½, Smithfield Mfg Co. 14-15, Fox Hill Bank 12, Naragansett 15, Wauregan 16.

HOOP SKIRTS are steady at uniform rates, Thompson woven Train 65c do Zephyr 55c, Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, and Empress Trail prices unchanged, S T & A T Meyers's IXL in fair demand, J C Kelley's Gotham No. 60, 75 @ 52c, do do No. 70, 47 to 68c.

CANTON FLANNELS are quiet and unchanged. Columbia are cold at 26 cents, Nashua 27.

MOUSLIN DE LAINES are inactive and quotations are still nominal. Pacific and Manchester 23, Pacific armures 24, do Robes de Chambre 32½, Pacific and Manchester Challies 23½.

BALMORAL SKIRTS are in very light demand, and quotations are nominal. Gilberts black and white \$33 per doz, do dark fancy colors \$39, and Park Mills black and white \$30.

LINSEYS are in fair demand. Rob Roys sell at 26 cents for 3-4, Wool filling 3-4 34, ½ 37½, White Rock 35.

CLOTHS are moderately active for the better grades, while low grades are in light demand. Prices are rather firmer for all kinds. Cotton warps \$2 15 for No. 1, \$2 05 for No. 2, and \$1 95 for No. 3; 6-4 Consobocken do \$2 25 @ \$2 75; 6-4 all wool black doeskins \$3 25 @ \$3 75; Leicester ladies' cloths \$1 50.

CASSIMERES and SATINETS are in steady, fair demand, for heavy

grades. There is less confidence in the passage of the new tariff and less expectation of higher prices. Millville 3-4 fancy cassimeres sell at \$1 50@2, do silk mixed do \$1 50, Farmer's and Miner's double and twist do 50c, Farmer's A Union do 47½c, Shaw's Diagonal cassimeres \$1 35, do doeskins \$1 25, Rochester grey do \$1 25, Dighton's silk mixed \$1 50 for light weight and \$1 87½@2 12½ for heavy do, Utica 6-4 fancy cassimeres \$2 12½@23, Merchant's Woollen Co.'s silk mixtures \$2 for 3-4 and \$4 for 6-4, Carolina Mills heavy fancy do \$1 62½@22, American Mills 3-4 heavy do \$2 25@2 50, do 6-4 do \$4 50@55, East Windsor Woollen Co.'s 3-4 fancy do \$2@22 25, Solomon Woodward's 3-4 black-ribbed do \$2, do tan do \$2, Walloomsack River Mills 3-4 fancy do \$1 50@1 75, Taconic Mills 3-4 fancy \$1 25, do 3-4 Union silk mixtures \$1 37½, Fort Ann Mills 6-4 coatings \$4, Granville Mills 3-4 fancy cassimeres \$1 75@2, Lake Austin's Mills 3-4 mixtures \$1 75, Trenton plaids for boys 42½c for plain, and 47½ for twilled, Evans, Seagrave & Co.'s heavy 3-4 fancy cassimeres \$2@22 50, F. M. Ballou & Co.'s do \$2@2 50; S. & H. Sayles do \$1 37½@1 75, Babcock & Moss, do \$2@2 50, Campbell & Co.'s do \$2@2 25, Mechanicsville Co.'s do \$1 75@2 25, Evans, Seagrave, Mason & Co.'s No. 3 mill do \$2@2 25, plough, loom and anvil cassimeres 50c net. Tip top satinets sell at \$1 10 for No. 1, and \$1 05 for Lower Valley, Mousen and Hampden 75c@80c for mixtures and 85c for blue.

KENTUCKY JEANS are in fair request and steady. Washington and Union 50c, Eagleville 37½@42½, extra fine indigo blue do 47½, common standard 22c, and E. and H. Babcock's Alpine cloth 47½.

LINSEYS are quiet. White Rock sell at 35, Park Mills 32½ for No. 35, 37½ for No. 45, and 40 for No. 60.

FLANNELS are in good demand, and finer. Plain scarlet and orange range from 32½@50, plain white 34@75, scarlet, blue and mixed twilled 37½@65.

AMERICAN LINEN is steady. Crash 12@16, and Hucabuck 20@21.

FOREIGN GOODS are dull for nearly all kinds. Some few styles of Summer dress goods are called for at full prices. Black and plain colored silks are also steady, but most other goods are purchased at lower figures. Woollens are inactive. The sales at auction are without importance.

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our own correspondent in London, under the date of June 13, writes as follows respecting the Manchester Cotton Yarn and Cotton Goods market:

The market for yarns has shown a few signs of renewed activity; but buyers both for the home and export trades, are very cautious, and the aggregate business done shows no material increase from last week. The trade, however, is decidedly firmer; and, although prices cannot be quoted higher, they are certainly fully as high as last week. Cloth is firm, and commands rather more money. Were it not for the circumstance that large quantities, purchased several weeks since, and which were intended for the Indian markets, have, owing to the failure of Agra and Masterman's Bank, been again placed upon this market, it is probable that a somewhat important rise would have to be recorded. For the home trade, the transactions have been on a tolerably large scale. The following are some of the leading quotations:

WATER TWIST FOR EXPORT.					
Numbers.....	6 to 12	16 to 24	28 to 32	38 to 42	
Common quality.....	d. d.	d. d.	d. d.	d. d.	
Second quality.....	8	16½	17½	21	
Best quality.....	10	18	19	23	
	16	19	21	25	

MULE TWIST FOR EXPORT.											
Numbers.....	6 to 12	16 to 24	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	
Common quality.....	d. d.	d. d.	d. d.	d. d.	d. d.	d. d.	d. d.	d. d.	d. d.	d. d.	
Second quality.....	7	12	14	17	22	23	25	27	29	31	
Best quality.....	9	13	15	19	24	25	27	29	31	33	
	13	15	17	21	26	27	29	31	33	35	

GOLD END GRAY SHIRTINGS, 37½ YARDS.											
—45 INCHES—						—50 INCHES—					
Reeds.....	56	64	66	72	56	64	66	72			
lb. oz.	lb. oz.	lb. oz.	lb. oz.	lb. oz.	lb. oz.	lb. oz.	lb. oz.	lb. oz.			
Weights.....	8	9	10	10	8	12	10	11	11	8	
Prices.....	14s. 6d.	16s. 6d.	18s. 6d.	20s. 6d.	16s. 6d.	18s. 9d.	19s. 9d.	22s. 0d.			

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending June 29, 1866, and the corresponding weeks of 1864 and 1865, have been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 29, 1866.					
	1864.	1865.	1866.		
Manufactures of wool.....	110	\$27,390	\$291,123	900	\$367,895
do cotton.....	72	24,714	462	135,481	109,967
do silk.....	179	191,281	290	288,445	175,785
do flax.....	71	11,899	1266	217,217	416
Miscellaneous dry goods.....	12	3,022	207	28,725	78,729
Total.....	444	\$258,306	3016	\$960,991	2079

WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

Manufactures of wool.....	34	\$14,834	306	\$128,092	1219	\$498,191
do cotton.....	19	7,780	91	26,279	152	54,286
do silk.....	31	47,445	57	74,884	88	86,107
do flax.....	192	26,398	312	82,335	585	163,161
Miscellaneous dry goods.....	1	2,343	11	3,029	880	30,777
Total.....	277	\$98,800	1,827	\$314,619	2924	\$832,515
Add ent'd for consumption.....	444	\$258,306	3016	\$960,991	2079	\$834,202
Total th'wn upon mak't.....	721	\$357,106	3842	\$1,275,610	5003	\$1,666,717

ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	427	\$202,823	749	\$303,075	691	\$291,895
do cotton....	126	36,051	50	17,152	205	67,597
do silk	46	48,466	56	83,318	39	29,623
do flax	35	7,364	146	26,360	161	40,164
Miscellaneous dry goods.	3662	67,405	15	5,113	21	15,297
Total.....	4296	\$302,108	1015	\$435,018	1118	\$445,756
Add ent'd for consumpt'n	444	258,306	3016	960,991	2079	834,302
Total entered at the port.	4740	\$560,414	4031	\$1,396,009	3197	\$1,280,058

DETAILED STATEMENT.

The following is a detailed statement of the movement the past week ending June 29, 1866:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.

MANUFACTURES OF WOOL.				* MANUFACTURES OF COTTON.				
Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	
Woolens.....	419	\$182,685	Shawls.....	23	6,218	Merinos.....	1	288
Cloths.....	44	23,733	Gloves.....	40	6,984	Worsted y'n 22	5,509	
Carpeting.....	11	2,719	Worsted.....	175	97,938	Braids & bds. 17	7,242	
Blankets.....	76	7,920	Hose.....	40	11,969	Cot. & worst. 32	15,740	
Total.....						900	\$267,895	

MANUFACTURES OF COTTON.								
Cottons.....	74	\$18,505	Laces.....	12	4,364	Gloves.....	10	2,992
Colored.....	14	5,879	Ribbons.....	4	3,723	Spool.....	6	2,412
Emb'd mus'n	11	7,559	Braids & bds.	27	10,759	Hose.....	189	48,732
Velvets.....	6	2,151	Hdkfs.....	16	2,943			
Total.....							369	\$109,967

MANUFACTURES OF SILK.								
Silks.....	56	\$78,583	Laces.....	18	9,199	Raw.....	11	6,873
Pushes.....	1	1,162	Gloves.....	1	1,663	Braids & bds.	7	6,854
Velvets.....	5	5,863	Cravats.....	1	745	Silk & worst.	5	3,671
Ribbons.....	51	50,479	Vestings....	2	1,747	Silk & cotton	17	11,941
Total.....							175	\$178,735

MANUFACTURES OF FLAX.								
Linens.....	342	\$82,981	Linens & cot..	1	102	Laces.....	2	495
Hdkfs.....	8	6,814	Thread.....	23	7,634	Hemp yarn.	40	800
Total.....							416	\$98,826

MISCELLANEOUS.							
Leath gloves. 13 ¹	\$15,829	Embroideries 11	6,877	Feath. & flow 31	3,810		
Kid gloves... 3	1,949	Corsets..... 37	14,296	Susp. & elas. 17	6,242		
Clothing..... 38	13,726	Straw goods. 70	16,020				
Total.....					219	\$78,729	

WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE.			
MANUFACTURES OF WOOL.			

Pkgs. value.		Pkgs. Value.		Pkgs. Value.	
Woolens.....	406 193,662	Shawls ...	2 1,427	Merines	38 16,594
Cloths.....	11 5,867	Worsted.....	358 157,541	Wors. yarn ..	1 199
Carpeting.....	17 4,747	Delaines.....	31 24,536	Braids & bds. 44	15,567
Blankets.....	173 17,840	Hose	1 263	Cot & wos'd. 147	60,948

Total.....				1219 \$498,191				
MANUFACTURES OF COTTON.								
Cottons.....	48	\$19,356	Gingams.....	42	15,241	Laces.....	6	1,266
Colored.....	29	8,646	Emb. musli's	11	4,108	Spool.....	1	259
Prints.....	0	2,751	Velvets.....	4	1,588	Hose.....	2	1,091

MANUFACTURES OF WOOL.				MANUFACTURES OF COTTON.			
Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Woolens.....	22	\$17,363	Laces.....	1	268	Silk & worst. 4	2,711
Ribbons.....	10	8,688	Vestings.....	1	314	Silk & cot.....	1
Total.....				152 \$54,286			
MANUFACTURES OF SILK.							
Silks.....	19	\$34,946	Shawls.....	1	170	Silk & cotton 11	5,860
Ribbons.....	43	35,500	Braids & bds. 2	1,178			
				— —			

Laces.....	8	4,900	Silk & worst.	4	3,613	Total.....	SS	\$86,107
MANUFACTURES OF FLAX.								
Linen.....	553	\$146,219	Hdkfs	11	9,867	Thread	24	6,808
Linen & cot.	1	266						
Total.....							580	\$163,160

MISCELLANEOUS.							
Leath.gloves. 1	\$770	Clothing..... 3	976	Straw goods.597	15,440		
Matting.....260	1,153	Embroideries 3	2,572	Sus. & elast.. 16	9,860		
Total.....				880	\$30,771		

ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING.

MANUFACTURES OF WOOL.					
Pkgs. Value.		Pkgs. Value.		Pkgs. Value.	
Woolens.....	210 \$104,180	Shawls.....	27 24,283	Worsted yarn 2	630
Cloths.....	3 814	Gloves.....	23 6,237	Braids & bds. 3	1,390
Carpeting.....	71 23,661	Worsted.....	190 89,796	Cot. & worst. 80	30,064
Blankets.....	76 8,110	Hose.....	6 2,220		
Total.....				601	\$291,895

MANUFACTURES OF COTTON.								
Cottons.....	89	\$33,159	Ribbons.....	1	699	Spool.....	11	1,793
Colored.....	2	459	Laces.....	4	2,656	Hose.....	73	21,677
Ginghams.....	11	3,733	Hdkfs.....	1	390			
Velvets.....	5	1,783	Gloves.....	9	1,249	Total.....	206	\$67,597

MANUFACTURES OF SILK.								
Velvets.....	22	\$17,263	Laces.....	1	268	Silk & worst.	4	2,711
Ribbons.....	10	8,688	Vestings....	1	344	Silk & cot....	1	249
Total.....							39	\$29,623

MANUFACTURES OF FLAX.								
Linen.....	152	\$36,869	Hdkfs.....	1	1,081	Thread.....	7	1,905
Laces.....	1	309						
Total.....							161	\$40,164
MISCELLANEOUS.								

Quau. Value.		Quau. Value.		Quau. Value.		Quau. Value.		Quau. Value.		Quau. Value.		Quau. Value.						
Cs.....	25	500	Mfd tobacco,	7,741	Fish roes, bbl	100	900	Bread, pkgs.,	40	181	Candles, bxs.,	210	Rosin, bbls.,	100				
Seneca root,			Butter, lbs.	21,734	6,593	Sweepings, bbl	37	6,490	Lamps, pkgs.,	37	2,089	Alcohol, bbl.	103	W'd'r, pkgs.	215			
pkgs.,	30	1,610	Treenails, .	2,000	160	Tallow, lbs.	273,619	31,204	Paint, pkgs.,	103	460	Vinegar, bbls.	35	Agimpis, pkgs.	200			
Wood, tons.,	25	1,050	Iron ore, tons	90	836	Qurr bark, hds	99	3,05	Shoes, ca.	2	206	Iron safe.....	4	285	Blacking, ca.	50		
Ice, tons.,	150	750	Redwood, tons	2	180	Copper, bars.	275	18,450	Flour, bbls.	150	2,288	Miscellaneous	1,624	2,000	Irons, ca.	1,000		
Miscellaneous	96		Beef, bbls.	11	228	Hoofs, bps.	715	1,350	Paper, reams	900	615			602,417	Segars, ca.	1,741		
	\$51,229		Spts turpentine.	1	65	Brandy, cs.	30	265	Carriages.....	7	3,680			56	Sew mach, cs.	146		
			Shoes, ca.	100	1,625	Ons.,	1,005	4,440	Wn, pkgs.,	5	310	NEW GRANADA				Hardware, cs.	37	
			Oil clothing, cs	1	100	Slats, bbls.	1,005	1,500	Tallow, lbs.	3,633	328	Clothing, cs.	12	4,800	Paper, rms.	1,000	500	
			Hardware, cs.	13	430	Cedar, logs.	400	3,708	Sew mach, cs.	19	1,271	Boots & sh, cs.	8	2,400	Cot'n gins, pcs	100	7,438	
			Whitewood,			Blackwalnut, lg	20	1,760	Hardware, cs.	60	2,362	Photo mtl, cs.	5	1,000	Furniture, bxs.	31	363	
			Marble, bxs.	11	440	Mahogany, logs	43	850	Fancy goods, cs	3	353	Books, cs.	9	3,600	Oil, galls.	41	109	
			Hemp, bales.	4	235	Indigo, cs.	26	3,200	Photo mtl, cs.	3	467	Sew mach.....	22	6,600	Nails, bxs.	4	44	
			Preserves, cs.	85	750	Furniture, cs.	28	2,450	Furniture, cs.	7	599	Exp pkg, cs.	1	120	Machinery, cs.	1	40	
			Miscellaneous	44		Clothing, cs.	28	800	Wine, cs.	100	467	Tin ware, ca.	1	150	Horns, cs.	30	599	
						Effects, cs.	6	200	Preserves, cs.	32	350	Lamps, cs.	2	300	Hook skirts,	3	2,466	
						Beeswax, lbs.	2455	910	Matches, cs.	17	295	Stationery, cs.	2	200	Clocks, bxs.	40	1,380	
						Shooks & H.	139	180	Dry goods, cs.	51	8,578				Maizena, bxs.	250	1,080	
						Miscellaneous		79	Cutlery, cs.	13	963				Spts turp, bxs.	69	1,593	
									Window glass,							Tacks, bxs.	12	270
									Gn, pkgs.,	60	425	Flour, bbls.	50	6,975	Woolen cloth, b	1	270	
									Orgs.,	60	160	Tobacco, hds.	4	1,051	Perfur, bxs.	44	484	
									Shooks	500	400	Lard, lbs.	5,000	1,250	Sew mach, bxs.	4	120	
									Nails, kegs	15	99	Mfd tobacco, h	900	288	Wicking, bbls.	21	756	
									Trunks, pkgs.	10	83	Butter, lbs.	396	148	Lard, lbs.	8,000	1,878	
									Agil implants,			Hams, lbs.	1,200	283	Hams, lbs.	9,755	2,407	
									pkgs.	17	200	Bricks, No. 15,000	187	1,600	Blacking, bbls.	12	574	
									Print mtl, pkg	17	761	Drugs, pkg.	54	424	Drugs, pkgs.	82	2,049	
									Bricks, pkgs.	2	72	Bricks, pkgs.	13	249	Lard, lbs.	31	470	
									Printing paper,			Agimpis, pkgs.	14	125	Coal oil, galls.	500	350	
									pkgs.	45	306	Coal oil, gal	1,250	807	Miscellaneous		65	
									Crockery, cks.	7	283	Rope, coils.	11	159				
									Piano.....	1	480	Hardware, cs.	1	83			\$98,461	
									Lumber, ft.,	2,000	100	Lumber, ft.,	11,000	297			ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.	
									Clocks, bxs.	4	211						Mf tobacco, lbs.	2,500
									Mf tobacco,								Lumber, ft	538,139
									Hams, lbs.	1,240	606							9,272
									Hams, lbs.	395	78	Domestics, bbls.	84	14,491	Total.....		\$10,048	
									Tacks, bxs.	40	1,840	Flour, bbls.	2,518	34,393	Grand total		\$2,388,325	
	</																	

PRICES CURRENT.

WHOLESALE.

All goods deposited in public stores or bonded warehouses must be withdrawn therefrom, or the duties thereon paid within one year from the date of the original importation, but may be withdrawn by the owner for exportation to Foreign Countries, or may be transhipped to any port of the Pacific, or Western Coast of the United States, at any time before the expiration of three years from the date of the original importation, such goods on arrival at a Pacific or Western port, to be subject to the same rules and regulations as if originally imported there; any goods remaining in public store or bonded warehouse beyond three years shall be regarded as abandoned to the Government, and sold under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe. Merchandise upon which duties have been paid may remain in warehouse in custody of the officers of the customs at the expense and risk of the owners of said merchandise, and if exported directly from said custody to a Foreign Country within three years, shall be entitled to return duties, proper evidence of such merchandise having been landed abroad to be furnished to the collector by the importer, one per centum of said duties to be retained by the Government.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted.

The tar in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

Ashes—Duty: 15 per cent ad val.
Pot, 1st sort. 100 lb @ 8 25
Pearl, 1st sort. 100 lb @ 15 25

Anchor—Duty: 21 cents per lb.
Of 209 lb and upward. 10 @ 10

Beeswax—Duty: 20 per cent ad val.
American yellow. 40 @ 41

Bones—Duty: on invoice 10 per cent.
Rio Grande shin. 30 @ 00

Bread—Duty: 30 per cent ad val.
Pilot. 61 @ 61
Navy. 51 @ 51
Crackers. 14 @ 14

Breadstuffs—See special report.

Bricks.
Common hard. per M. 9 00 @ 10 00
Croton. 14 00 @ 15 00
Philadelphia Fire. 40 @ 40

Bristles—Duty: 15 cents; hogs hair, 1 per lb.
American, gray and white. 70 @ 2 50

Butter and Cheese.—Duty: 4 cents.
The market is fairly active for home consumption.

Butter.
N. Y., Welch tubs, strictly fine. 35 @ 83
do do fair to good. 30 @ 85
do do fair to good. 35 @ 40
do do fair to good. 33 @ 88
Western, good to choice. 25 @ 30
Pa., common to medium. 33 @ 35
do do firkins, finer kinds, yellow. 35 @ 35
West. Ke. ewe, good to fine, yel. 35 @ 30
do do com. to medium. 25 @ 30
Canada, uniform and fine. 25 @ 30
do do ordinary, mixed. 25 @ 30
Mich. Ill., Ind. & Wis., g. to f. yel. 33 @ 87
do do com. to med. 25 @ 80

Cheese.
Factory made dairies. 16 @ 22
Farm dairies. 18 @ 20
do do common. 8 @ 15
English dairy. 8 @ 15
Vermont dairy. 8 @ 15

Candles—Duty: tallow, 2 1/2; spermaceti and wax 8; stearine and adamantine, 5 cents per lb.
Sperm. 50 @ 50
Refined sperm, city. 40 @ 40
Stearine. 30 @ 31
Adamantine. 12 @ 23

Cement—Rosendale. per bbl. 1 75

Chains—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb.
One inch and upward. 8 1/2 @ 8 1/2

Coal—Duty: bituminous, \$1 25 per ton of 36 bushels 50 lb to the bushel; other than bituminous, 40 cents 28 bushels of 50 lb bushel.
Liverpool Orrel. 240 lb @ 10 00
Liverpool House Channel. 14 @ 10
Anthracite. 8 00 @ 9 00

Cocoa—Duty: 3 cents per lb.
Cacaoas. (gold) (in bond). 22 @ 23
Maracibo. do. 15 @ 15
Guayaquil. do. 15 @ 15

Coffee—Duty: When imported direct in American or equalized vessels from the place of its growth or production; also, the growth of countries this side the Cape of Good Hope when imported indirectly in American or equalized vessels, 5 cents per lb; all other 10 per cent ad valorem in addition.

Coffee has been unsettled during the week and the market closes a dull.

Rio, prime, duty paid. gold 19 @ 19
do good. gold 17 @ 17
do fair. gold 15 @ 15
do ordinary. gold 14 @ 14
do fair to good average. gold 15 @ 17
ava, mata and bags. gold 24 @ 25

Native Ceylon. 20 @ 23
Maracibo. 17 @ 18
Lacayra. 17 @ 18
St. Domingo. 16 1/2 @ 17

Copper—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 2 1/2; old copper 2 cents per lb; manufactured, 30 per cent ad val.; sheathing copper and yellow metal, in sheets 42 inches long and 14 inches wide, weighing 14 @ 34 oz. per square foot, 3 1/2 cents per lb. All cash.

Ingot is in fair demand and steady. Other kinds are quiet.

Sheathing, new. 43 @ 45
Sheathing, &c., old. 24 @ 25
Sheathing, yellow. 43 @ 45

Braziers. 43 @ 45
Baltimore. 31 1/2 @ 31
Detroit. 31 1/2 @ 31
Portage Lake. 33 @ 34

Cordage—Duty, tarred, 3; untarred Manila, 2 1/2; other untarred, 3 1/2 cents per lb.

Manilla. 20 1/2 @ 21 1/2
Tarred Russia. 19 @ 19
Tarred American. 19 @ 19
Bolt Rope, Russia. 12 @ 12

Corks—Duty, 50 per cent ad val.
Regular, quarts. 55 @ 70
Short Tapers. 45 @ 50
Mineral. 12 @ 40
Phial. 12 @ 40

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Dyes—Duty, Alcohol, 40 cents per gallon; Aloes, 6 cents per lb; Alum, 60 cents per 100 lb; Argols, 6 cents per lb; Arsenic and Assafetida, 20; Antimony, Crude and Regulus, 10; Arrowroot, 30 per cent ad val.; Balsam Capivi, 20; Balsam Tolu, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents per lb; Calaya Bark, 30 per cent ad val.; Bi Carb. Soda, 1 1/2; Bi Chromate Potash, 3 cents per lb; Bleaching Powder, 30 cents per 100 lb; Refined Borax, 10 cents per lb; Crude Brimstone, 8 1/2; Roll Brimstone, \$10 per ton; Flor Sulphur, \$20 per ton, and 15 per cent ad val.; Crude Camphor, 30; Refined Camphor, 40 cents per lb; Carb. Ammonia, 20 per cent ad val.; Cardamoms and Cantharides, 50 cents per lb; Castor Oil, \$1 per gallon; Chlorate Potash, 6; Caustic Soda, 1 1/2; Citric Acid, 10; Copperas, 4; Cream Tartar, 10; Cubebs, 10 cents per lb; Cutch, 10; Chamomile Flowers, 20 per cent ad val.; Epsom Salts, 1 cent per lb; Extract Logwood, Flowers Benzola and Gamboge, 10 per cent; Ginseng, 20; Gum Arabic, 20 per cent ad val.; Gum Benzoin, Gum Kowrie, and Gum Damar, 10 cents per lb; Gum Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Gecda and Gum Tragacanth, 20 per cent ad val.; Hyd. Potash and Resublimed Iodine, 75; Ipecac and Jalap, 50; Lic. Paste, 10; Manna, 25; Oil Anis, Oil Lemon, and Oil Orange, 50 cents; Oil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, \$1 per lb; Oil Peppermint, 50 per cent ad val.; Opium, \$2 50; Oxalic Acid, 4 cents per lb; Phosphorus, 20 per cent ad val.; Pruss. Potash, Yellow, 5; Red do, 10; Rhubarb, 30 cents per lb; Quicksilver, 15 per cent ad val.; Sal. Bratus, 1 1/2 cents per lb; Sal Soda, 1 cent per lb; Sarsaparilla and Senna, 20 per cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; Soda Ash, 4; Sugar Lead, 20 cents per lb; Sulph. Quinine, 45 cents per lb; Sulph. Morphine, \$2 50 per oz.; Tartaric Acid, 20; Verdigris, 6 cents per lb; Sal Ammoniac, 20; Blue Vitriol, 25 per cent ad val.; Etherial Preparations and Extracts, \$1 per lb; all other goods noted below, 25 per cent. Most of the articles under this head are now sold for cash. (All nominal.)

Alum, Citric. (gold) 62 1/2 @ 63
Alcohol. per gall. 4 @ 4 1/4
Aloes, Cape. per lb. 25 @ 26
Aloes, Socotrine. 55 @ 55
Alum. 3 @ 4
Annato, fair to prime. 55 @ 70
Antimony, Regulus of. 24 @ 25
Argols, Crude. 24 @ 25
Argols, Refined. (gold) 26 1/2 @ 28
Arsenic, Powdered. 3 @ 3
Assafetida. 25 @ 35
Balsam Capivi. 87 @ 90
Balsam Tolu. (gold) 85 @ 90
Balsam Peru. (gold) 85 @ 90
Bark, Calisaya. 1 @ 1 1/2
Berries, Persian. 40 @ 50
Bi Carb. Soda, Newcastle. 7 1/2 @ 9
Bi Chromate Potash. 23 @ 23
Bird Peppers—African, Sierra Leon, bags. (gold) 28 @ 32
Bird Peppers—Zanzibar. 28 @ 31
Bleaching Powder. 11 @ 12
Borax, Refined. 11 @ 12
Brimstone, Crude. 25 @ 26
Brimstone, Am. Roll. 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2
Brimstone, Flor Sulphur. 5 @ 5 1/2
Camphor, Crude, (in bond). (gold) 1 07 1/2 @ 1 11
Cantharides. 1 @ 1 1/2
Carbonate Ammonia, in bulk. 8 @ 17 1/2
Castor Oil, Cases. 2 95 @ 3 00
Chamomile Flowers. 50 @ 60
Chlorate Potash. (gold) 31 @ 34
Caustic Soda. 11 @ 11
Cobalt, Crystals. in kegs, 112 lbs 1 15 @ 1 20
Cochineal, Honduras. 1 05 @ 1 10
Cochineal, Mexican. (gold) 1 05 @ 1 10
Copperas, American. 24 @ 24
Cream Tartar, prime. (gold) 30 1/2 @ 31
Cubebs, East India. 13 @ 14
Cutch. 13 @ 14
Cuttlefish Bone. 11 @ 11
Epsom Salts. 11 @ 11
Extract Logwood. 60 @ 80
Flowers, Benzoin. 60 @ 25
Folia, Buchu. 55 @ 75
Gambier. 7 @ 7 1/2
Gamboge. 1 75 @ 2 00
Ginger, Jamaica, bl'd, in bbls. 80 @ 85
Ginseng, Southern and Western. 80 @ 1 00
Gum Arabic, Pickled. (gold) 42 @ 44
Gum Benzoin, Sorts. (gold) 42 @ 55
Gum Kowrie. 38 @ 35
Gum Gleditsia. 25 @ 25
Gum Damar. 24 @ 24
Gum Myrrh, East India. 50 @ 50

Gum, Myrrh, Turkey. 50 @ 60
Gum Senegal. (gold) 50 @ 50
Gum Tragacanth, Sorts. 85 @ 40
Gum Tragacanth, white flakey. 23 @ 1 00
Hyd. Potash, Fr. and Eng. (gold) 3 30 @ 3 10
Iodine, Resublimed. 5 50 @ 5 50
Ipecacuanha, Brazil. 4 75 @ 5 00
Jalap. 2 20 @ 2 25
Lar. Berries. 5 @ 5
Licorice Paste, Calabria. 25 @ 55
Licorice Paste, Sicily. 23 @ 27 1/2
Licorice Paste, Spanish Solid. 33 @ 39
Licorice Paste, Greek. 30 @ 30
Madder, Dutch. 8 @ 8
Madder, French, E. X. F. F. do. 7 1/2 @ 8
Manna, large flake. 1 75 @ 1 50
Nutsalls, Blue Aleppo. 46 @ 50
Oil Anise. 4 00 @ 4 50
Oil Cassia. 4 75 @ 5 00
Oil Bergamot. 8 50 @ 8 50
Oil Lemon. 3 60 @ 3 85
Oil Peppermint, pure. 3 75 @ 4 00
Opium, Turkey. (gold) 6 @ 6 35
Oxalic Acid. 4 @ 4 1/2
Phosphorus. 40 @ 1 00
Prussiate Potash. 40 @ 1 00
Quicksilver. 50 @ 1 00
Rhubarb, China. (gold) 5 50 @ 6 50
Rose Leaves. 12 @ 12
Salarates. 10 @ 20
Sal Ammoniac, Refined. (gold) 10 1/2 @ 11
Sal Soda, Newcastle. 30 @ 31
Sarsaparilla, Hond. 50 @ 55
Sarsaparilla, Mex. 24 @ 26 1/2
Seed, Anise. 24 @ 26 1/2
do Canary. 4 25 @ 4 75
do Hemp. 2 @ 2 50
do Caraway. 10 1/2 @ 18
do Coriander. 18 @ 18
do Mustard, brown, Trieste. 17 1/2 @ 17 1/2
do do California, brown. 12 @ 12
do do English, white. 13 @ 13
Senna, Alexandria. 24 @ 24
Senna, East India. 35 @ 35
Senna Root. 60 @ 65
Shell Lac. 20 @ 40
Soda Ash, (80 per cent). (gold) 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2
Sugar Lead, White. 25 @ 44
Sulphate Quinine, Am. 2 65 @ 2 67
Sulphate Morphine. 2 @ 2 50
Tartaric Acid. (gold) 55 @ 56
Valerian, English. 54 @ 54
do Dutch. 54 @ 54
Verdigris, dry and extra dry. 16 @ 16
Vitriol, Blue. 14 @ 14

Duck—Duty, 30 per cent ad val.

Ravens, Light. per pec 15 00 @ 15 00
Ravens, Heavy. 22 00 @ 22 00
Scotch, Gourock, No. 1 per yard. 73 @ 73
Cotton, No. 1. 85 @ 85

Dye Woods—Duty free.

Camwood. (gold). 20 @ 20
Fustic, Cuba. 20 50 @ 20 50
Fustic, Tampico. 20 @ 20
Fustic, Savanilla. (gold) 25 00 @ 25 00
Fustic, Maracibo. 25 00 @ 26 00
Logwood, Campeachy. (gold) 20 00 @ 20 00
Logwood, Honduras. 26 00 @ 27 00
Logwood, Tabasco. (gold) 23 00 @ 23 00
Logwood, St. Domingo. 20 00 @ 20 00
Logwood, Jamaica. 21 00 @ 21 00
Limawood. 110 00 @ 110 00
Barwood. (gold) 85 00 @ 90 00
Sapan Wood, Manila. 85 00 @ 90 00

Feathers—Duty: 30 per cent ad val.

Prime Western. per lb. 90 @ 100
do Tennessee. 80 @ 85

Fish—Duty, Mackerel, \$2; Herrings, \$1; Salmon \$3; other pickled, \$1 50 per bbl.; on other Fish, Pickled, smoked, or dried, in smaller pkgs. than barrels, 50 cents per 100 lb.

Dry Cod is less active. Mackerel is in fair demand.

Dry Cod. per cwt. 6 00 @ 7 75
Dry Scale. per bbl. 4 50 @ 5 00
Pickled Scale. per bbl. 7 00 @ 7 50
Mackerel, No. 1, Mass. shore. 23 00 @ 23 50
Mackerel, No. 1, Halifax. 19 00 @ 19 50
Mackerel, No. 1, Bay. 19 00 @ 19 50
Mackerel, No. 2, Mass. shore. 19 00 @ 19 50
Mackerel, No. 2, Bay. 19 00 @ 19 50
Mackerel, No. 2, Halifax. 19 00 @ 19 50
Mackerel, No. 3, Mass. large. 14 50 @ 14 50
Mackerel, No. 3, Halifax. 18 75 @ 18 75
Salmon, Pickled, No. 1. 14 50 @ 15 00
Shad, Connecticut, No. 1, per bbl. 13 10 @ 14 00
Herring, Sealed. per box 4 @ 45
Herring, No. 1. 4 @ 55
Herring, pickled. per bbl. 4 00 @ 6 00

Flax—Duty: \$15 per ton.

Jersey. 20 @ 25

Fruit—Duty: Raisins, Currants, Figs, Plums and Prunes, 5; Shelled Almonds, 10; Almonds, 6; other nuts, 2; Dates, 2; Pea Nuts, 1; Shelled do, 1 1/2; Filberts and Walnuts, 3 cents per lb; Sardines, 50; Preserved Ginger, 50; Green Fruits, 25 per cent ad val.

The Market has been affected by the gold fluctuations since nominal.

Raisins, Seedless. per cask 4 30 @ 4 35
do Laver. per box 4 00 @ 4 10
do Bunch. 15 @ 15 1/2
Currants. 27 @ 28
Citron, Leghorn. 18 @ 21
Prunes, Turkish. 18 @ 21
Dates. 18 @ 21
Almonds, Languedoc. 86 @ 87
do Provence. 82 @ 84
do St. J. Soft Shell. 28 @ 30
do Shelled. 46 @ 48
Sardines. per box 35 @ 90
do. per box 35 @ 40
do. per box 21 @ 23

Value
320
704
9,935
800
1,215
1,741
7,125
1,310
332
500
7,438
263
109
44
40
699
300
2,466
1,380
1,080
1,593
270
430
484
120
736
1,878
2,407
574
2,049
470
350
65
\$98,461
PUBLIC.
776
9,272
\$10,048
2,388,325

OR THE

Value
1,045
2,504
1,610
1,298
25,333
1,581
7,817

586
14,185
2,000
2,580
1,415
941
3,566
8,324
3,904
2,179
3,200
53,711
17,712
2,500
99
1,815
2,507
360,617
1,111
99,518
1,202
1,803
4,902
1,957
686
329
3,332
6,044
7,236
143,538
1,407
2,483
13,153
9,094
27,179
2,707
2,048
109,731
5,687
9,084
1,031
577
5,623
12,816
7,798
10,149
108,117
46,298
7,892
18,286
293
1,201
1,433
3,158
3,144

92,421
56,332
1,818
16,674
1,244
574
12,503
75,188
1,581
\$4,672,661

Figs, Smyrna.....	25	20
Brazil Nuts.....	15	15
Filberts, Sicily.....	11	12
Walnuts, French.....	11	12
DRIED FRUIT—		
N. State Apples.....	18	22
Blackberries.....	40	50
Black Raspberries.....	25	35
Pared Peaches.....	18	5
Unpeeled do.....	18	5
Cherries, pitted, new.....	..	50

Furs—Dn. y. 10 cent.

Gold Prices—Add premium on gold for currency prices.

	North and East.	Western.
Beaver, Dark.....	1 50 @ 2 00	1 25 @ 1 50
do Pale.....	1 25 @ 1 50	1 00 @ 1 25
Bear, Black.....	4 00 @ 5 00	3 00 @ 4 00
do brown.....	4 00 @ 5 00	3 00 @ 4 00
Badger.....	20 @ 1 50	40 @ 1 00
Cat, Wild.....	90 @ 1 50	40 @ 1 00
do House.....	10 @ 20	10 @ 20
isher.....	5 00 @ 10 00	3 00 @ 5 00
ox, Silver.....	10 00 @ 15 00	6 00 @ 10 00
do Cross.....	3 00 @ 10 00	3 00 @ 6 00
do Red.....	1 00 @ 2 25	1 00 @ 2 00
do Grey.....	60 @ 1 25	50 @ 1 00
Lynx.....	1 25 @ 3 50	1 00 @ 2 50
Marten, Dark.....	5 50 @ 10 50	4 50 @ 8 00
do pale.....	1 50 @ 3 00	1 00 @ 2 50
Mink, dark.....	3 00 @ 6 00	3 00 @ 4 00
Musk rat.....	10 @ 35	10 @ 25
Otter.....	5 00 @ 8 00	3 00 @ 5 00
Opossum.....	70 @ 1 00	65 @ 90
Raccoon.....	75 @ 1 00	75 @ 1 00
Skunk, Black.....	40 @ 50	35 @ 50
do Striped.....	10 @ 12	8 @ 10

Glass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over 10x15 inches, 2 cents square foot; larger and not over 16x21 inches, 4 cents square foot; larger and not over 24x39 inches 6 cents square foot; above that, and not exceeding 24x60 inches, 30 cents square foot; all above that, 40 cents square foot; on unpolished Cylinder, Crown, and Common Window, not exceeding 10x15 inches square, 1½; over hat, and not over 16x24, 2; over that, and not over 24x30, 2½; all over that, 3 cents square foot.

American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities.

(Subject to a discount of 30 @ 35 per cent.)	
6x8 to 8x10.....	5 50 @ 7 25
8x10 to 10x15.....	6 00 @ 7 75
11x14 to 12x18.....	6 50 @ 9 25
12x19 to 16x24.....	7 00 @ 9 50
18x22 to 20x30.....	7 50 @ 11 75
20x31 to 24x30.....	9 00 @ 14 50
24x31 to 24x36.....	10 00 @ 16 00
25x36 to 30x44.....	11 00 @ 17 00
30x46 to 32x48.....	12 00 @ 18 00
32x50 to 32x56.....	13 00 @ 20 00
Above.....	15 00 @ 24 00

English and French Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities.

(Single Thick)—Discount 30 @ 35 per cent.	
6x8 to 8x10.....	6 00 @ 7 75
8x11 to 10x15.....	6 50 @ 8 25
11x14 to 12x18.....	7 00 @ 9 50
12x19 to 16x24.....	7 50 @ 10 50
20x31 to 24x30.....	12 00 @ 15 50
24x31 to 24x36.....	13 00 @ 16 50
25x36 to 30x44.....	15 00 @ 18 00
30x46 to 32x48.....	16 00 @ 20 50
32x50 to 32x56.....	18 00 @ 24 00

Gunny Bags—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less, square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents square yard.

Calcutta, light and heavy... 234 @ 24

Gunny Cloth—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents square yard.

Calcutta, standard... yard 29 @ 32

Gunpowder—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less square yard, 6 cents square yard, and 20 per cent ad val; over 20 cents square yard, 10 cents square yard and 20 per cent ad val.

Blasting (A).....	..	5 00
Shipping and Mining.....	..	5 50
Ride.....	7 50 @	..
Sporting, in 1 lb canisters.....	40 @	1 10

Hair—Duty FREE.

Rio Grande, mixed, (cash)..... 31 @ 35

Buenos Ayres, mixed..... 31 @ 34

Hog, Western, unwashed..... 11½ @ 13½

Hay—North River, in bales square 100 lbs, for shipping..... 60 @ 65

Hemp—Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila, \$25; Jute, \$15; Italian, \$40; Sunn and Sisal, \$15 per ton; and Tampico, 1 cent per lb.

American, dressed..... 310 @ 325 00

do Undressed..... 310 @ 325 00

Russia, Clean..... 310 @ 340 00

Jute..... (gold) 120 @ 140 00

Manila..... (gold) 24 @ 9

Sisal..... 91 @ 10

Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted, and Skins, 10 per cent ad val.

The Market is dull and quotations are nominal

Dry Hides—

Buenos Ayres..... 17½ @ 29

Montevideo..... 16 @ ..

Rio Grande..... 15 @ ..

Orinoco..... 15 @ ..

California..... 16½ @ 17

California, Mexican..... 15 @ 16

Porto Cabello..... 12 @ 13

Vera Cruz..... 14 @ ..

Jampico..... 14 @ ..

Matamoros..... 13½ @ 14

San Juan and Cent. Amer..... ..

Maracaibo..... ..

Bogots..... ..

Western.....	cash.	..	..
Dry Salted Hides—			
Maracaibo.....	per lb gold.	9 @	10
Maranham.....	do	10 @	11
Pernambuco.....	do	10 @	11
Tampico and Metamoros.....	do	10 @	11
Bahia.....	do	10 @	11
Chili.....	do	11 @	11½

Wet Salted Hides—			
Buenos Ayres.....	per lb gold.	8 @	8½
Rio Grande.....	do	8½ @	8½
California.....	do	10 @	11
Western.....	do	10 @	11
Country s'ler trim. & cured.....	do	11 @	12
City.....	do	10 @	12½

Upper Leather Stock—			
B. A. & Rio Gr. Kip.....	per lb cash.	20 @	23
Sierra Leone.....	do	24 @	25
Gambia and Bissau.....	do	14 @	16
East India Stock—			
Calcutta, city s'ler.....	per lb cash.	21 @	23
do dead green.....	do	15 @	17
do black, dry.....	do	..	..
do buffalo.....	gold.	..	..

Honey—Duty, 20 cents per gallon.

Cuba..... (duty paid) (gold) per gall. 83 @ 84

Hops—Duty: 5 cents per lb.

Crop of 1865..... 20 @ 70

do of 1864..... 25 @ 40

Horns—Duty, 10 per cent ad val.

Ox, Rio Grande..... per C 18 00 @ ..

Ox, Buenos Ayres..... 13 00 @ 15 00

India Rubber—Duty, 10 per cent ad val.

Para, Fine..... per lb 77½ @ ..

Para, Medium..... 65 @ 70

Para, Coarse..... 55 @ 60

Carthage, etc..... ..

Guayaquil..... ..

Indigo—Duty FREE.

Bengal..... per lb 1 20 @ 2 00

Oude..... 95 @ 1 25

Kurpah..... nominal

Madras..... 70 @ 1 25

Manila..... 85 @ 1 35

Guatemala..... (gold) 85 @ 1 05

Caracas..... (gold) 70 @ 85

Iron—Duty, Bars, 1 to 1½ cents per lb; Railroad, 70 cents per 100 lb; Boiler and Plate, 1½ cents per lb; Sheet, Band, Hoop, and Scroll, 1½ to 1½ cents per lb; Pig, \$9 per ton; Polished Sheet, 3 cents per lb.

The Market has been somewhat unsettled by the fluctuations in gold.

Pig, Scotch, Best, No 1 (cash) per ton 46 00 @ 48 00

Pig, American, No. 1..... 46 00 @ 48 00

Bar, Swedes, assorted sizes (in gold) 95 00 @ 105 00

Bar Swedes, assorted sizes..... 160 00 @ ..

Bar, English and American, refined..... 120 00 @ ..

do do do do Common..... 110 00 @ ..

do do do do..... 150 00 @ 200 00

Ovals and Half Round..... 145 00 @ 155 00

Band..... 145 00 @ 150 00

Horse Shoe..... 125 00 @ 150 00

Rods, 5-8 @ 3-16 inch..... 125 00 @ 150 00

Hoop..... 1 15 @ 2 00

Nail Rod..... 10 @ 11

Sheet, Russia..... 27 @ 23

Sheet, Single, Double and Treble..... 6 @ 8

Rails, English..... (gold) 55 00 @ ..

do American..... 80 00 @ 85 00

Ivory—Duty, 10 per cent ad val.

East India, Prime..... per lb 3 00 @ 3 50

East India, Billiard Ball..... 3 50 @ 4 50

African, West Coast, Prime..... 3 00 @ 3 25

African, Serivellos, West Coast..... 2 00 @ 2 50

Lead—Duty, Pig, \$2 per 100 lb; Old Lead, 1½ cents per lb; Pipe and Sheet, 2½ cents per lb.

Galena..... per 100 lb 6 25 @ 7 00

Spanish..... gold 6 75 @ 7 00

German..... 6 75 @ 7 00

English..... 6 75 @ 7 00

Bar..... net 11 @ ..

Pipe and Sheet..... net 11 @ ..

Leather—Duty: sole 35, upper 30 per cent ad val.

Oak and Hemlock are both in good demand and firm.

Oak, Slaughter, light..... cash per lb 33 @ 36

do do middle..... 35 @ 44

do do heavy..... 41 @ 49

do light Cropped..... 44 @ 49

do middle do..... 50 @ 54

do belies do..... 17 @ 21

Hemlock, B. Ayres, & Co. l'd do..... 32 @ 33

do do middle do..... 34 @ 35

do do heavy do..... 35 @ 36

do California, light do..... 31 @ 32

do do middle do..... 33 @ 34

do do heavy do..... 34 @ 35

do Orinoco, etc. l'd do..... 30 @ 31

do do middle do..... 32 @ 33

do do heavy do..... 29 @ 32

do do B. A. dam'd all weights..... 28 @ 31

do do poor all do..... 21 @ 24

do Slaughter in rough..... 2 @ 35

Oak, Slaughter in rough, light..... 21 @ 36

do do do mid. & h'vy do..... 38 @ 43

Lime—Duty: 10 per cent ad val.

Rockland, common..... per bbl. .. @ 1 50

do heavy..... .. @ 2 10

Lumber, Woods, Staves, Etc.—Duty

Lumber, 20 per cent ad val.; Staves, 10 per cent ad val.;

Rosewood and Cedar, FREE.

Spruce, Eastern..... per M feet 21 00 @ 25 00

Southern Pine..... 55 00 @ 65 00

White Pine Box Boards.....	25 00 @	30 00
White Pine Merchant, Box Boards.....	29 00 @	33 00
Clear Pine.....	80 00 @	100 00
Laths, Eastern.....	4 00 @	..
Poplar and W. wood B'ds & Plank.....	55 00 @	65 00
Cherry Boards and Plank.....	80 00 @	90 00
Oak and Ash.....	60 00 @	65 00
Maple and Birch.....	85 00 @	40 00
Black Walnut.....	100 00 @	120 00

STAVES—

White oak, pipe, extra.....	per M.	.. @ 800 00
do pipe, heavy.....	..	@ 250 00
do pipe, light.....	..	@ 200 00
do pipe, culls.....	..	@ 120 00
do hhd, extra.....	..	@ 250 00
do hhd, heavy.....	..	@ 200 00
do hhd, light.....	..	@ 125 00
do hhd, culls.....	..	@ 100 00
do bbl, extra.....	..	@ 175 00
do bbl, heavy.....	..	@ 150 00
do bbl, light.....	..	@ 110 00
do bbl, culls.....	..	@ 70 00
Red oak, hhd, heavy.....	..	@ 110 00
do hhd, light.....	..	@ 100 00
HEADING—white oak, hhd.....	..	@ 150 00

Mahogany, Cedar, Rosewood—Duty free.

Mahogany, St. Domingo, crotches.....	25 @	50
do St. Domingo, ordinary.....	..	..
do logs.....	17 @	20
do Port-au-Platt, crotches.....	20 @	30
do Port-au-Platt, logs.....	12 @	16
do Nuevitas.....	12 @	16
do Mansanilla.....	12 @	16
do Mexican (American wood).....	14 @	20
Cedar, Nuevitas.....	12 @	16
do Mansanilla.....	10 @	14
do Mexican.....	10 @	14
do Florida.....	50 @	1 00
Rosewood, Rio Janeiro.....	5 @	8
do Bahia.....	4 00 @	6 00

Molasses—Duty: 8 cents per gallon.

New Orleans.....	per gall.	80 @ 1 10
Porto Rico.....	..	@ 60 80
Cuba Muscovado.....	..	@ 45 65
do Clayed.....	..	@ 43 50
English Islands.....	..	@ 65 70

Nails—Duty: cut 1½; wrought 2½; horse shoe 2 cents per lb.

Cut, 4d. @ 60d.....	per 100 lb	6 75 @ 7 00
Clinch.....	..	@ 8 50
Horse shoe, forged (sd).....	per lb	32 @ 34
Copper.....	..	@ 50
Yellow metal.....	..	@ 33 35
Zinc.....	..	@ 30

Naval Stores—Duty: spirits of turpentine 30 cents per gallon; crude turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 20 per cent ad val.

The Market has been somewhat irregular closing quiet.

Carmine, city made.....	15 00	@	20 00
China clay.....	35 00	@	5 00
Chalk.....	5 00	@	8 50
Chalk, block.....	15 00	@	17 00
Chrome yellow.....	15 00	@	49

Petroleum —Duty: crude, 20 cents; refined, 40 cents per gallon.			
Crude, 40 @ 47 gravity ..	24	@	24 1/2
Refined, free ..	40	@	40 1/2
do in bond ..	40	@	40 1/2
Naphtha, refined ..	38	@	38
Residuum ..	5 50	@	6 00

Plaster Paris —Duty: lump, free; calcined, 20 cent ad val.			
Blue Nova Scotia.....	..	@	..
White Nova Scotia.....	..	@	..
Calcined, eastern.....	..	@	2 40
Calcined, city mills.....	..	@	2 50

Provisions—Duty: beef and pork, 1 cent; hams, bacon, and lard, 3 cents per lb. The Pork Market has been unsettled and prices are lower. Beef is steady at last week's quotations.

Beef, plain mess.....	15 00	@	21 00
do new do.....	21 50	@	24 50
do extra mess.....	31 50	@	32 00
Pork, mess, new.....	29 50	@	31 40
do prime mess.....	29 50	@	31 40
do mess, Old.....	29 50	@	31 40
do prime, do.....	29 50	@	31 40
Lard, in bbls.....	19 1/2	@	22 1/2
do kettle rendered.....	1 1/2	@	20
Hams, pickled.....	17 1/2	@	20
Shoulders, pickled.....	18 1/2	@	15
do dry salted.....	15	@	17
Beef hams.....	15	@	17
Bacon.....	15	@	17

Rags —(Domestic).			
White, city.....	10	@	10 1/2
Seconds.....	4 1/2	@	5 1/2
City colored.....	11	@	11 1/2
Canvas.....	4 1/2	@	5 1/2
Country mixed.....	4 1/2	@	5 1/2

Rice —Duty: cleaned 2 1/2 cents; and uncleaned 2 cents per lb.			
Carolina.....	13 10	@	13 00
East India, dressed.....	9 50	@	10 00

Salt —Duty: sack, 24 cents per 100 lb; bulk, 18 cents per 100 lb.			
Turks Islands.....	50	@	52 1/2
Caliz.....	1 55	@	1 60
Liverpool.....	2 75	@	2 75
do fine, Ashford's.....	2 70	@	2 75
do fine, Northampton.....	2 70	@	2 75
do fine, Jeffreys & Darcy's.....	2 70	@	2 75
do fine, Marshall's.....	2 25	@	2 50
Onondaga, com. fine.....	1 65	@	1 75
do do.....	38	@	40
Solar coarse.....	45	@	46
Fine screened.....	2 70	@	3 00
F. F.....	2 75	@	3 00

Saltpetre —Duty: crude, 2 1/2 cents; refined and partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate soda, 1 cent per lb.			
Refined, pure.....	10 1/2	@	18
Crude.....	10 1/2	@	18
Nitrate soda.....	3 1/2	@	4

Seeds —Duty: linseed, 16 cents; hemp, 1 cent per lb; canary, 1 1/2 bushel of 60 lb; and grass seeds, 30 cent ad val.			
Clover.....	10	@	12
Timothy, reaped.....	6 5 1/2	@	7 00
Linseed, American, clean.....	3 00	@	3 25
do American, rough.....	..	@	..
do Calcutta.....	..	@	..
do Bombay.....	..	@	..

Shot —Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb.			
Drop and Buck.....	11	@	12

Silk —Duty: free. All thrown silk, 35 cent.			
Tsatles, No. 1 @ 5.....	10 00	@	11 25
Taysams, superior, No. 1 @ 2.....	9 50	@	10 50
do medium, No. 3 @ 4.....	9 00	@	9 50
Canton, re-reined, No. 1 @ 2.....	8 75	@	9 00
Japan, superior.....	10 50	@	13 00
do No. 1 @ 3.....	8 00	@	10 00
China thrown.....	14 50	@	16 50
Italian thrown.....	..	@	..

Skins —Duty: 10 cent ad val.			
Goat, Curacao.....	49	@	49 1/2
do Buenos Ayres.....	57 1/2	@	60
do Tampa.....	40	@	42 1/2
do Matamoros.....	45	@	50
do Payta.....	45	@	50
do Madras, esen.....	45	@	50
do Cape.....	45	@	50
Deer, San Juan.....	45	@	50
do Bolivar.....	45	@	50
do Honduras.....	45	@	50
do Sinal.....	45	@	50
do Para.....	45	@	50
do Vera Cruz.....	45	@	50
do Chagres.....	45	@	50
do Puerto Cabello.....	45	@	50

Soap —Duty: 1 cent per lb, and 25 cent ad val.			
Castile.....	13	@	13

Spelter —Duty: in pigs, bars, and plates, \$150 per ton.			
Plates, foreign.....	11	@	11 1/2
do domestic.....	11	@	11 1/2

Spices—Duty: mace, 40 cents; nutmegs, 50 cents; cloves, 30; pepper and pimento, 15; and ginger root, 5 cents per lb.

Spices are very quiet with only a light jobbing business.			
Cassia, in mats.....	43	@	44
Ginger, race and African.....	22	@	24
Mace.....	87 1/2	@	90
Nutmegs, No. 1.....	22 1/2	@	24
Pepper.....	20 1/2	@	21
Pimento, Jamaica.....	27 1/2	@	..
Cloves.....	27 1/2	@	..

Steel —Duty: bars and ingots, valued at 7 cents per lb or under, 2 1/2 cents; over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cents per lb; over 11 cents, 3 1/2 cents per lb and 10 cent ad val. (Store prices.)			
English, cast.....	18 1/2	@	24
German.....	15 1/2	@	17 1/2
American, spring.....	11	@	12 1/2
English, spring.....	11 1/2	@	13

Sugar—Duty: on raw or brown sugar, not above No. 12 Dutch standard, 3; on white or clayed, above No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, not refined, 3 1/2; above 15 and not over 20, 4; on refined, 5; and on Molado, 2 1/2 cents per lb.

There has been much irregularity in raw Sugars and prices are lower. Refined are quiet but steady.			
Porto Rico.....	10	@	10 1/2
Cuba, inf to common refining.....	9 1/2	@	10 1/2
do fair to good.....	10 1/2	@	10 1/2
do prime to choice.....	11 1/2	@	12 1/2
do centrifugal.....	12	@	12 1/2
do Molado.....	9 1/2	@	10 1/2
Havana, Boxes D. S. Nos. 7 to 9.....	7	@	8 1/2
do do do 10 to 12.....	10 1/2	@	10 1/2
do do do 13 to 15.....	11 1/2	@	12 1/2
do do do 16 to 18.....	13 1/2	@	14 1/2
do do do 19 to 20.....	14 1/2	@	15 1/2
do do white.....	14 1/2	@	15 1/2
Leaf.....	..	@	..
Granulated.....	..	@	..
Crushed and powdered.....	..	@	..
White coffee, A.....	..	@	..
Yellow coffee.....	..	@	..

Sumac—Duty: 10 cent ad val.

Sielly.....	100 00	@	135 00
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Tallow—Duty: 1 cent per lb.

American, prime, country and city.....	12 1/2	@	13
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Tea—Duty: 25 cents per lb.

The market is quiet but steady.			
Hyson, Common to fair.....	90	@	1 00
do Superior to fine.....	1 10	@	1 25
do Ex fine to finest.....	1 35	@	1 50
Young Hyson, Common to fair.....	70	@	90
do Superior to fine.....	1 10	@	1 30
do Ex fine to finest.....	1 40	@	1 70
Gunpow. & Imper. Com. to fair.....	1 10	@	1 20
do do Sup. to fine.....	1 30	@	1 45
do do Ex f. to finest.....	1 50	@	1 80
H. Skin & Twankay, Com. to fair.....	55	@	60
do Superior to fine.....	65	@	70
do Ex fine to finest.....	75	@	80
Uncolored Japan, Com. to fair.....	85	@	90
do do Sup. to fine.....	95	@	1 05
do do Ex f. to finest.....	1 10	@	1 15
Oolong, Common to fair.....	90	@	1 10
do Superior to fine.....	1 20	@	1 65
do Ex fine to finest.....	60	@	70
Souchong & Congou, Com. to fair.....	50	@	60
do Superior to fine.....	1 00	@	1 50
do Ex f. to finest.....	..	@	..

Tin —Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 cent ad val.			
Plate and sheets and terre plates, 2 1/2 cents per lb.			
Banca.....	20	@	19
Straits.....	10	@	10
English.....	10	@	10
Plates, charcoal I. C.....	15 00	@	14 00
do I. C. Coke.....	11 00	@	13 50
do Terne Charcoal.....	14 50	@	14 75
do Terne Coke.....	10 75	@	11 00

Tobacco—Duty: leaf 38 cents per lb, and manufactured, 50 cents per lb. Cigars valued at \$15 or less per M, 75 cents per lb, and 20 per cent ad valorem; over \$15 and not over \$30, \$1.25 per lb, and 30 per cent ad valorem; over \$30, \$1.50 per lb, and 50 per cent ad valorem; over \$45, \$2 per lb, and 60 per cent ad valorem; over \$45, \$3 per lb, and 60 per cent ad valorem.

The market is fairly active and steady.

Logs (light and heavy) (gold)			
Common leaf do.....	4	@	6 1/2
Medium do do.....	4 1/2	@	9
Good do do.....	6 1/2	@	13 1/2
Fine do do.....	8 1/2	@	15
Selections do do.....	16	@	17 1/2
Conn. selected wrappers.....	45	@	60
do prime wrappers.....	40	@	45
do fair wrappers.....	30	@	35
do filers.....	10	@	12
New York running lots.....	8	@	15
Ohio.....	7	@	10
New York and Ohio filers.....	5	@	6
Yara.....	63 1/2	@	105
Havana, filers.....	..	@	..
Manufactured (in bond).....	..	@	..
10s and 12s—Best Virginia & N.Y.....	28	@	30
do Medium.....	26	@	27
do do Medium.....	30	@	32
do do Common.....	26	@	28
10s (Western)—Ex. fine, bright.....	..	@	..
do do Fine.....	..	@	..
10s (Virginia)—Ex. fine, bright.....	75	@	85
do do Fine.....	60	@	70
do do Medium.....	40	@	50
do do Common.....	32 1/2	@	35
Navy 10s—Best Virginia & N.Y.....	35	@	35
do Medium.....	25	@	26
do Common.....	25	@	26
Cigars (domestic).			
Seed and Havana, per M.....	55 00	@	80 00
Clear Havana.....	80 00	@	105 00
do Connecticut Seed.....	25 00	@	45 00
New-York Seed, Conn. Wrapper.....	30 00	@	80 00
Penn. do do.....	18 00	@	25 00
Common Cigars.....	18 00	@	25 00

Whalebone—Duty: foreign fishery, 0 cent ad val. South Sea..... 1 25 North west coast..... 1 35 Ochotsk..... 1 37 1/2 Polar..... 1 37 1/2

Wines and Liquors—Liquors—Duty: Brandy, first proof, \$3 per gallon, other liquors, \$2.50 per gallon; value set over 50 cents per gallon, 20 cents per gallon and 25 cent ad valorem; over 50 and not over 100, 50 cents per gallon and 25 cent ad valorem; over \$1 per gallon, \$1 per gallon and 25 cent ad val.

The market is dull and nominal from the gold fluctuations.

Brandy—J. & F. Martell.....	5 30	@	10 50
Hennessy.....	5 30	@	10 50
Orard, Dupuy & Co.....	5 25	@	10 50
Pinet, Castillon & Co.....	5 20	@	10 50
Renault & Co.....	5 25	@	10 50
Jules Robin.....	..	@	..
Marrette & Co.....	..	@	..
United Vineyard Prop.....	..	@	..
Vine Growers Co.....	5 25	@	10 00
L'ger freres.....	..	@	..
Other brands Cognac.....	5 00	@	7 00
A. Seignette.....	4 90	@	5 00
Hivert Polveisen.....	4 85	@	4 95
Alex. Seignette.....	4 85	@	4 95
Arzae Seignette.....	4 85	@	4 95
J. Romieu.....	4 85	@	4 95
Other brands Rochelle.....	4 75	@	4 85
Rum—Jamaica.....	4 00	@	6 00
St. Croix.....	3 25	@	3 60
Gin—Different brands.....	2 90	@	3 50
Whisky—Scotch and Irish.....	4 00	@	4 90
D. mestie—N. E. Rum.....	2 45	@	2 60
Bourbon Whisky.....	2 50	@	6 00
Corn Whisky.....	2 20	@	3 00
Wines—Port.....	2 00	@	3 00
Burgundy Port.....	95	@	1 45
Sherry.....	1 25	@	8 00
Madeira.....	4 00	@	8 00
do Marcellis.....	85	@	1 20
Sherry d.....	1 25	@	1 25
Malaga, sweet.....	1 10	@	1 50
do dry.....	3 00	@	150 00
Claret, in hds.....	2 40	@	30 00
do in cases.....	12 00	@	25 00
Champagne.....	12 00	@	25 00

Wire—Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered, \$2 to \$3.50 per 100 lb, and 15 cent ad val. No. 19 to 25..... 5 cent off list. No. 27 to 36..... 20 cent off list. Telegraph, No. 7 to 11 Plain..... 8 cent off list.

Wool—Duty: costing 12 cents or less per lb, 3 cents per lb; over 12 and not more than 24, 6 cents; over 24 and not over 32, 10, and 10 cent ad valorem; over 32, 12 cents per lb, and 10 cent ad valorem; on the skin, 20 cent ad val.

There is a steady demand for fine fleeces. Foreign Wools are fairly active.

American, Saxony fleeces.....	60	@	65
do full blood Merino.....	50	@	57
do 1/2 and 3/4 Merino.....	45	@	50
Extra, pulled.....	55	@	60
Superfine.....	55	@	60
No. 1, pulled.....	18	@	18
California, unwashed.....	33	@	38
do common.....	20	@	25
do pulled.....	30	@	35
Texas.....	15	@	25
Peruvian, unwashed.....	32	@	33
Valparaiso, unwashed.....	32	@	33
S. American Merino, unwashed.....	32	@	33
do common, unwashed.....	18	@	25
Entre Rios, washed.....	..	@	..
do unwashed.....	22	@	24
S. American Cordova.....	43	@	43
Donskol, washed.....	42	@	45
Persian, unwashed.....	15	@	30
African, unwashed.....	35	@	45
do washed.....	20	@	25
Mexican, unwashed.....	22	@	25
Smyrna, unwashed.....	35	@	45
do washed.....	..	@	..

Zinc—Duty: pig or block, \$1.50 per 100 lb; sheet 2 1/2 cents per lb.

FREIGHTS—		LIVERPOOL:		s.		d.		s.		d.	
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The Railway Monitor.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN EXTENSION.—A third rail necessary to accommodate the cars of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad has been laid on the Bellefontaine Railroad 202 miles, so that wide-gauge trains now pass from Indianapolis east, via Salamanca to New York, with but one change of cars for through passengers.

MANUFACTURERS' AND CONSUMERS' RAILROAD.—The construction of this work, leading from Philadelphia through Schuylkill County to Sunbury has been undertaken by heavy capitalists, and arrangements are now being made to place a corps of engineers on the route.

MILWAUKEE AND PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILROAD.—The number of miles of railroad controlled by this company, says the New York Tribune, is as follows:

	Miles.
Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien Railroad.....	235
" and St. Paul Railroad.....	275
McGregor Western Railroad (in Iowa).....	50
Total now under control.....	560
—to which will shortly be added:	
La Crosse and Milwaukee (Eastern Division).....	95
" and Winona Railroad.....	30
Winona and St. Peter " { in Minnesota.....	80
Minnesota Central " {.....	70

Total now or soon to be controlled..... 835

MINNESOTA RAILROADS.—The Minnesota Central Railroad is to be completed to Owatona by the 1st of September, where it will connect with the Winona and St. Paul Railroad, which is to be completed by the 1st of August.

The Minnesota Valley, connecting with the Central at Mendota, will also be completed by the 1st of September to St. Paul, thus making a continuous line of railroad from St. Paul to Winona.

The St. Paul and Pacific Railroad branch line is to be completed to St. Cloud by the 1st of September, and Mr. E. B. Litchfield writes from Germany that he has purchased the iron for 20 miles of

the main line west of Minneapolis, but whether it is to be laid this year is not known.

The Winona Branch of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad has suspended operations for the present. Mr. Edmund Rice has sailed for Europe on business connected with it.

TENNESSEE BONDS.—The July coupon on these bonds will be paid on and after July 1 at the Bank of the Republic in this city. The arrearages since 1861 up to and including the January, 1866, coupon, are fundable into new bonds of the same tenor as the original issues. This funded 30 per cent. increases the State's lien on the railroads from \$10,000 to \$13,000 per mile, and in addition to the interest on this increased amount, the companies are required by law to contribute four per cent., year by year, to a sinking fund for the final redemption of the principal.

VIRGINIA BONDS.—In accordance with the provisions of the Act of March 2, 1866, entitled "An Act to provide for funding the interest on the public debt," the Commonwealth is now prepared to fund the interest due to Jan. 1, 1866, upon both coupon and registered debt. Parties to whom interest is due must make application to the clerk in the Second Auditor's Office, in the basement of the Capitol, at Richmond.

NORTH CAROLINA BONDS.—Hon. Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer, is prepared to deliver bonds of the State of the denomination of \$1,000 for currency or in exchange for past due bonds and coupons. The \$500 and \$100 bonds will also be ready for delivery within a few days or weeks. The new bonds are six per cents. untaxable, dated Jan. 1st, 1866, running 34 years, with semi-annual coupons, payable, principal and interest, at the Bank of the Republic in this city. None will be sold under par. Coupons or past due bonds must be forwarded to the Treasurer at Raleigh, and bonds will be returned forthwith. Past due coupons, including those of date of April, 1866, will be funded now; the July and October coupons, when due. Bonds past due bear interest from maturity, which interest is fundable. Bonds of Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation Company, endorsed by the State, stand on the same footing as State bonds.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

—Atlantic & Great Western.—				—Chicago and Alton.—				—Chicago & Northwestern.—				—Chicago and Rock Island.—			
1864.	1865.	1866.		1864.	1865.	1866.		1864.	1865.	1866.		1864.	1865.	1866.	
(322 m.)	(466 m.)	(507 m.)		(257 m.)	(280 m.)	(280 m.)		(609 m.)	(609 m.)	(679 m.)		(182 m.)	(182 m.)	(182 m.)	
\$160,000	\$284,400	\$304,392	Jan...	\$100,991	\$280,503	\$210,171	Jan...	\$273,875	\$541,005	\$523,560	Jan...	\$158,735	\$305,554	\$237,555	
179,041	237,269	408,861	Feb...	154,418	275,282	207,913	Feb...	317,829	482,164	405,624	Feb...	175,482	246,321	174,164	
254,575	399,870	388,48	Mar...	195,803	290,063	304,885	Mar...	390,355	499,296	523,744	Mar...	243,150	289,403	226,251	
181,034	343,408	394,533	April...	162,723	258,480	370,889	April...	421,363	468,358	518,736	April...	185,013	186,172	197,886	
314,679	460,422	—	May...	178,786	322,277	333,432	May...	466,820	585,623	735,082	May...	198,679	227,260	264,605	
314,521	521,174	—	June...	206,090	355,270	—	June...	565,145	747,942	—	June...	243,178	311,180	—	
332,098	695,523	—	July...	224,257	335,985	—	July...	480,710	702,692	—	July...	224,980	232,728	—	
406,076	738,527	—	Aug...	312,165	409,250	—	Aug...	519,306	767,508	—	Aug...	271,140	288,095	—	
446,044	677,625	—	Sept...	354,554	401,280	—	Sept...	609,605	945,707	—	Sept...	331,494	337,340	—	
390,847	719,911	—	Oct...	320,870	357,956	—	Oct...	729,759	923,886	—	Oct...	324,865	300,707	—	
381,110	731,270	—	Nov...	307,803	307,919	—	Nov...	716,378	749,191	—	Nov...	326,617	261,141	—	
357,556	599,732	—	Dec...	252,015	236,824	—	Dec...	563,401	546,609	—	Dec...	321,037	190,227	—	
3,709,970	6,568,068	—	Year...	2,770,484	3,840,091	—	Year...	6,114,566	7,960,981	—	Year...	3,095,470	3,223,088	—	
—Erie Railway.—				—Illinois Central.—				—Marietta and Cincinnati.—				—Michigan Central.—			
1864.	1865.	1866.		1864.	1865.	1866.		1864.	1865.	1866.		1864.	1865.	1866.	
(657 m.)	(657 m.)	(797 m.)		(708 m.)	(708 m.)	(708 m.)		(251 m.)	(251 m.)	(251 m.)		(285 m.)	(285 m.)	(285 m.)	
\$384,837	\$1,001,007	\$1,187,188	Jan...	\$327,900	\$571,536	\$582,828	Jan...	\$77,010	\$98,112	\$90,125	Jan...	\$252,435	\$306,324	\$282,438	
934,133	947,146	983,855	Feb...	416,588	528,972	512,027	Feb...	74,409	86,626	84,264	Feb...	278,848	279,137	265,736	
1,114,508	1,356,567	1,079,434	Mar...	459,762	616,665	516,822	Mar...	89,901	93,503	82,910	Mar...	348,802	344,225	337,158	
1,099,507	1,438,45	1,153,295	April...	423,737	516,008	406,773	April...	72,289	82,186	82,722	April...	328,276	337,340	343,736	
1,072,283	1,333,405	1,109,968	May...	406,373	490,573	507,830	May...	83,903	73,842	95,664	May...	271,553	401,456	365,196	
1,041,975	1,177,371	—	June...	510,100	617,682	—	June...	78,697	110,186	—	June...	265,780	305,663	—	
994,317	1,202,18	—	July...	423,578	578,403	—	July...	91,809	103,652	—	July...	263,244	329,105	—	
1,105,364	1,331,047	—	Aug...	586,964	747,469	—	Aug...	94,375	112,156	—	Aug...	346,781	413,501	—	
1,301,005	1,336,610	—	Sept...	799,236	739,736	—	Sept...	93,078	120,051	—	Sept...	408,445	460,661	—	
1,222,568	1,434,6	—	Oct...	661,391	641,589	—	Oct...	90,576	117,604	—	Oct...	410,802	490,693	—	
1,224,969	1,522,472	—	Nov...	657,141	643,887	—	Nov...	96,908	114,512	—	Nov...	405,510	447,669	—	
1,394,217	1,429,765	—	Dec...	608,402	518,088	—	Dec...	95,453	104,587	—	Dec...	376,470	388,369	—	
13,429,643	15,434,775	—	Year...	6,329,447	7,181,203	—	Year...	1,038,165	1,222,017	—	Year...	3,968,946	4,504,546	—	
—Mich. So. & N. Indiana.—				—Mil. and Prairie du Chien.—				—Milwaukee & St. Paul.—				—Ohio & Mississippi.—			
1864.	1865.	1866.		1864.	1865.	1866.		1864.	1865.	1866.		1864.	1865.	1866.	
(524 m.)	(524 m.)	(524 m.)		(234 m.)	(234 m.)	(234 m.)		(234 m.)	(234 m.)	(234 m.)		(340 m.)	(340 m.)	(340 m.)	
\$250,600	\$363,996	\$314,598	Jan...	\$102,740	\$98,183	\$131,776	Jan...	\$51,965	\$98,181	\$131,707	Jan...	\$210,329	\$259,223	\$267,541	
304,445	396,361	283,177	Feb...	113,135	74,283	84,897	Feb...	46,474	86,528	122,621	Feb...	260,466	299,139	246,109	
338,454	413,322	412,393	Mar...	88,221	70,740	72,135	Mar...	64,993	95,905	124,175	Mar...	309,261	313,914	326,286	
330,651	396,215	400,427	April...	140,418	106,689	108,082	April...	83,702	106,269	121,904	April...	269,443	271,527	277,423	
267,126	353,194	426,493	May...	186,747	146,943	167,488	May...	131,648	203,018	245,511	May...	224,957	290,916	283,130	
313,258	405,122	—	June...	212,209	221,858	—	June...	136,970	237,562	—	June...	223,242	304,463	—	
278,801	309,083	—	July...	139,547	177,159	—	July...	32,662	251,916	—	July...	268,176	349,285	—	
358,862	424,306	—	Aug...	113,390	170,555	—	Aug...	86,412	211,370	—	Aug...	302,596	344,700	—	
402,219	484,173	—	Sept...	162,218	228,020	—	Sept...	164,710	300,841	—	Sept...	332,400	350,348	—	
404,568	521,636	—	Oct...	178,526	310,594	—	Oct...	221,638	395,579	—	Oct...	278,006	372,618	—	
448,934	498,421	—	Nov...	119,099	236,840	—	Nov...	198,135	346,717	—	Nov...	346,243	412,553	—	
411,806	366,192	—	Dec...	117,013	110,664	—	Dec...	129,227	171,125	—	Dec...	275,950	284,319	—	
4,110,154	4,868,951	—	Year...	1,711,281	1,985,571	—	Year...	1,402,106	2,535,002	—	Year...	3,311,070	3,793,005	—	
—Pittsb. Ft. W. & Chicago.—				—St. L. Alton & T. Haute.—				—Toledo, Wab. & Western.—				—Western Union.—			
1864.	1865.	1866.		1864.	1865.	1866.		1864.	1865.	1866.		1864.	1865.	1866.	
(468 m.)	(468 m.)	(468 m.)		(210 m.)	(210 m.)	(210 m.)		(242 m.)	(242 m.)	(242 m.)		(140 m.)	(137 m.)	(177 m.)	
\$290,676	\$390,144	\$555,488	Jan...	\$109,872	\$170,078	\$178,119	Jan...	\$39,735	\$144,084	\$221,059	Jan...	\$39,840	\$13,716	4 102	
457,327	678,504	474,788	Feb...	147,485	153,903	155,893	Feb...	95,843	130,171	191,167	Feb...	37,488	37,265	6 006	
611,297	837,584	654,390	Mar...	160,497	292,771	192,138	Mar...	132,896	155,753	253,407	Mar...	42,038	32,378	3 209	
588,066	738,586	606,078	April...	157,786	169,209	167,301	April...	123,877	144,001	271,300	April...	41,450	33,972	4 333	
535,751	697,186	672,628	May...	149,855	177,625	—	May...	127,010	138,738	316,433	May...	48,359	63,862	89,913	
532,911	646,995	—	June...	155,730	173,722	—	June...	156,338	194,521	—	June...	68,118	82,147	—	
506,610	584,523	—	July...	144,942	162,570	—	July...	139,694	271,735	—	July...	50,308	68,189	—	
625,517	712,935	—	Aug...	218,236	218,236	—	Aug...	244,14	374,534	—	Aug...	49,903	59,862	—	
675,310	795,938	—	Sept...	234,194	269,481	—	Sept...	375,554	375,981	—	Sept...	60,565	75,677	—	
701,31	838,500	—	Oct...	208,785	222,924	—	Oct...	221,570	370,534	—	Oct...	50,871	92,715	—	
601,53	712,392	—	Nov...	202,966	208,098	—	Nov...	220,209	361,610	—	Nov...	54,942	61,770	—	
914,08	880,983	—	Dec...	204,726	162,694	—	Dec...	265,154	347,023	—	Dec...	42,195	37,880	—	
7,130,43	8,489,062	—	Year...	2,064,074	2,290,696	—	Year...	2,050,393	2,998,675	—	Year...	537,078	689,888	—	

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.		Stock out- standing.	Dividend.		FRIDAY.		COMPANIES.		Stock out- standing.	Dividend.		FRIDAY.	
Marked thus (*) are leased roads, and have fixed incomes.			Periods.	Last p'd.	Bid.	Askd	Marked thus (*) are leased roads, and have fixed incomes.			Periods.	Last p'd.	Bid.	Askd
Railroad.													
Alton and St. Louis*	100	153,000	Quarterly.	Apr. 1%			New York and Harlem	50	5,085,050				
Atlantic & Great Western	50	11,522,15					do preferred	50	1,500,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 4		
do preferred	50	1,919,000					New York Providence & Boston	100	1,508,000	Quarterly.	Apr. 3	109	
Atlantic & St. Lawrence*	100	2,494,900					Ninth Avenue	100	785,360				
Baltimore and Ohio	100	13,188,902	April and Oct.	Apr. 4			Northern of New Hampshire	100	3,068,400	May and Nov	May 3 & 4		
Washington Branch*	100	1,650,000	April and Oct.	Apr. 5			Northern Central	50	5,518,900	Quarterly.	Apr. 2		
Bellefontaine Line	100	4,434,250	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 3			North Pennsylvania	50	3,150,150				
Belvidere, Delaware	100	997,119					Norwich and Worcester	100	3,338,600	Jan. and July	July 5		
Berkshire*	100	600,000	Quarterly.	Apr. 1%			Ogdensburg & L. Champlain	100	3,077,000				
Blossburg and Corning*	50	250,000	June & Dec.	Dec. 2%			Ohio and Mississippi	100	19,822,850				
Boston, Hartford and Erie	100	8,500,000					do preferred	100	2,960,500	January.	Jan. 7	76	78
Boston and Lowell	100	1,890,000	Jan. and July	July 4			Old Colony and Newport	100	3,609,600	Jan. and July	Jan. 4		
Boston and Maine	100	4,076,974	Jan. and July	July 5			Oswego and Syracuse	50	482,400	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 3		
Boston and Providence	100	3,160,000	Jan. and July	July 5			Panama (and Steamship)	100	7,000,000	Quarterly.	Apr. 6	280	
Boston and Worcester	100	4,500,000	Jan. and July	July 5			Pennsylvania	50	30,000,000	May and Nov	May 5		54 1/2
Brooklyn Central	100	492,150					Philadelphia and Baltimore	100	218,100				
Brooklyn City	100	1,000,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 3%			Philadelphia and Erie*	50	5,069,450	Jan. and July	Jan. 3		
Brooklyn City and Newtown	100	966,000					Philadelphia and Reading	50	20,340,673	Jan. and July	July 5	109 1/2	109 1/2
Buffalo, New York and Erie	100	2,300,000	Jan. and July	July 3%			Phila., Germant'n, & Norrist'n*	50	1,476,300	Apr. and Oct.	Apr. 4		
Buffalo and State Line	100	2,900,000	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. 3			Phila., Wilmington & Baltimore	50	5,973,300	Quarterly.	July 5		
Camden and State Line	100	4,988,180	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 10			Pittsburg and Connellsville	50	1,774,623				
Camden and Atlantic	50	878,455					Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	100	9,312,442	Quarterly.	July 3 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
do do preferred	50	582,600					Portland, Saco, & Portsmouth	100	1,500,000	June and Dec.	June 3		
Cape Cod	60	681,665	Jan. and July	July 3%			Providence and Worcester	100	1,700,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 4		
Catawissa*	50	1,150,000					Raritan and Delaware Bay	100	2,360,700				
do preferred	50	2,300,000	Feb. & Aug.				Rensselaer & Saratoga consol.	100	800,000	April and Oct.	Apr. 4 1/2		
Central of New Jersey	100	10,655,940	Quarterly.	Apr. 2 1/2	115	117	Saratoga and Whitehall	100	500,000	April and Oct.	Apr. 3		
Cheshire (preferred)	100	2,085,925	Jan. and July	July 2 1/2			Troy, Salem & Rutland	100	800,000	April and Oct.	Apr. 3		
Chester Valley*	50	871,900					Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg	100	1,774,175	Jan. and July	July 5		
Chicago and Alton	100	1,733,200	Mar. and Sep.	Mar. 5	98 9/10	99	Rutland and Burlington	100	2,233,376				
do preferred	100	2,435,400	Mar. and Sep.	Mar. 5	108 1/2	110	St. Louis, Alton, & Terre Haute	100	2,300,000				
Chicago Burlington and Quincy	100	8,375,510	May & Nov.	May 5	122 1/2	125	do do preferred	100	1,700,000	Annually.	May 7	61	63
Chicago and Great Eastern	100	4,890,000					St. Louis, Jacksonville & Chic	100	2,989,080				
Chicago, Iowa and Nebraska*	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July	July 5			Sandusky, Dayton, and Cin.	100	354,366	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 3		
Chicago and Milwaukee	100	2,250,000					do do preferred	100	862,571				
Chicago and Northwest	100	13,160,927					Schenykill Valley*	50	576,050	Jan. and July	Jan. 3 1/2		
do do preferred	100	12,994,719	June & Dec.	June 3 1/2	59 59 1/2	60	Second Avenue (N. Y.)	100	650,000	Apr. and Oct.	Apr. 2 1/2		
Chicago and Rock Island	100	6,500,000	April and Oct.	Apr. 5	91 1/2	91 1/2	Shamokin Valley & Pottsville*	50	869,450	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 2		
Cincinnati and Chicago Air Line	100	1,106,128					Sixth Avenue (N. Y.)	100	750,000	Quarterly.			125
Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton	100	3,000,000	Apr. and Oct.	Apr. 4			South Carolina	100	5,819,275				
Cincinnati and Zanesville	100	2,000,000					Syracuse, Binghamton & N. Y.	100	1,300,130				
Cleveland, Columbus, & Cin.	100	6,000,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 5	117 118		Terre Haute & Indianapolis	50	1,129,150	Jan. and July	July 6		
Cleveland & Mahoning	50	1,036,000	May & Nov.	May 4			Third Avenue (N. Y.)	100	1,170,000	Quarterly.			
Cleveland, Painesville & Ashta.	100	5,000,000	Jan. and July	July 5			Toledo, Peoria, and Warsaw	100	1,700,000				
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	50	5,403,910	Jan. and July	Apr. 6 1/2	83 83 1/2		do do 1st pref.	100	1,700,000				
Cleveland and Toledo	50	4,654,800	April and Oct.	Apr. 8	106 1/2	106 1/2	do do 2d pref.	100	1,000,000				
Columbus & Indianapolis Cent.	100	1,490,800	Quarterly.	Mar. 2 1/2			Toledo, Wabash and Western	50	2,442,350	June and Dec.	June 3		
Columbus and Xenia*	50	1,490,800	Jan. and July	Jul. 5			do do preferred	50	984,700	June and Dec.	Dec. 3 1/2		
Concord	100	1,500,000	May and Nov	May 4			Texas	100	135,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 3		
Concord and Portsmouth	100	500,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 3%			Troy and Boston	100	807,111				
Coney Island and Brooklyn	100	500,000					Troy and Greenbush	100	274,400	June and Dec.	Dec. 3 1/2		
Connecticut and Passumpsic	100	392,900					Utica and Black River	100	811,560	Jan. and July	Jan. 4		
do do preferred	100	1,255,200	Jan. and July	Jan. 3			Vermont and Canada*	100	2,880,000	June and Dec.	Dec. 4		
Connecticut River	100	1,591,100	Jan. and July	Jan. 4			Vermont and Massachusetts	100	2,860,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 2		
Covington and Lexington	100	1,532,168					Warren*	50	1,408,300	Jan. and July	Jan. 3		
Dayton and Michigan	100	2,316,705					Western (Mass)	100	5,627,700	Jan. and July	July 5		
Delaware*	50	406,132	Jan. and July	Jan. 3			Western Union (Wis. & Ill.)	100	5,627,700	Jan. and July	Jan. 5 1/2		
Delaware, Lacka. & Western	100	10,247,050	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	147 150		Worcester and Nashua	50	1,165,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 5 1/2		
Des Moines Valley	100	1,550,050					Wrightsville, York & Gettysburg	50	317,000	January.	Jan. 2		
Detroit and Milwaukee	100	952,350					Canal.						
do do preferred	100	1,500,000					Chesapeake and Delaware	25	1,550,363	June and Dec.	June 8		
Dubuque and Sioux City	100	1,751,577					Chesapeake and Ohio	25	8,228,595				
do do preferred	100	1,982,150	March	Mar. 7 1/2			Delaware Division	50	1,638,350	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 3		
Eastern, Mass.	100	3,155,000	Jan. and July	July 4	108		Delaware and Hudson	100	10,000,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 10	152	153
Elmira Avenue, N. Y.	100	1,000,000	Quarterly.	Apr. 5			Delaware and Raritan	100	2,528,200	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 10		151
Elmira, Jefferson, & Canadagua	100	500,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 3 1/2			Delaware and Susquehanna	50	2,000,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 10		
Elmira and Williamsport	50	500,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 3 1/2			Lehigh Navigation	50	5,104,050	May and Nov	May 5		
do do preferred	50	500,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 3 1/2			Monongahela Navigation	50	726,800				32
Erie	100	16,570,100	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. 4	68 63 1/2		Morris (consolidated)	50	1,025,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 5		
do preferred	100	8,535,700	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. 3 1/2	74 75		do preferred	100	1,175,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 5		
Erie and Northeast*	50	600,000	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. 5			Pennsylvania and New York	50	1,388,086				
Fitchburg	50	3,540,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 4			Schenykill Navigation (consol.)	50	1,308,307	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 6 1/2		
Fort-sea St. & Grand St. P.	100	750,000	April and Oct.	Apr. 5			do do preferred	50	2,888,805	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 6		
Hannibal and St. Joseph	100	1,900,000			38 35		Susquehanna and Tide-Water	50	2,051,000			15	
do do preferred	100	5,253,836			50		Union	50	2,787,000				
Hartford and New Haven	100	3,000,000	Quarterly.	July 3			West Branch and Susquehanna	100	1,100,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 5		
Housatonic	100	820,000					Wyoming Valley	50	750,000	Quarterly.	June 4		
do preferred	100	1,180,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 4			Miscellaneous.						
Hudson River	100	6,563,250	April and Oct.	Apr. 5	109 111 1/2		Coal-American	25	1,500,000	Feb. and Aug.		60	
Huntingdon and Broad Top	100	494,380			16		Ashburton	50	2,000,000				
do do preferred	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 3%	121 121 1/2		Central	100	2,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	41	42
Illinois Central	100	23,374,400	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 5			Cumberland	100	2,000,000			45	45
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	50	1,689,900	Mar. & Sep.	Mar. 4	70		Pennsylvania	50	3,300,000	Quarterly.	Apr. 5	145	149
Indianapolis and Madison	100	412,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 3			Spring Mountain	100				38 3/4	39
do do preferred	100	407,900	Jan. and July	Jan. 4			Spruce Hill	10	1,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 5		4%
Jeffersonville	50	1,997,300					Wilkesbarre	100	2,175,000	Apr. and Oct.	Apr. 5		
Joliet and Chicago	100	1,500,000	Quarterly.	Apr. 1 1/2	95		Wyoming Valley	100	1,250,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 5		55
Kennebec and Portland (new)	100	885,000					Gas-Brooklyn	25	2,000,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 5		
Lackawanna and Bloomsburg	50	500,000					Citizens (Brooklyn)	25	2,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 4		
do do preferred	50	500,000					Harlem	50	644,000				
Lehigh Valley	50	6,632,250	Quarterly.	Apr. 2 1/2			Jersey City & H. boken	20	1,000,000				
Lexington													

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

DESCRIPTION.	Amount outstanding.	INTEREST.	FRIDAY.	DESCRIPTION.	Amount outstanding.	INTEREST.	FRIDAY.
N. B.—The sums placed after the name of Company shows the total Funded Debt.				N. B.—The sums placed after the name of Company shows the total Funded Debt.			
Railroad:				Railroad:			
Atlantic & Gl. Western (\$30,000,000):				Des Moines Valley (\$2,088,000):			
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (Pa.)	\$2,500,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. 1877	Mortgage Bonds	\$1,740,000	8	Ap'l & Oct. 1887
2d do do do	1,000,000	7	do 1882	Income Bonds	348,000	7	J'ne & Dec. 1874
Franklin Branch	528,000	7	do 1882				
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (N. Y.)	1,014,000	7	do 1879	Detroit and Milwaukee (\$3,500,000):			
2d do do do	800,000	7	do 1881	1st Mortgage, convertible	2,500,000	7	May & Nov. 1875
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (Ohio)	4,000,000	7	do 1876	2d do do do	1,000,000	8	do 1864
2d do do do	4,000,000	7	Jan. & July 1883	Detroit, Monroe & Toledo (\$734,000):			
1st Mortgage S'k'g Fund (Buff. ex.)	2,000,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. 1884	1st Mortgage	734,000	7	Feb. & Aug. 1876
1st do S'k'g Fund (Silv. Creek)	300,000	7	do 1884	Dubuque and Sioux City (\$900,000):			
Consolidated Bonds	13,858,000	7	do 1895	1st Mortgage, 1st section	300,000	7	Jan. & July 1863
Atlantic & St. Lawrence (\$1,472,000):				1st do 2d section	600,000	7	do 1894
Dollar Bonds	988,000	6	Ap'l & Oct. 1866	Eastern, Mass. (\$1,798,600):			
Sterling Bonds	484,000	6	May & Nov. 1875	Mortgage, convertible	420,000	5	Jan. & July 1872
Baltimore and Ohio (\$10,112,884):				do do	739,200	6	Feb. & Aug. 1874
Mortgage (S. F.) of 1884	1,000,000	6	Ja Ap Ju Oc 1867	East Pennsylvania (\$598,000):			
do do 1885	1,128,500	6	Jan. & July 1875	Sinking Fund Bonds	598,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. 1888
do do 1880	700,000	6	do 1880	Elmira & Williamsport (\$1,000,000):			
do do 1883	2,500,000	6	Ap'l & Oct. 1885	1st Mortgage	1,000,000	7	Jan. & July 1873
Bellefontaine Line (\$2,037,550):				Erie Railway (\$2,370,982):			
1st Mortgage (B. & L.) convertible	368,000	7	Jan. & July 1866	1st Mortgage	3,000,000	7	May & Nov. 1876
1st do do extended	422,000	7	do 70-79	2d do convertible	4,000,000	7	M'ch & Sep. 1879
2d do do do	116,000	7	do 1870	3d do do do	6,000,000	7	do 1883
1st do (I. P. & C.)	650,000	7	do 1870	4th do do convertible	4,441,600	7	April & Oct. 1880
2d do do	347,000	7	do	5th do do do	926,500	7	June & Dec. 1885
Belvidere Delaware (\$2,193,000):				Sterling convertible	3,816,582	6	M'ch & Sep. 1875
1st Mort. (guar. C. and A.)	1,000,000	6	J'ne & Dec. 1867	Erie and Northeast (\$149,000):			
2d Mort. do	500,000	6	M'ch & Sep. 1885	Mortgage	149,000	7	Jan. & July 1870
3d Mort. do	589,500	6	Feb. & Aug. 1877	Gal. & Chic. U. (incl. in C. & N. W.):			
Blossburg and Corning (\$150,000):				1st Mortgage, sinking fund	1,963,000	7	Feb. & Aug. 1882
Mortgage Bonds	150,000	6	May & Nov. 1871	2d do do do	1,086,000	7	May & Nov. 1875
Boston, Conc. & Montreal (\$1,050,000):				Grand Junction (\$927,000):			
1st Mortgage	364,000	7	Feb. & Aug. 1865	Mortgage	927,000	6	Jan. & July 1870
1st do do	250,000	7	do 1865	Great Western, Ill. (\$2,350,000):			
2d do do	100,000	6	do 1870	1st Mortgage West. Division	1,000,000	10	April & Oct. 1868
Sinking Fund Bonds	200,000	6	do 1889	do East. do	1,350,000	7	Jan. & July 1868
Boston and Lowell (\$400,000):				Hannibal & St. Joseph (\$7,177,600):			
Mortgage Bonds	400,000	6	Jan. & July 1879	Land Grant Mortgage	3,437,750	7	April & Oct. 1881
Buffalo, N. Y. and Erie (\$2,395,000):				Convertible Bonds	633,600	7	Jan. & July 1883
1st Mortgage	2,000,000	7	J'ne & Dec. 1877	Harford & New Haven (\$927,000):			
2d Mortgage	390,000	7	May & Nov. 1872	New Dollar Bonds	700,000	6	Jan. & July 1883
Buffalo and State Line (\$1,300,000):				1st Mortgage	927,000	6	Feb. & Aug. 1883
1st Mortgage	500,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. 1866	Harf. Froe. & Fishkill (\$1,936,940):			
Income	200,000	7	Jan. & July '69-72	1st Mortgage	1,037,500	7	Jan. & July 1876
Erie and Northeast	400,000	7	do 1870	2d do do sinking fund	1,000,000	6	do 1876
Camden and Amboy (\$10,364,463):				Housatonic (\$191,000):			
Dollar Loans	1,700,000	6	Feb. & Aug. 1883	1st Mortgage	191,000	6	Jan. & July 1877
Dollar Loan	397,000	6	May & Nov. 1889	Hudson River (\$17,787,680):			
Consolidated (\$5,000,000) Loan	4,269,400	6	J'ne & Dec. 1893	1st Mortgage	3,890,000	7	Feb. & Aug. 1870
Camden and Atlantic (\$983,000):				1st do do	110,000	6	do 1869
1st Mortgage	490,000	7	Jan. & July 1873	2d do do sinking fund	1,907,000	7	J'ne & Dec. 1885
2d do do	493,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. 1879	3d do do do	192,000	7	May & Nov. 1875
Catawissa (\$141,000):				Convertible	523,000	7	do 1867
1st Mortgage	141,000	7	Feb. & Aug. 1882	Huntington & Broad Top (\$1,436,082):			
Central of New Jersey (\$1,506,000):				1st Mortgage	500,000	6	May & Nov. 1870
1st Mortgage	909,000	7	Feb. & Aug. 1870	2d do do	500,000	6	Feb. & Aug. 1875
Central Ohio (\$3,673,000):				Illinois Central (\$13,231,000):			
1st Mortgage W. Div.	450,000	7	Feb. & Aug. 1890	1st Mortgage, convertible	6,837,000	7	April & Oct. 1875
1st do E. Div.	800,080	7	May & Nov. 1890	1st do do Sterling	2,896,500	6	do 1875
2d do do	800,000	7	M'ch & Sep. 1865	Redemption bonds	2,563,000	6	do 1890
Cheshire (\$900,000):				Indiana Central (\$11,254,500):			
Mortgage Bonds	600,000	6	Jan. & July '75-'80	1st Mortgage, convertible	600,000	7	Jan. & July 1866
Chicago and Alton (\$3,619,000):				2d do do	364,000	10	do 1870
1st Mortgage (S'k'g Fund), pref.	519,000	7	May & Nov. 1877	Indianapolis and Cinc. (\$1,368,384):			
1st do do	2,400,000	7	Jan. & July 1893	1st Mortgage	500,000	7	Jan. & July 1866
2d do income	1,100,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. 1883	Indianapolis & Madison (\$640,000):			
Trust Mortgage (S. F.) convert.	467,000	8	Jan. & July 1883	1st Mortgage	640,000	7	May & Nov. 1881
do do do inconvert.	3,167,000	8	do 1883	2d Mortgage	187,000	7	April & Oct. 1873
Bonds, (dated Sept. 20, 1890)	680,000	7	M'ch & Sep. 1890	Joliet and Chicago (\$500,000):			
Chicago and Gl. Eastern (\$5,600,000):				1st Mortgage, sinking fund	500,000	8	Jan. & July 1882
1st Mortgage	5,600,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. 1895	Joliet and N. Indiana (\$800,000):			
Chicago and Milwaukee (\$2,000,000):				1st mortgage	800,000	8	Jan. & July 1874
1st Mortgage (consolidated)	2,000,000	7	Jan. & July 1898	Kennebec and Portland (\$1,230,000):			
Chicago & Northwest (\$12,020,483):				1st Mortgage	800,000	6	April & Oct. 1870
Preferred Sinking Fund	1,250,000	7	Feb. & Aug. 1885	2d do do	230,000	6	do 1861
1st Mortgage	3,600,000	7	do 1885	3d do do	250,000	6	do 1862
Interest Bonds	756,000	7	May & Nov. 1863	La Crosse & Milwaukee (\$1,908,000):			
Consol. S. F. Bonds, conv. till 1870	2,000,000	7	Quarterly. 1915	1st Mortgage, Eastern Division	908,000	7	May & Nov. 1872
Extension Bonds	484,000	7	Feb. & Aug. 1885	2d do do do	1,000,000	7	Jan. & July 1869
Chicago & Rock Island (\$1,448,000):				Lehigh Valley (\$1,477,000):			
1st Mortgage	1,397,000	7	Jan. & July 1870	1st Mortgage	1,465,000	6	May & Nov. 1873
Cinc. Ham. & Dayton (\$1,629,000):				1st Mortgage	1,300,000	6	May & Nov. 1883
1st Mortgage	379,000	7	do 1867	Little Schuylkill (\$960,000):			
2d do do	1,249,000	7	May & Nov. 1880	1st Mortgage, sinking fund	960,000	7	April & Oct. 1877
Cincinnati & Zanesville (\$1,300,000):				Long Island (\$932,000):			
1st Mortgage	1,300,000	7	May & Nov. 1893	Mortgage	500,000	6	Jan. & July 1870
Cleveland, Col. and Cinc. (\$491,500):				Extension Bonds	225,000	7	May & Nov. 1890
1st Mortgage	491,500	7	Jan. & July 1890	Louisville and Nashville (\$3,297,000):			
Cleveland & Mahoning (\$1,752,400):				1st Mortgage	1,804,000	7	Feb. & Aug. 1883
1st Mortgage	850,000	7	Feb. & Aug. 1873	1st Memphis Branch Mortgage	300,560	7	do 1883
2d do do	244,200	7	M'ch & Sep. 1864	Marietta & Cincinnati (\$3,011,393):			
3d do do	648,200	8	do 1875	1st Mortgage	2,691,293	7	Feb. & Aug. 1892
Clev. Prin. & Ashabula (\$1,500,000):				Scioto and Hocking Valley mort.	300,000	7	May & Nov. 1888
Dividend Bonds	900,000	7	Feb. & Aug. 1880	McGregor Western:			
Sunbury and Erie Bonds	500,000	7	do 1874	1st Mortgage	1,000,000	7	Jan. & July 1885
Cleveland & Pittsburg (\$3,880,848):				Maine Central:			
1st Mortgage	1,129,000	7	M'ch & Sep. 1873	\$1,100,000 Loan Bonds	1,099,900	6	Feb. & Aug. '90-'90
2d do convertible	1,619,500	7	do 1875	2d do do do	314,100	6	June & Dec. '70-'71
3d do do	1,108,124	6	Jan. & July 1892	1st Mortgage (P. & K. R.) Bonds	681,000	6	Apr. & Oct. '74-'75
Cleveland and Toledo (\$2,614,400):				2d do do do	399,000	6	Feb. & Aug. 1874
Sinking Fund Mortgage	2,205,000	7	Jan. & July 1885	Michigan Central:			
Connecticut River (\$250,000):				Dollar, convertible	2,320,500	8	Feb. & Aug. '69-'72
1st Mortgage	250,000		M'ch & Sep. 1878	Sinking F'nd do	4,328,000	8	April & Oct. 1889
Conn. and Passumpsic R. (\$250,000):				Michigan South. & North. Indiana:			
1st Mortgage	800,000		J'ne & Dec. 1876	1st Mortgage, sinking fund	4,835,000	7	May & Nov. 1885
Cumberland Valley (\$270,500):				2d do do do	2,253,500	7	do 1877
1st Mortgage Bonds	161,000	8	Ap'l & Oct. 1904	Goshen Air Line Bonds	651,000	7	Feb. & Aug. 1868
2d do do do	109,500	8	do 1904	Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien:			
Dayton and Michigan (\$3,732,430):				1st Mortgage, sinking fund	402,000	7	Jan. & July 1891
1st Mortgage	283,000	8	Jan. & July 1867	Milwaukee and St. Paul:			
2d do do	2,655,500	8	do 1881	1st Mortgage	4,600,000	7	Jan. & July 1899
3d do do	642,000	7	do 18—	2d do do do	1,500,000	7	April & Oct. 1893
Toledo Depot Bonds	162,500	7	do 18—	Mississippi and Missouri River:			
Delaware (\$500,000):				1st Mortgage, convertible	1,000,000	7	Jan. & July 1875
1st Mortgage, guaranteed	500,000	6	Jan. & July 1875	2d do do sinking fund	400,000	8	do 1876
Dea., Lacka. & Western (\$3,491,500):				3d do do do	590,000	7	do 1876
1st Mortgage, sinking fund	1,500,000	7	Jan. & July 1875	1st Land Grant Mortgage	8,612,000	7	May & Nov. 1877
2d do do	600,000	7	M'ch & Sep. 1881	2d do do do	696,000	7	do 1883
Lackawanna and Western	900,000	7	Jan. & July 1871	Morris and Essex:			
				1st Mortgage, sinking fund	3,500,000	7	May & Nov. 1915

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST (continued).

DESCRIPTION. The sums placed after the name of Company show the total Funded Debt.	Amount outstand- ing.	INTEREST.		Principal payable.	FRIDAY	Bld.	Ask'd	DESCRIPTION. The sums placed after the name of Company shows the total Funded Debt.	Amount outstand- ing.	INTEREST.		Principal payable.	FRIDAY	Bld.	Ask'd
		Rate.	Payable.							Rate.	Payable.				
Railroad:															
Naugatuck:								St. Louis, Jacksonville & Chicago:							
1st Mortgage (convertible).....	300,000	7	Jan. & July	1876		93		1st Mortgage.....	.....	7	April & Oct.	.....		
N. Haven, N. London & Stonington:								2d do.....	1,700,000	7	May & Nov.	1894			
1st Mortgage.....	450,000	7	Mch & Sep	1861				2d do Income.....	.....	7	May & Nov.	1894			
2d do.....	300,000	7	Jan. & July	1878				Sandusky, Dayton and Cincinnati:							
New Haven and Northampton:								1st Mortgage (extended).....	1,000,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1900			
1st Mortgage.....	\$500,000	7	Jan. & July	1869				2d do.....	201,500	7	May & Nov	1876			
New Jersey:								Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark:							
Ferry Bonds of 1853.....	485,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1873				1st Mortgage.....	1,290,000	7	Jan. & July	1875			
New London Northern:								Second Avenue:							
1st General Mortgage.....	140,000	6	Jan. & July	1885				1st Mortgage.....	500,000	7	June & Dec	1867			
New York Central:								Shamokin Valley and Pottsville:							
Premium Sinking Fund Bonds.....	6,917,598	6	May & Nov	1883	93			1st Mortgage.....	700,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1872			
Bonds of October, 1863 (renewal).....	2,925,000	6	June & Dec	1887				South Carolina:							
Real Estate Bonds.....	165,000	6	May & Nov.	1883	86½			Sterling Loan.....	2,000,000	5	Jan. & July	1866			
Subscrip. Bonds (assumed stocks).....	668,000	6	do	do	93			Domesic Bonds.....	1,070,000	5	Various.	68-74			
Sink. Fund B'ds (assumed debts).....	1,388,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1876	103			<i>Staten Island:</i>							
Bonds of August, 1859, convert.....	604,000	7	do	1876	103			1st Mortgage.....	300,000	7	Jan. & July	1871			
Bonds of 1865.....	.....	7	do	1876	104			Syracuse, Binghamton and New York:							
New York and Harlem:								1st Mortgage.....	1,400,000	7	April & Oct	1876			
1st General Mortgage.....	3,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1873	101			Terre Haute and Indianapolis:							
Consolidated Mortgage.....	1,000,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1868				1st Mortgage, convertible.....	94,000	7	Mch & Sept	1866			
3d Mortgage.....	1,000,000	7	do	1876				Third Avenue (N. Y.):							
New York and New Haven:								1st Mortgage.....	1,180,000	7	Jan. & July	1870			
Mortgage Bonds.....	1,088,000	6	April & Oct	1875				Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw:							
New York, Providence and Boston:								1st Mortgage.....	1,391,000	7	June & Dec	1894			
1st Mortgage.....	232,000	6	Feb. & Aug	73-78				Toledo and Wabash:							
Northern Central:								1st Mort. (Toledo & Wabash).....	900,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1865			
State Loans.....	1,500,000	6	Jan. & July	irred.				1st do (extended).....	2,500,000	7	do	1884			
2d Mortgage Sinking Fund.....	2,500,000	6	Jan. & July	1885	86			2d do (Toledo and Wabash).....	1,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1875	74		
<i>Northern New Hampshire:</i>								2d do (Wabash and Western).....	1,500,000	7	do	1875			
Plain Bonds.....	230,700	6	April & Oct	1874				Sinking Fund Bonds.....	152,355	7	do	1865			
North Pennsylvania:								Equipment bonds.....	600,000	7	Jan. & July	1874	60		
Mortgage Bonds.....	2,500,000	6	April & Oct	1880	90			Troy and Boston:							
Chattel Mortgage.....	360,000	10	do	1887				1st Mortgage.....	300,000	7	Jan. & July	1887			
North-Western Virginia:								2d do.....	300,000	7	Apr. & Oct.	1885			
1st Mortgage (guar. by Baltimore).....	1,500,000	6	Jan. & July	1873	97			3d do.....	650,000	7	May & Nov.	1875			
2d do (guar. by B. & O. R.R.).....	1,000,000	6	do	1873	92			Convertible.....	300,000	7	Mar. & Sep.	1882			
3d do (do do do do).....	500,000	6	do	1885	96			Troy Union:							
3d do (not guaranteed).....	500,000	6	do	1885				Mortgage Bonds.....	500,000	6	Jan. & July	1863			
Norwich and Worcester:								do do.....	180,000	6	do	1867			
General Mortgage.....	100,000	7	Jan. & July	1874				Vermont Central:							
Steamboat Mortgage.....	300,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1870				1st Mortgage.....	2,000,000	7	June & Dec	1861	95		
Ogdensburg and L. Champlain:								2d do (no interest).....	1,135,000	7	Jan. & July	1867	33		
1st Mortgage.....	1,494,000	7	April & Oct	1869	93			Vermont and Massachusetts:							
Ohio and Mississippi:								1st Mortgage.....	550,000	6	Jan. & July	1883	93		
1st Mortgage.....	2,900,000	7	Jan. & July	1872	90½			Verm. Cen. & Verm. & Can. Bonds:		8	do	1876	100		
2d do (W.D.).....	750,000	7	do	1874				Warren.....	600,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1875			
Oswego & Rome (\$350,000):								1st Mortgage (guaranteed).....	600,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1875			
1st Mortgage (guar. by R. W. & O.).....	350,000	7	May & Nov.	1916				Westchester and Philadelphia:							
Oswego and Syracuse:								1st Mortgage (convert.) Coupon.....	399,300	7	Jan. & July	1873			
1st Mortgage.....	225,000	7	Jan. & July	70-80				2d do, registered.....	554,908	8	April & Oct	1878			
Pacific (S. W. Branch):								Western (Mass.):							
Mortgage, guar. by Mo.....	1,139,000	6	Jan. & July	72-87	74			Sterling (\$899,900) Bonds.....	4,319,520	5	April & Oct	68-71			
Panama:								Dollar Bonds.....	850,000	6	do	1875			
1st Mortgage, sterling.....	416,000	7	April & Oct	1870				Albany and W. Stockbridge Bonds.....	1,000,000	6	Jan. & July	66-76			
1st do do.....	346,000	7	do	1875				Hudson and Boston Mortgage.....	150,000	6	June & Dec	67-76			
2d do.....	1,150,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1872				<i>Western Maryland:</i>							
<i>Penninsula (Chic. & N. W.):</i>								1st Mortgage.....	596,000	6	Jan. & July	1890	80		
1st Mortgage.....	1,029,000	7	Mch & Sept	1884	75	78		do do, guaranteed.....	200,000	6	do	1890	96		
<i>Pennsylvania:</i>								York & Cumberland (North. Cent.):							
1st Mortgage.....	4,980,000	6	Jan. & July	1880	102			1st Mortgage.....	175,000	6	May & Nov.	1870			
2d do.....	2,621,000	6	April & Oct	1875	103			2d do.....	25,000	6	Jan. & July	1871			
2d do, sterling.....	2,283,840	6	do	1875				Guaranteed (Baltimore) Bonds.....	500,000	6	do	1877			
<i>Philadelphia and Baltimore Central:</i>								Canal							
1st Mortgage.....	575,000	7	Jan. & July	1876				<i>Chesapeake and Delaware:</i>							
<i>Philadelphia and Erie:</i>								1st Mortgage Bonds.....	2,382,109	6	Jan. & July	1886			
1st Mortgage (Sunbury & Erie).....	1,000,000	7	April & Oct	1877	96			<i>Chesapeake and Ohio:</i>							
1st do (general).....	5,000,000	6	April & Oct	1881	91			Maryland Loan.....	2,000,000	6	Ja Ap Ju Oc	1870			
2d do (general).....	4,000,000	6	April & Oct	1901				Sterling Bonds, guaranteed.....	4,375,000	5	do	1890			
<i>Philadel., Germant. & Norristown:</i>								Preferred Bonds.....	1,699,500	6	do	1885			
Consolidated Loan.....	119,800	6	Jan. & July	1885				<i>Delaware Division:</i>							
Convertible Loan.....	292,500	6	do	1885				1st Mortgage.....	800,000	6	Jan. & July	1878	92		
<i>Philadelphia and Reading:</i>								<i>Delaware and Hudson:</i>							
Sterling Bonds of 1836.....	408,000	5	Jan. & July	1867				Mortgage, sinking fund.....	641,000	7	Mch & Sept	1870			
do do do.....	182,400	5	do	1880				<i>Erie of Pennsylvania:</i>							
Dollar Bonds of 1849.....	2,856,600	6	April & Oct	1870	95			1st Mortgage Bonds.....	752,000	7	Jan. & July	1865			
do do 1861.....	106,000	6	Jan. & July	1871				Interest Bonds.....	161,000	6	do	1868			
do do 1843-4-8-9.....	1,521,000	6	do	1880				<i>Lehigh Navigation: (\$3,081,434):</i>							
Sterling Bonds of 1843.....	976,800	6	do	1880	92			Loan of 1871.....	414,158	6	Mch & Sept	1870			
Dollar Bonds, convertible.....	564,000	6	do	1886				do of 1884.....	2,667,276	6	do	1884			
Lebanon Valley Bonds, convertible.....	60,000	7	do	1886	108			<i>Monongahela Navigation:</i>							
<i>Philadelphia and Trenton:</i>								Mortgage Bonds.....	182,000	6	Jan. & July	1876			
1st Mortgage.....	258,000	6	May & Nov.	1868				<i>Morris:</i>							
<i>Philadel., Wilming. & Baltimore:</i>								Mortgage Bonds.....	750,000	6	April & Oct	1876	92		
Mortgage Loan.....	692,000	6	Jan. & July	1884				<i>Pennsylvania and New York:</i>							
<i>Pittsburg and Connellsville:</i>								1st Mortgage (North Branch).....	590,000	6	May & Nov.	1876			
1st Mort. (Turtle Cr. Div.).....	400,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1889				<i>Schoykill Navigation:</i>							
<i>P. & W. and Chic. (\$573,500):</i>								1st Mortgage.....	1,764,330	6	Mch & Sept	1872			
1st Mortgage.....	5,200,000	7	Semi an'yally	1912	102½			2d do.....	3,980,670	6	Jan. & July	1882	87½		
2d do.....	5,160,000	7	do	1912	96	98		Improvement.....	586,500	6	May & Nov.	1870			
3d do.....	2,000,000	7	April & Oct	1912	88			<i>Susquehanna and Tide Water:</i>							
<i>Akron Branch: 1st mortgage:</i>								Maryland Loan.....	1,000,000	6	Jan. & July	1865	100		
<i>Pittsburg and Steubenville:</i>								Coupon Bonds.....	1,100,000						

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.—FRIDAY.

Marked thus (*) are participating, and (+) write Marine Risks.	Dec. 31, 1885.		DIVIDEND.		Bid.	Ask.
	Capital.	Assets.	Periods.	Last paid.		
Adriatic.....	25	\$300,000	223,775	Jan. and July.		
Alina.....	50	200,000	205,976	Jan. and July.		
American.....	50	300,000	440,608	Jan. and July.		
American Exch'g.....	100	200,000	213,590	Jan. and July.		
Arctic.....	50	500,000	501,543	Jan. and July.		
Astor.....	25	250,000	253,232	Feb. and Aug.		
Baltic.....	25	200,000	200,392	May and Nov.		
Beekman.....	25	200,000	181,052	Feb. and Aug.		
Bowery.....	25	300,000	320,111	June and Dec.		
Broadway.....	25	300,000	245,392	Feb. and Aug.		
Central Park.....	100	150,000	123,571	Jan. and July.		
Citizens.....	25	200,000	373,441	do		
City.....	70	210,000	314,787	Feb. and Aug.		
Clinton.....	100	250,000	231,793	Jan. and July.		
Columbia.....	100	500,000	391,913	do		
Commerce (N.Y.).....	100	200,000	212,594	do		
Commercial.....	50	200,000	244,296	Jan. and July.		
Commonwealth.....	100	350,000	288,899	April and Oct.		
Continental.....	100	500,000	1,199,975	Jan. and July.		
Corn Exchange.....	50	400,000	86,970	March and Sep.		
Croton.....	100	200,000	168,321	Jan. and July.		
Eagle.....	40	300,000	261,705	April and Oct.		
Empire City.....	100	200,000	212,141	Jan. and July.		
Excelsior.....	50	300,000	238,054	do		
Exchange.....	30	300,000	140,324	Feb. and Aug.		
Firemen's.....	17	304,000	149,024	Jan. and July.		
Firemen's Fund.....	10	150,000	149,024	do		
Firemen's Trust.....	10	150,000	156,063	do		
Fulton.....	25	200,000	215,079	do		
Gallatin.....	50	150,000	149,755	May and Nov.		
Gebhard.....	100	200,000	221,309	Jan. and July.		
Germania.....	50	500,000	592,394	do		
Globe.....	50	300,000	185,875	Jan. and July.		
Great Western.....	100	1,000,000	3,177,437	Jan. and July.		
Greenwich.....	25	200,000	228,121	Feb. and Aug.		
Grocers.....	50	200,000	186,176	April and Oct.		
Guardian.....	—	200,000	172,318	Jan. and July.		
Hamilton.....	15	150,000	163,860	do		
Hanover.....	50	400,000	430,295	do		
Harmony (F. & M.).....	50	300,000	253,214	do		
Hoffman.....	50	300,000	207,345	do		
Home.....	100	2,000,000	2,488,017	do		
Hope.....	50	300,000	152,057	do		
Howard.....	50	300,000	349,521	do		
Humboldt.....	100	200,000	201,216	do		
Import & Trade.....	50	200,000	1,8,822	do		
Indemnity.....	100	150,000	138,166	Feb. and Aug.		
International.....	100	1,000,000	1,024,762	do		
Irving.....	25	200,000	195,571	do		
Jefferson.....	30	200,010	245,984	March and Sep.		
Knickerbocker.....	40	280,000	279,894	Jan. and July.		
Lamar.....	100	300,000	346,426	do		
Lenox.....	25	150,000	129,644	do		
Lorillard.....	25	1,000,000	1,132,779	do		
Manhattan.....	100	500,000	704,303	do		
Market.....	100	300,000	282,351	do		
Mechan' & Trade.....	25	200,000	197,633	do		
Mercantile.....	100	200,000	211,178	do		
Mercantile Mut'l.....	100	240,000	1,322,469	do		
Merchants.....	50	200,000	228,644	do		
Metropolitan.....	100	1,000,000	1,192,303	do		
National.....	75	200,000	235,518	do		
New Amsterdam.....	25	300,000	311,976	do		
N.Y. Equitable.....	25	210,000	154,206	Jan. and July.		
N.Y. Fire and Mar.....	130	300,000	292,190	Feb. and Aug.		
Niagara.....	50	1,000,000	1,175,565	Jan. and July.		
North American.....	50	500,000	601,701	do		
North River.....	25	350,000	385,489	April and Oct.		
Pacific.....	25	200,000	229,729	do		
Park.....	100	200,000	194,317	do		
Peter Cooper.....	30	150,000	173,691	do		
People's.....	20	150,000	154,206	Feb. and Aug.		
Phoenix.....	50	1,000,000	998,687	Jan. and July.		
Relief.....	50	200,000	188,170	do		
Republic.....	100	300,000	457,252	do		
Resolute.....	100	200,000	208,969	do		
Rutgers.....	25	200,000	206,909	Feb. and Aug.		
St. Mark's.....	25	150,000	150,580	do		
St. Nicholas.....	25	150,000	138,902	Jan. and July.		
Security.....	50	1,000,000	1,377,564	Feb. and Aug.		
Standard.....	50	200,000	220,903	Jan. and July.		
Star.....	100	200,000	217,843	do		
Sterling.....	100	200,000	177,915	do		
Stuyvesant.....	25	200,000	208,049	Feb. and Aug.		
Traders.....	25	150,000	142,830	Jan. and July.		
United States.....	26	250,000	300,412	do		
Washington.....	50	400,000	569,623	Feb. and Aug.		
Washington.....	100	287,400	581,689	Feb. and Aug.		
Yonkers and N. Y.....	100	500,000	550,301	do		

MARINE INSURANCE SCRIP.—FRIDAY.

COMPANIES.	Out-standing.	Bid.	Ask.	COMPANIES.	Out-standing.	Bid.	Ask.
Atlantic Mut. 1864	3,599,520			Orient Mut. 1859			
do 1865	3,705,000			do 1860	131,770		
do 1866	87	90		do 1861	105,770		
Commer'l Mut. 1860	81,120			do 1862	100,830		
do 1861	48,660			do 1863	53,610		
do 1862	81,120			do 1864			
do 1863	78,700			do 1865			
do 1864	126,540			do 1866			
do 1865	103,854			Pacific Mut. 1860			
do 1866				do 1861			
Gt. Western. 1861				do 1862			
do 1862				do 1863			
do 1863	435,404			do 1864	180,790		
do 1864				do 1865			
do 1865				do 1866			
do 1866				Sun Mut. 1862	129,000		
Mercan'l Mut. 1860	80,130			do 1863	224,000		
do 1861	43,700			do 1864	587,930		
do 1862	69,470			do 1865	549,000		
do 1863	111,580			do 1866			
do 1864	84,620			Union Mut. 1860	180,650		
do 1865	102,340			do 1861	177,380		
do 1866				do 1862	130,180		
N. Y. Mutual. 1860				do 1863	153,480		
do 1861				do 1864	125,670		
do 1862				do 1865	185,540		
do 1863				do 1866			
do 1864	134,460			Washington 1863	10,560		
do 1865				do 1864	27,220		
do 1866				do 1865	30,000		
				do 1866			

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.—FRIDAY.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ask.	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ask.
Adamantine Oil.....	par 10		McClintockville.....	par 10	
Allegheny.....	100		McElhenny.....	100	
Allen Wright.....	10		McKinley.....	5	
Anderson.....	10		Manhattan.....	2	30
Beekman.....	10		Maple Grove.....	5	
Bemis Heilich.....	5	3 00	Maple Shade of N. Y.....	10	
Bennehoff & Pithole.....	2		Marietta.....	10	
Bennehoff Run.....	10	11 75	Mercantile.....	5	
Bennehoff Run Oil.....	5	3 00	Mineral Point.....	5	
Bergen Coal and Oil.....	10		Mingo.....	10	
Black Creek.....	10		Monongahela & Kan.....	10	
Bliven.....	50	1 00	Montana.....	5	
Blood Farm.....	20		Mount Vernon.....	5	
Bradley Oil.....	5	7 9	National.....	5	
Brevort.....	10	1 25	New England.....	10	
Brooklyn.....	5	5 00	New York.....	5	
Buchanan Farm.....	10	30 33	N. Y. & Allegheny.....	5	4 30
Bunker Hill.....	5		New York & Kent'y Oil.....	100	
California.....	100		New York & Kent'y Pet.....	5	
Cascade.....	100	2 05	New York & Newark.....	10	
Central.....	100	2 05	N. Y. & Philadel.....	5	
Cherry Run Oil.....	10		N.Y.P. & Balt. Cons.....	1	34
Cherry Run Petrol'm.....	2		Noble & Delandier.....	5	
Cherry Run special.....	5	40	Noble Well of N. Y.....	25	
Clifton.....	10		North American.....	10	
Clinton.....	10	2 00	Northern Light.....	10	
Columbia (Pbg).....	50		Oak Shade.....	10	
Commonwealth.....	100		Oceanic.....	10	
Consolidated of N. Y.....	10	1 50	Oil City Petroleum.....	10	
De Kalb.....	10		Oil Creek of N. Y.....	30	40
Devon.....	1		Pacific.....	5	
Electric.....	5	2 00	Palmer Petroleum.....	10	
Emp'e City Petrol'm.....	5		Pennsylvania Oil.....		
Empire and Pit Hole.....	10		Pepper Well Petroleum.....	3 00	
Eniskillen.....	10		Petroleum Consol.....		
Enterprise.....	10		Pit Hole C. No. 2.....	2 60	2 65
Equitable.....	5		Pit Hole Creek.....	1 25	
Everett.....	10		Pithole Farms.....		
Eureka.....	5		Plumer.....		
Excelsior.....	5	42 50	President.....	3	
Fee Simple.....	2		Rawson Farm.....	5	
First National.....	5	6 8	Revenue.....	50	
Fountain Oil.....	10		Rynd Farm.....	10	22 30
Fountain Petroleum.....	5		Second National.....	5	80
Fulton Oil.....	5		Shade River.....	5	55 60
Germania.....	5	10	Sherman & Barnsdale.....	3 1/2	
Great Republic.....	10		Sherman Oil.....		
G't Western Consol.....	100		Southard.....	10	
Guild Farm.....	10		Standard Petroleum.....	5	
Hammonck.....	1 00	1 25	Story & McClintock.....	10	2 25
Hammond.....	20		Success.....	10	
Hard Pan.....	10		Sugar Creek.....	5	
Heydrick.....	10	19	Tack Petr'm of N.Y.....	5	
Heydrick Brothers.....	10		Talman.....	10	
Hickory Farm.....	5		Tarr Farm.....	10	
High Gate.....	1	15	Terraganta.....	5	
Home.....	20		Titus Oil.....	10	
Home.....	20		Titus Estate.....	5	
Inexhaustible.....	10		Tygart's Creek.....	5	
Island.....	10		Union.....	10	4 00
Ivanhoe.....	2	2 25	United Petr'm F'ms.....	3	20 24
Ken. Nat. Pet. & Min.....	5	2 75	United States.....	10	7 75 8 00
Knickerbocker.....	10		Venango (N. Y.).....	10	
Lamb's Farms.....	5		Venango & Pit Hole.....	10	
Latonla & Sage R.....	5		Vesta.....	10	
Lily Run.....	1	30	Watson Petroleum.....	5	
			Webster.....	16	25
			W. Virg. Oil and Coal.....	10	
			Woods & Wright.....	100	

MINING STOCK LIST.—FRIDAY.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ask.	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ask.
Copper:			Gold:		
Adventure.....	paid 3		Ada Elmore.....	par	8 00
Albany & Boston.....	26		Altos.....	2	50
Algonah.....	3		American Flag.....	—	3 00
Annita.....	—		Atlantic & Pacific.....	2 00	2 50
Aztec.....	4 1/2		Bates & Baxter.....	5	1 00
Bay State.....	13 1/2		Benton.....	5	1 75
Bohemian.....	17 1/2		Bob Tail.....	—	1 00
Boston.....	2 1/2		Bullion, Consolidated.....	100	19 25
Caledonia.....	—		Consolidated Gregory.....	100	19 25
Canada.....	—	90 1 05	Corydon.....	25	1 50
Central.....	5		Downville.....	5	54
Copper Creek.....	—		Gold Hill.....	—	54
Copper Falls.....	24 1/2		Eagle.....	5	
Copper Harbor.....	1		Gunnell.....	25	1 00
Dacotah.....	2 1/2		Gunnell Central.....	—	1 00
Deer.....	—		Holman.....	—	38 38
Eagle River.....	3 1/2		Hope.....	25	3 00
Evergreen Bluff.....	5 1/2		Kip & Buell.....	1	31 14
Excelsior.....	—	2 10 2 30	Liberty.....	—	
Flint Steel River.....	9 1/2		Liebig.....	—	50 5
Forest City.....	—		Manhattan.....	10	25
Franklin.....	8 1/2		Montana.....	5	25
French Creek.....	—		New York.....	10	45
Great Western.....	2		Quartz Hill.....	25	3 65
Hamilton.....	25		Rocky Mountain.....	—	3 00
Hartford.....	—		Smith & Parmelee.....	9	40 9
Hilton.....	2 1/2		Texas.....	—	1 00
Hope.....	1 1/2		Virginia City.....	45	8
Hudson.....	—		Waddingham.....	—	85
Huron.....	19		Lead and Zinc:		
Indiana.....	—		Bucks County.....	par 5	
Ile Royale.....	33	12 00	Danzon.....	—	10
Iron-ore.....	8		Manha.....	—	
Lafayette.....	1		Phenix.....	—	2 1/2
Lake Superior.....	2		Redwood.....	—	2 1/2
Manhattan.....	5 1/2		Wallkill.....	—	75
Mendota.....	5	4 00	Iron:		
Merrimac.....	6 1/2		Copake.....	par 80	
Minnesota.....	—		Lake Superior.....	100	
New Jersey Consol.....	10	14 00	Mount Pleasant.....	50	
New York.....	—		Coal:		
Norwich.....	11		British American, pref.....	—	
Ogima.....	—		Co. ambian.....	10	
Pewabic.....	3 1/2		Schnylkill.....	—	
Princeton.....	—		Express:		
Providence.....	—		Adams.....	120 1/2	121
Portage Lake.....	—		United States.....	112	120 1/2
Quincy.....	10		Wells, Fargo & Co.....	212	220 1/2
Skelton and Columbian.....	—		Miscellaneous.		
Rockland.....	13	6 25	Rutland Marble.....	25	
Saginaw.....	10		Saginaw, L. S. & M.....	25	

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BANKERS.

In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No. Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.

Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co., New York, Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the PURCHASE, SALE, and EXCHANGE of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES of all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, and to all business of National Banks.

JAY COOKE & CO.

March 1, 1866.

VERMILYE & Co.,**BANKERS.**

No. 44 Wall Street, New York.

Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery a

issues of

UNITED STATES STOCKS

INCLUDING

6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881.

6 Per Cent 5-30 Bonds of 1862,

6 " " " 1864,

6 " " " 1865,

5 Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,

7-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series,

6 Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERN-

MENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.

Compound Interest Notes of 1864 &

1865 Bought and Sold.

VERMILYE & CO.**L. P. MORTON & Co.,****BANKERS,****35 WALL STREET,**
NEW YORK.

Are prepared to draw Sterling Bills of Exchange, at sight, or sixty days, on the

Union Bank of London,

in sums to suit purchasers; and also to issue Circular Letters of Credit, on this Bank, for Travellers' use.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold on Commission.

ORDERS FOR SECURITIES EXECUTED ABROAD

Interest allowed on Deposits, subject to

Cheques at sight.

Prompt attention given to the Collection of Dividends, Drafts, &c

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,**BANKERS,**

CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

ISSUE

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS

OF CREDIT,

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,

For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States.

CORN, TWEEDIE & Co.,**BANKERS & BROKERS,**

No. 30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds, Gold, Foreign Exchange

and Government Securities,

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

ADOLPHUS M. CORN, DAVID TWEEDIE,

Members of the New York Gold Exchange.

EDWIN D. FOSTER,

Member of the New York Stock Exchange.

Bankers and Brokers.**W. H. WHITTINGHAM,**

No. 8 Broad Street.

COMMERCIAL PAPER

Bought, Sold and Collected.

STOCKS,

BONDS,

GOLD, AND

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bought and Sold on Commission.

Galwey, Kirkland & Co.,

49 EXCHANGE PLACE,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Railway Shares, Bonds, and Govern-

ment Securities bought and sold.

W. T. Galwey, J. L. Kirkland, W. B. Dinsmore, Jr

S. W. DANA,**STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKER,**

No. 30 PINE STREET, ROOM 4.

Exchange on London and Paris bought and sold on Commission—also Gold Stocks, Bonds, and Gold.

REFERENCES AND SECURITIES.

Messrs. Ward & Co., Wm. & John O. Brien, Weston

& Gray, McIlvaine Bro's, Washington Murray, Esq

New York.

Eastern Bankers.**Burnett, Drake & Co.,****BANKERS,****BOSTON.**

GOLD, STOCK, AND BOND BROKERS.

Personal attention given to the purchase and sale of

Stocks and Bonds at the Boston Brokers' Board.

Page, Richardson & Co.,

114 STATE STREET, BOSTON,

BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON**AND****JOHN MUNROE & CO., PARIS.**

ALSO ISSUE

COMMERCIAL CREDITS for the purchase of Merchandise in England and the Continent.

TRAVELLERS' CREDITS for the use of Travellers abroad.

Dupee, Beck & Sayles,**STOCK BROKERS,**

No. 22 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

Southern Bankers.

A. G. CATTELL, Pres't. } Capital,

A. WHILLDIN, V. Pres't. } \$500,000

The Corn Exchange**NATIONAL BANK,**

PHILADELPHIA.

Attends to business of Banks & Bankers

on liberal terms.

J. W. TORREY, Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,**OF RICHMOND, VA.,**

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the

Government.

Collections made in this city and all accessible

points in the South.

H. G. FANT, President.

S. A. GLOVER, Cashier.

Western Bankers.**GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,**

108 & 110 West Fourth Street,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER, UNCURRENT BANK

NOTES, and all kinds of GOVERNMENT BONDS,

COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible points

and remitted for on day of payment.

Checks on UNION BANK OF LONDON for sale

Insurance.

Marine & Fire Insurance.

METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO.,
NO. 108 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Cash Capital.....\$1,000,000
Assets Nov. 1, 1865, over.....1,500,000

This Company insures at customary rates of premium against all Marine and Inland Navigation Risks on Cargo or Freight; also against loss or damage by Fire.

If Premiums are paid in Gold, Losses will be paid in Gold.

The Assured receive twenty-five per cent of the net profits, without incurring any liability, or, in lieu thereof, at their option, a liberal discount upon the premium.

All losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Scrip Dividend declared Jan. 10, 1885, FIFTY PER CENT.

JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, President,
ROBERT M. C. GRAHAM, Vice President,
JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, JR., 2d V. P.
HENRY H. FORTER, Secretary.

The Mercantile Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE No. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Assets, Jan. 1st, 1886.....\$1,366,690

ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.

The Company has paid to its Customers, up to the present time, Losses amounting to over

EIGHTEEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

For the past nine years the cash dividends paid to Stockholders, made from ONE-THIRD of the net profits, have amounted in the aggregate to;

One Hundred and Twenty-one and a half per cent.

Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all classes of risks are equally profitable, this Company will hereafter make such cash abatement or discount from the current rates, when premiums are paid, as the general experience of underwriters will warrant, and the net profits remaining at the close of the year, will be divided to the stockholders.

This Company continues to make Insurance on Marine and Inland Navigation and Transportation Risks, on the most favorable terms, including Risks on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight.

Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or Currency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling, at the Office of Rathbone, Bros. & Co., in Liverpool.

TRUSTEES.

Joseph Walker, Aaron L. Reid,
James Freeland, Ellwood Walter,
Samuel Willets, D. Colden Murray,
Robert L. Taylor, E. Haydock White,
William T. Frost, N. L. McCready,
William Watt, Daniel T. Willets,
Henry Eyre, L. Edgerton,
Cornelius Grinnell, Henry R. Kunhardt,
E. E. Morgan, John S. Williams,
Her. A. Schleicher, William Nelson, Jr.,
Joseph Slagg, Charles Dimou,
Jas. D. Fish, A. William Heye,
Geo. W. Hennings, Harold Dollner,
Francis Hathaway, Paul N. Spofford,
ELLWOOD WALTER, President,
CLAS. NEWCOMB, Vice-Prest.
C. J. DERNARD, Secretary.

Pacific Mutual Insurance

COMPANY,

(TRINITY BUILDING.)

111 BROADWAY.

Assets, Jan. 1st, 1886.....\$1,164,380

DIVIDEND TWENTY PER CENT.

This Company insures against MARINE and INLAND NAVIGATION Risks, on cargo and freight.

No time risks or risks upon hulls of vessels are taken.

The profits of the Company ascertained from January 10, 1885, to January 1, 1886, for which certificates were issued amount to.....\$1,707,810

Additional profits from January 1, 1885, to January 1, 1886.....189,094

Total profit for eleven years.....\$1,896,334
The certificates previous to 1883 have been redeemed in cash.....\$1,107,94

NEW YORK, Feb. 20, 1886

ALFRED EDWARD, President.
WM. LEOONEY, Vice-President.
THOMAS HALE, Secretary.

Insurance.

Sun Mutual Insurance

COMPANY.

(INSURANCE BUILDINGS.)

40 WALL STREET.

ASSETS, Dec. 31, 1885 - - \$2,716,424 32

DIVIDEND THIRTY PER CENT.

This Company insures against Marine Risks on Vessels, Freight, and Cargo; also, against Inland Navigation Risks.

Premiums paid in gold will be entitled to a return premium in gold.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, Pres't.

EDWARD P. ANTHONY, Vice-Pres't

ISAAC H. WALKER, Sec'y.

H O P E

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, NO. 92 BROADWAY.

Cash Capital - - - - - \$200,000 00
Assets, March 9, 1886 - - 252,559 22
Total Liabilities - - - - - 26,850 00
Losses Paid 1. 1885 - - - 201,588 14

This Company insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on as favorable terms as any other responsible Company.

ONLY FIRST CLASS RISKS SOLICITED.

Board of Directors:

HENRY M. TABER, THOS. P. CUMMINGS,
JOSEPH FOULKE, ROBERT SCHELL,
STEP. CAMBRELENG, WILLIAM H. TERRY,
THEODORE W. RILEY, FRED. SCHUCHARDT,
JACOB REESE, JOSEPH CRAFTON,
JNO. W. MERSEREAU, L. B. WARD,
D. LYDIG SUIDAM, JOSEPH BRITTON,
WILLIAM REMSEN, AMOS ROBBINS,
HENRY S. LEVERICH.

JACOB REESE, President.

CHAS. D. HARTSHORNE, Secretary.

Niagara Fire Insurance

COMPANY.

NO. 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1885.....270,353

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1860. Cash Dividends paid in 15 years, 253 per cent.

JONATHAN D. STEELE, President.

P. NOTMAN, Secretary.

ÆTNA Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....\$3,000,000

LUCIUS J. HENDEE, President.

J. GOODNOW, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

JOSEPH CHURCH, DRAYTON HILLIER,
ROBERT BUELE, THOS. A. ALEXANDER,
ERENKKE FLOWER, WALTER KENNY,
ELIPHALET A. BULKELEY, CHAS. H. BRAINARD,
ROLAND MATHER, WILLIAM F. TUTTLE,
SAMUEL S. WARD, GEORGE ROBERTS,
AUSTIN DUNHAM, THOMAS K. BRACE,
GUSTAVUS F. DAVIS, ERASTUS COLLINS,
EDWIN D. MORGAN, of New York.

Assets, Jan. 1, 1886.....\$4,067,455 60
Liabilities.....244,391 48

NEW YORK AGENCY,

No. 62 Wall Street.

JAMES A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

Hanover Fire Insurance

COMPANY,

No. 45 WALL STREET.

JANUARY 1st 1886.

Cash capital.....\$400,000 00
Surplus.....156,803 98

Gross Assets.....\$556,803 98
Total Liabilities.....24,560 00

DORAS L. STONE,

President.

BREX. S. WALCOTT, Secretary.

Insurance.

GERMANIA FIRE INS. Co.,

NO. 175 BROADWAY, N.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$500,000 0

SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1886.....205,989 83

TOTAL ASSETS.....\$705,989 83

RUDELPH GARRIGUE, President.

JOHN E. KAHL, Secretary.

The Mutual Life Insu-

RANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

CASH ASSETS, Sept. 1st, 1885, over \$13,500,000 00

FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.

R. A. MCCURDY, Vice-President.

Secretaries: ISAAC ABBATT,
THEO. W. MORRIS,
Actuary, SHEPPARD HOWANS.

Miscellaneous.

J. A. BOSTWICK,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

IN

Cotton, Produce and Provisions,
40 and 42 BROADWAY AND 53 NEW ST., N. Y.
Reference,

TILFORD & BODLEY, Bankers, N. Y.

DOUBLEDAY & DWIGHT,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Umbrellas & Parasols,

49 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK.

Pecora White Lead, Zinc and Color Company.

150 North 4th Street,

Philadelphia.

SMITH BOWEN, Sec'y.

PECORA COLORS, CAUTION,

R. BROWN, INDIAN All persons are forbidden to trade in PECORA PAINT unless the name of the agent is on the package.
RED, YELLOW S. Bowen, Agent,
UMBER AND BLACK. 150 N. 4th St., Phil.

This Company's WHITE LEAD is the whitest and most durable Lead known. The Colors are the BEST PAINT known for HOUSES, BRIDGES, RAILROAD CARS, IRON FRONTS, TIN ROOFS, and DAMP WALLS. Pecora Dark costs $\frac{1}{2}$ that of Lead and wears longer than Lead.

This Company's ZINC is equal to "FRENCH," at a COST OF 25 PER CENT. LESS. The ENAMEL CHINA GLOSS made by this Company produces a surface similar to French China, requiring only a damp cloth to remove soil, and will wear for years.

Best No. 1 Furniture & Carriage Varnishes.

Varnish Drying Japan.

Metallic Paints.

White Lead.

Tube and Artists Paints.

Proprietors of the

American Filler.

PECORA WHITE LEAD, ZINC, AND COLOR COMPANY.

SMITH BOWEN, Secretary,

150 North 4th St.,

PHILADELPHIA.

